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SENATOR COKE

cives His Views on the Matters to Come Before Congress.

R STANDS SOLIDLY TO SILVER

od Does Not Think the Sherman Law Should Be Repealed.

PARIFF REVISION SHOULDN'T BE DELAYED

the Failure to Carry Out the Pledge of the Party on This Line, as on the Financial, Will End Disastrously.

New York, July 21 .- Replying to cer an questions regarding the Sherman law and the extra session of congress propounded by The World to Hon. Richard Coke, r from Texas, that gentleman under the of Waco, Texas, July 17th, has writ-

The Tariff Must Be Revised.

"In my judgment much of the depressio sults from the fact that people have at pheral elections, when the subject was the borbing one of the canvass, demanded a thorough and radical reform of the tariff, leaving manufacturers, producers of ma-terial and consumers alike, in a condition of expectancy of this reform at the earliest hle day. All industries of the coun under this condition are carried on a hand-to-mouth way, simply meeting mmediate and pressing requirements, pro-lacing very largely the stagnation of trade rhich now exists, hence, I believe that the tariff question should be taken at the liest possible moment, and dealt with es expeditiously as it is practicable, and the reform demanded by the people thoraghly made. I think the highest duties of congress, when it meets, is to commence at once and perfect this work. I can see reason why a tariff bill and all the meial legislation needed, may not comence and progress together as soon as gress meets. Failure to take up the pariff question at the extra session of congress would, in my judgment, have an ex-ceedingly bad influence on the country, especially on the democratic party. For congress to be called together and do nothing with the tariff, upon which the people have repeatedly spoken with no uncertain ound, would leave an extremely bad im-pression of the good faith of the democratic party in the promises made in its plat-

There Must Be Substitute Legislation "Now, about the financial question. I do not believe that a simple repeal of the Sherman law will give relief. If we can get free and unlimited coinage of silver I elieve the linancial question will be set-ded permanently, and, in my judgment, it never will be until that result is reached. owever, that is not practicable, but as the unconditional repeal of the Sherman

tion of silver—sure to follow, in my ion—and being unalterably opposed to result, I can see no relief in doing away with it, unless it is replaced by some act which shall fully and unequivocally recognize the determination of the country to adhere to a bimetallic currency. The man act repealed, the Bland act, under which not less than 2,000,000 nor more than 4,000,000 standard silver dollars coined monthly, should be revived. To repeal the Sherman act without enacting something at least as good as the Bland ould leave no other conclusion but doned the promises of the democratic plat-form and determined to place itself upon e single go.d standard. To avoid any nger of this, I cannot support any act repealing the Sherman law which does not

ody the substitute referred to, so that an the Sherman bill goes out of effect substitute shall take effect at once. i ledges should be Redeemed. To sum up, I believe that as soon as the two houses of congress are organized they should go to work to redeem the prom-ies of the platform with respect to the es-tablishment of a metallic currency, exhat the free coinage of silver on the same Pane with gold would be the proper mode of doing this, feeling satisfied that an act or this purpose could be buttressed and rded so as to produce and maintain a urity between gold and silver coin, and the same time to go vigorously to work a tariff bill which shall redeem in good ith the pledges of the democratic party the country in the vital matter of the tion of taxation. Neither one of issues can be postponed, the latter no nore than the former. I, therefore, can-

NEWS AND GOSSIP OF WASHINGTON.

meet and adjourn, after taking action

on the financial question, leaving the triff for further legislation."

hen the Leaders Will Gather Together

Will Mr. Quincy Resign? ington, July 21 .- August 1st is ically decided upon for the assembling Washington of the leaders of the nex house and also the return of the majority of the cabinet. The president, it is thought, will reach here not later than August 3d. peaker Crisp says he expects to be in shington August 1st. The members the cabinet are all expected here by tost 1st. Secretary Herbert, who is ow on a tour inspecting the navy yards, ataken a new house which will be ready mst 15th. Secretary Morton will make western trip before the 1st of the h. Postmaster General Bissell expects main in Buffalo until August 1st, and fore the end of the month, he will take up his permanent quarters until time. Secretary Carlisle will be the member of the cabinet to remain until

Will Mr. Quincy Resign?

report is revived that Mr. Josiah is about to resign his office as first at secretary of state. Mr. Quincy his summer home in Martha's where he has been for about ten and in his absence it is not possible sture here any authoritative statement subject. It was a matter of com-mderstanding, however, when Mr. assumed his effice that he should the the distribution of the patronage tate department, so far as it re-the consular service, and also in

an advisory way so far as the diplomatic officers were concerned. This was to meet the stipulation made by Secretary Gresham when he took his office that he should be relieved of these vexations matters. It was further understood that whee Mr. Quincy had reorganized the service in accordance match the programme ideas have cordance with the president's ideas he should relinquish his office. Mr. Quincy has managed to keep in close touch with Massachusetts politics and has his eye upon the governorship. Should he, how-ever, find the chances against his getting the nomination it is said he will accept a foreign mission, probably one of those soon to be raised to the rank of an em-bassy.

Mr. Thacher and His Financial Policy. Mr. Thatcher, of Colorado, who is re ported by Denver telegrams to have furnished President Cleveland and Secretary Carlisle with a comprehensive financial policy, including the free coinage of silver and the retirement of the one and two-dollar paper currency of the United States, is only recalled here as an applicant for office, who had a brief interview some weeks ago with Secretary Carlisle on the subject of his office-seeking aspirations, but on no other topic. Secretary Gresham when shown the dispatch, made no effort to control his risibilities, and after indulging in a very hearty laugh, insisted that the story was not worth any other answer. Secretary Carlisle says he does not know the gentle-

Commissioner Seymour, of the patent of-fice, today rendered a decision in the disbarment proceedings of Church & Church against Foster & Freeman, attorneys for the Bell Telephone Company and William

E. Simonds, late commissioner of patents.

Mr. Seymour finds that Foster & Freeman are not guilty of any wrongdoing as charged, and as to ex-Commissioner Simonds, he finds that what he did was within his discretion as commissioner and the talk of the copies of the Drawbaugh application, especially as he had the consent of Secretary Noble to do so, was not, under the rules of office, a matter of which he could be comizant. The complaint, therefore, against

The Low Price of Silver Notwithstanding the fact that congress is to meet within seventeen days and perhaps enact some silver legislation when repealing the Sherman law, the price of silver bullion continues to decline. Less than two years ago, when the Sherman law was enacted, silver was selling above 120 an ounce. Today the treasury department purchased 300,000 ounces at 70, the lowest price it has yet reached, and the prospects seem to

indicate a greater decline yet. Tom McIntyre and Ham. Colonel Tom McIntyre, of Thomasville, s here on legal business. He is also putting in an oar for Thomasville, which he wants made a port of delivery on account of the

large and increasing cigar manufacturing business there. The inimitable H. W. J. Ham, of Georgia is here arranging for a lecture on "What I Would Do if I Were Cleveland." to be delivered just after congress meets. Ham is known as well here as he is in Georgia and, of course, the lecture will take.

Georgia Postmusters and Cadets. The following postmasters were appointed for Georgia today: J. T. Young, Ashley, Wilcox county; A. N. Barrett, Barretts-ville, Dawson county; D. T. Quillian,

Land, Hall county.

Colonel Ben Russell has appointed F. L. Sheffield as a cadet to the Annapolis naval academy. Judge Henry G. Turner has appointed Mr. W. H. Reynolds to a similar

Fleased with the Exposition. Secretary Carlisle, accompanied by his family, returned to Washington this evening, after an absence of three w at the world's fiar. The secretary was much pleased with the exposition.

GROVER'S ROD AND REEL

Continues to Play Havoc in Buzzard's Bay

Affairs at Gray Gables. Buzzard's Bay, Mass., July 21.—President Cleveland has a splendid reputation as a fisherman. The local salts hereabouts say he is very successful with the rod and reel, for this he uses in preference to the ordinary line, as the sport is more excit

ordinary line, as the sport is more exciing.

Today, in company with Colonel Lamont
and Dr. Bryant, the president left Gray
Gables early for the fishing grounds. His
boat was the last to leave the bay and it
was late before the party arrived home.

Attorney General Olney called at Gray
Gables this afternoon while en route from
Boston to his summer home in Fallmouth.
The president, not knowing of his intended
visit, and being down the bay, Mr. Olney,
after a few hours' chat with Mrs. Cleveland, was obliged to leave without seeing
him.

IS IT NEWSPAPER TALKP

Leading Democrats of Massachusetts Say They Know Nothing of that Conference. Boston, Mass., July 21 .- A number of democrats high in the counsels of the party were seen today in relation to the reported conference which was said to have resulted in the selection of Mayor Matthews, of Boston, as a candidate for governor and John B. Carroll, of Springfield, for lieutenant governor. They denied any knowledge of such a conference and stated that all they knew of it was what they had read in the papers.

ANOTHER RECORD-SMASHING TRIP.

The Paris Makes a Fast Trip from South ampton to Fire Island.

New York, July 21.-The American lin steamship Paris has added another record-smashing voyage to her long list of triumphs smashing voyage to her long list of trumphas in the ocean. She was reported off Fire island at 4:23 o'clock this afternoon, having made the run from Southampton in six days, nine hours and thirty minutes.

This, allowing for the difference between Fire island and Sandy Hook is nearly two hours better than the run made by the Hamburg liner Furst Bismarck in April, 1892.

This latest victory of the Paris was made over what is known as the short course and her time was much faster than on her great record trip of five days and fourteen hours and twenty-four minutes, made in October, 1892, from Queenstown, and which still remains the record from that record.

Tahlequah, I. T., July 21.—Word has just been received here that Bud Smith, Charles Plotner and "Shorty" Wilson, pals of the norious Henry Starr, were captured at a point torious Henry Starr, were captured at a point near Cherokee City jast night. About \$2,500 near Cherokee was found on the persons of in greenbacks was found on the persons of

Plattsburg, N. Y. July 21.-Dr. Zai leveture at the Catholic summer school is was a startling one. He desied the unitality of the mood and presented many

DOUBLE MURDER

The Details of Which Are Indeed Most Atrocious.

WITH HIS BABY IN HIS

A Young Father Is Instantly Killed. His Brother Meets the Same Fate.

THE CRIME RECORD OF A DAY.

End of a Sensational Trial in California Both Combatants in a Mexican Duel Killed-Trouble at Weir City.

Metropolis, Ill., July 21.-The mos shocking double murder that ever occurred in this section, took place in this city this evening, when Richard Shoemaker killed Richard Lukens, Jr., and George Lukens, seriously wounded their father Richard, and then suicided by sending a bullet into his own body.

All the parties were men of high social standing in this city and were well known throughout southern Illinois and in Ken tucky.

Richard Lukens, Jr., married Shoemak er's stepdaughter, Miss Lillian Jones some three years ago. Shoemaker was Miss Jones's guardian, and upon her mar riage he was called on for an accounting. Seemingly he had run through with a large sum left her by her father. Suits were brought in the courts and a bitter feeling resulted. Recently a piece of property be longing to Mrs. Lukens was sold by Shoe

This evening Shoemaker, armed with two large revolvers, walked to the gate of Richard Lukens, Jr., and finding the two young men standing in the yard, opened fire, shooting George in the right temple, and then sending a bullet through Richard's heart as he was holding his baby in his arms. Shoemaker then entered the yard and fired shot after shot into the quivering bodies.

Richard Lukens, Sr., hearing the shots hastened to the scene, only to be met by the murderer, who opened fire on him, shooting him in the thigh.

By this time a crowd was gathering and Shoemaker ran a couple of squares, and then, sitting down, sent a bullet into his abdomen and was dead in a few minutes. Shoemaker was about forty years of age. and leaves a wife and two children. The Lukens boys were aged about twentyeight and thirty. Both had wives and each one child.

Shoemaker had been preparing himself all day and this afternoon showed a tumber of cartridges to a friend, asking in a nonchalant manner if they would kill

TROUBLE IS ANTICIPATED. The Indications Are That Today Will See

the Crisis at Weir City.

Weir City, Kans., July 21.—No violent outbreak has occurred today, but it is looked for

At an early hour this morning a large meeting was held in Baker's hall. Noah Allen, exing was held in Baker's hall. Noah Allen, ex-assistant attorney general, populist, was present and addressed the strikers at some present and addressed the strikers at some length, deprecating violence. Another large meeting of the strikers was held in the old school building, but its result is not known. None of the strip pits are at work today, but some of Clemmens's men went back to the pit and got the remains of the property left there.

pit and got the remains of the property left there.

This afternoon a crowd gathered and started to shafts No. 17 and 18, with the intention of driving out the men guarding those properties. After hanging around the mines for some time the crowd gradually dispersed, the mob astrikers consisting chiefly of French and Bel gians, women as well as men. The men at the shafts were all armed and determined and a conflict there would have been a bloody one. Sheriff Arnold was on the scene today and assisted in dispersing the mob.

The women are being constantly stirred up by the men to take the leading part in the violence on the supposition that they will not be fired on. The sheriff has agreed to place a large force of deputies to guard the Kansas and Texas shafts tomorrow. The feeling among the strikers is very bitter, but although they are repeating their threats to burn the residence of the Kansas and Texas depot, they have done nothing of the sort yet. It is reported that a force of special deputy United States marshals will be here tomorrow, called here by the non-resident companies. It is reported also that Walters and other leaders of the strikers will be here to take personal control of the strike. Trouble is anticipated.

THREW HER BODY IN THE CREEK.

A Sixteen Year Old Girl Assaulted and Mur

Dallas, Tex., July 21.—Miss Frankle Jehnke, sixteen years old, was assaulted, murdered and her body thrown into the creek near Ennis Wednesday night. Suspicion was directed toward Edward House,

picion was directed toward Edward House, a negro employed on the same farm. House became alarmed and fled.

Hounds were put on his track at noon yesterday. In a few hours he was run down and captured in the brush. A mob of several hundred men gathered to lynch him, but the officers succeeded in ratios. nim, but the officers succeeded in getting the negro on the train and the supposition is that they will place him in some west-ern jail for safe keeping and thereby avoid another cremation.

SHOT HIM IN THE HEAD,

But He Will Most Likely Be Hung If the Mob Get Him. Huntington, W. Va., July 21 .- Thoma Holley, thirty years of age, met Miss Americus Messinger on the Ohio River railroad track near Cox's landing last evening and

track near Cox's landing last evening and committed a criminal assault.

A constable named Brown, hearing her cries, ran to her, when Holley jumped into a skiff and went to the Ohio side of the

He was pursued by officers and shot in the head before caught. He was jalled here at 1 o'clock this morning. The crowd that had collected about the scene of the crime wanted to lynch Holley. Miss Messinger is but fourteen years of age.

DOES IT MEAN A DUELP

Have Had, and Its Result.

abla, S. C., July 21.—(Special.)—Meager

mes from Laurens concerning a fight

have taken place about six miles

hav

The report is that J. D. Shaw, a companion of the senator's, sent for Shell to come to his housean the country, saying that he was in trouble and wanted Shell as an old friend In trouble and wanted Shell as an old friend to help him. After Shell arrived there, Irby came up, inquired who was there, and, on being told that Shell was there, went in after Aim. Irby found him and asked him if he endorsed the "Craddock" letter written several weeks ago to The Augusta Chronicle on which Adjutant Geneal Parley based his recent attack on Irby.

Shell replied that he did in part, whereupon Irby attempted to assault him, but was met by a blow from Shell. The two men were then parted.

then parted.

It is impossible to say whether these are the real details of the affair, as accurate news is not obtainable. There is every reason, at least, to believe that there will, within the next few days, be some sensational developments, in which Senator Irby will be one of the principals.

THERE WAS NO VERDICT.

Though the People of Fresno Have Awaited One Most Anxiously.

One Most Antiously.

Fresco, Cal., July 21.—For two days there has been intense excitement here while the people awaited the verdict in the case of Richard Heath, charged with the murder of Louis B. McWhiter. The jury has been out since yesterday morning and late this afternoon was discharged, as no verdict could be found. The jury stood ten for murder in the first degree, one for murder in the second degree and one for acquittal.

The crime for which Heath was tried was most sensational.

Louis McWhiter, a prominent lawyer and politician of Fresno, was called into his own yard one night last August and shot. McWhiter's friends claimed he had been murdered for political reasons, while others said it was suicide. His life was insured for \$50,000 and the Insurance companies refused to pay the policies on the ground that he had committed suicide.

For many mouths no progress was made in unravelling the mystery, until last April, when Richard Heath, son of the late General Heath's family is very prominent in the state, but the young man had been of dissolute habits.

A COMMISSION MAN IN TROUBLE.

Prominent Young Business Man of Birmingham Is Under Arrest. Birmingham, Ala., July 21 .- (Special.)-W. lodged in jail here on some six or seven atfldavits filed by as many people living in

various parts of the country.

He is charged with embezzlement. The amount of his shortage is not known.

He has been in business about seven years and did an apparently prosperous business and was looked upon as one of the most en ergetic and capable young business men of the city. It is claimed that he received consignments of goods from various Shippers over the country and in return drew checks on the bank, not having the cash to meet

the same.

He is connected with some of the best families in the state. He is single and has always been looked upon as a very economical and saving man, and what he has done with his money is a mystery.

THEY MAY ESCAPE.

The Condemned Choctaws Seem to Have Chance for Their Lives.

Chance for Their Lives.

Paris, Tex., July 21.—The nine condemned Choctaws will hardly be shot on August 4th. Not because the interior department will save them, nor is it because their enemies relent, but Iv reason of a legal point that the 1. In events have availed in their favor.

When the department intervened in their behalf they had been tried, convicted and sentenced and the court had adjourned until their next regular term. The executive has no power under their laws to "grant reprieves." S. W. Holson, the trial judge, made an order extending the date to August 4th.

trial judge, made an order extending the date to August 4th.

In his letter Governor Jones states: "There is no law authorizing any such action on the part of the judge. This course will leave a very grave question open and will afford the parties an opportunity to escape."

BOTH WERE KILLED.

A Duel in Mexico that was a Very Reel Affair.

Victoria, Mex., July 21 .- A duel that replace on the outskirts of this city yesterday. Francisco Vallareal, a prominent young law student, and Juan Ragel, a young business man, became involved in a quarrel over a young lady and they engaged in a duel to satisfy their wounded honor. Ragel used a knife and Vallareal a

Vallareal was stabbed three times, but as he fell he fired a bullet into the body of Ragel. Both men lived but a short time.

HAS HYAMS BEEN AT IT AGAINP

The Johnson City Truth Teller Seems Have Changed His Headquarters.

Richmond, Va., July 21 .- There is no truth Richmond, Va., July 21.—There is no truth whatever in the Pikeville, Ky., story that "a bloody battle" was fought in Wise county, Virginia, last Wednesday, in which four members of the state troops, alleged to have been ordered out by the governor, were killed and six finortally wounded.

There has been no fight until Monday last, when a sheriff's posse from Wise county came across Cal and Hiram Fleming, alleged accomplices in the murder of the Mullins family, for which "Doc" Taylor has been sentenced to death. Several shots were exchanged, but no one was killed. The outlaws made good their escape and are now said to

FILLED UP ON MEAN WHISKY,

and His Partner Stopped His Career With a Revolver.

Nashville, Tenn., July 21 .- (Special.)-John Miller filled up on whisky near Lynn-ville yesterday and renewed an old difficulty with Cicero Parker. They were relatives and partners in the lumber business but when Miller advanced on Parker with an open knife he was stopped by five pis-tol balls and instantly killed.

THE WHEEL EXPLODED

Killing the Engineer and Tearing Up the

Killing the Engineer and Tearing Up the Building—A Peculiar Accident.

Memphis, Tenn., July 21.—The great driving wheel of the Memphis electric power today exploded into hundreds of pieces, tearing up the building and killing Engineer Pat McDermott instaatly. The wheel was four feet across, fifteen feet in diamater and weighed 2,700 pounds. It became wild from some unknown cause, revolving at an incredible rate, and before it could be stopped the explosion resulted from centridugal force. Tunnel Caved In

Bristol, Tenn., July 21.—(Special.)—The double tunnel on the Lousville and Nashville railroad near Bigstone Gap, Va., caved in comepletely this afternoon. The tunnel is 600 feet long and is estimated that it will require a week to clear it. All travel for the W. & T. va the Clinch valley division of the Norfolk and Western is intercepted.

Thrown from a Wagon and Killed.
Waycross, Ga., July 21.—(Special.)—Charley
McVelgh, a turpentine operator living four
miles from Waynesville, Ga., was thrown
from a wagon during a runaway Wednesday
afternoon and received fatal injuries, from
which he died, after eighteen hours suffering.
Mr. McVeigh got entangled in the harness by
falling from the wagon, the mules became
frightened and ran away, dragging him
several hundred yards under the wheels. The
body, accompanied by his relatives, passed
through this city this morning. The intermatters are sufficiently the second of the secon

THE SITUATION,

As It Is Viewed in Banking Circles and at Washington.

CONFIDENCE RESTORED AT DENVER Banks and Business Houses Feeling

the Benefit of the Reaction. THE DAY AT THE TREASURY DEPARTMENT

mercial at Milwaukee Joins the List of Suspensions.

New York, July 21 .- A tour of the banks and principal brokers' offices in Wall street today showed that the bankers are waiting and watching the final developments all over the country.

Special attention is being paid to St. Louis, Cincinnati, and New England. The western national banks shipped \$25,000 to Chicago and it is said that the Fourth Nat.onal sent about \$100,000 to St. Louis, Cincinnati and Chicago; the Chemical bank almost as large an amount to western points, and there are rumors, unconfirmed at the present writing of other currency shipments. The inflow of currency to see eral banks thus far today aggregated about \$70,000. A number of banks are changing from an eighth to one per cent on check collections on Philadelphia banks, owing o slowness in remitting on the part of the latter. Two banks gave notice of a possible need of long certificates before the day was over, and, if called for, the clearing ouse loan committee will issue them. No

tice has been g.ven of a proposed retirement of \$150,000 certificates next week. Leading and conservative bank presidents are inclined to regard the situation generare inchned to regard the situation generally speaking as a little better than it was a week ago. A leading banker of Fan River who was in the street this morning, said that while the mills in his town were turning out far less goods than they were six months ago, he did not believe many of them would shut down. One of the largest New York banks has been handling nearly all the bills of lading, drafts, etc., on cotton for Fall, River, and the vice president of this bank said today that, judging from this source, there has been great faming on of purchases in the last month or two in this respect.

The subtreasury paid out \$200,000 pressure as week ago.

subtreasury paid out \$200,000 m

REGAINING CONFIDENCE.

Hard Times Expected in Denver Until Con gress Meets-No More Suspensions.

Denver, Col., July 21.-Confidence in the Denver banks and commercial houses is being restored in the east and at home with early the same rapidity that our people attempted their destruction for the first three days of this week. There have been no suspensions of magnitude for three days and no more are expected. The banking houses have determined that they will push no creditor, nor serve any attachments upon hose who show an honest disposition toward

settling.
Times will probably be hard here until congress meets and it is predicted that if silver then receives fair treatment it will not take long to place Denver and Colorado far in advance of where they were when

this trouble came.
President Moffatt, of the First National bank, has received a telegram from one of the banks of New York, offering assistance if needed. Mr. Moffatt replied with thanks, that he had r Other houses have had offers. It is under stood that the German and State Nationals have received large sums of money and will be ready to open their doors again within a very short time.

Comptroller Eckels's telegram to Bank

Examiner Adams was opportune and did untold good. Mr. Adams is of the opinion that all the closed banks can settle in full and have a balance left. It will be some days, however, before he can prepare his

statement.
The commercial houses that went down The commercial houses that went down with the banks are in equally good condition. The Hallack-Sayre-Newton Lumber Company, which assigned Wednesday with assets of \$600,000, resumed business today. The Flanders Dry Goods Company, which closed for \$200,000, will open their doors today. Many others will follow shortly. The merchants and bankers today issued a card to the public, in which they declare their faith in Colorado's future and that the present trouble is but temporary. They

the present trouble is but temporary. They regret the violent utterances recently made by excited individuals and declare that these do not represent the people of this city or state. They conclude by declaring for the free coinage of silver and ask all members of congress to aid them in securing this at the coming extra session.

AT THE TREASURY DEPARTMENT.

Mr. Eckles of the Opinion That the Worst Is Over-California Banks Open.

Washington, July 21 .- Secretary Carlisle will not be at the treasury department until tomorrow morning. Mr. Eckels, the comp-troller of the currency, is still of the opinion that the worst is over and the failures of a majority of the national banks are solven and represent nothing more serious than at temporary inability to pay unusual sums of money at could have been provided had panic-stricken stockholders given reasonable notice.

The day was opened propitiously by in-structions to two California banks—the First of San Bernardino and the First of Santa Anna-to reopen their doors for business. These banks have complied with the requirements of the law and are reported by the bank examiner to be in satisfactory by the bank examiner to be in satisfactory condition with unimpaired capital. The comptroller also received notice that the Second National bank, of Ashland, Ky., which closed its doors June 27th, reopened for business on July 19th, having complied with the requirements of the law. On the opening day, deposits amounting to \$4.874 and withdrawals to \$2.500 were made.

The countroller today appointed J. P. and withdrawals to \$2,500 were made. The comptroller today appointed J. P. Hopkins, of Kensington, Ill., receiver of the Chemical National bank, of Chicago. Reports received from nearly all the national banks in New York city show them

tional banks in New York city show them to be in excellent condition, notwithstanding the great demands that have been made on them. A statement of the condition of the Brooklyn national banks, on July 12th, showed their standing at the close of business on that day, that their reserve amounted to 27.01 per cent and resources \$17,587,573. Twenty-five per cent is considered an excellent showing.

The comptroller of the currency has been informed that the Farmers' National bank, of Henrietta. Tex.. has failed.

The comptroller has ordered a dividend of 20 per cent in favor of the creditors of the Evansion National bank, of Evansion III.

The checks of the payment of the dividend will be distributed on or about August 1st by the receiver of the Bank of Evanston. DON'T GROW EXCITED.

Comptroller Eckies Telegraphs an Oregon Editor, Explaining His Recent Statement. Portland, Ore., July 21.-In response to a telegraphic query from the editor of The Pacific Banker and Investor, of this city, the following was received from Comptroller Eckles today:

"I am in receipt of your telegram of yesterday. At New York I said: 'Disasters have fallen upon speculative institutions in the boom states of Washington, California, *Colorado, Kansas and Missouri, which have injured themselves.' I do not see that any explanation of that language is nec-essary. There is no reflection upon the state as a state, or upon any institution or city where speculation is rife. There is no one but that believes that the great ma-jority of the financial institutions of the states naved are absolutely solvent. On have fallen upon speculative institutions in states named are absolutely solvent. On the other hand no one will deny that in recent years speculation has been cirried on in certain localities west to a degree not warranted by the growth in population. It is just as well to be philosophical and state honestly the cause of the present depression and not grow excited without having reasons therefor."

IN DOUBLE EAGLES

The Subtreasury Paid the Clearing House and the Bankers Are Kicking. New York, July 21 .- Bank president

reported today that the situation was fairly easy for some shipments of currency to St. Louis, Denver and Kansas City. to St. Louis, Denver and Kansas City. The subtreasury was debtor at the clearing house today \$1,390,000 and it paid \$1,375,000 of that in gold, all in double eagles. In addition to that some of the debtor banks paid their balances in gold, so the more than \$1,700,000 in gold had to be distributed by the clearing house among the creditor banks.

There is considerable dissatisfaction among the banks at the subtreasury in this

among the banks at the subtreasury in this city. One prominent bank president, speaking the views of several of them on this subject, said:

"I do not know what is the object of

ing the views of several of them on this subject, said:

"I do not know what is the object of this obstructive policy of the treasury officials, but whatever it is, it is an exceedingly inconvenient one. Why the treasury in the conduct of their business with the banks should make it as inconvenient as possible to the banks is to me incomprehensible. If the government must pay out gold to the banks, why cannot they pay out five-dollar and two-and-a-half-dollar pleess, of which they have plenty, instead of double eagles, which we cannot use. The gold coin of the smaller denominations we could use in making up cash for pay rolls, but we cannot use the twenty-dollar gold pieces for that purpose, and they are, therefore, practically not available for every day ordinary use. I do no know what action the banks will take in this matter, but I think they will probably present a very strong protest to the secretary of the treasury acainst a continuance of the practice complained of. We do not know whether Assistant Treasurer Jordan is simply obeying the instructions of his supernor officer, the United States treasurer, in this matter, or is carrying out a policy of his own, but whichever it is, it is exceedingly all-judges."

The Inge balance due the clearing house today by the subtreasury was mainly caused by the payment for gold delivered to the assay office yesterday. The payment for pensions, too, at this time of the year, are always unusually heavy.

THE TREASURY THEORY

THE TREASURY THEORY

Of the Price of Silver Upon Which the Purchases of the Metal Are Based. New York, July 21.-The Post's Washington correspondent says: So much criticism has been passed upon the policy of the

reasury in determining the price which it would pay for silver bullion and the question has been raised in so many quarters whether the London market or the New York market should be used as a basis, that it was suggested today to Mr. Preston, acting director of the mint, the wisdom of explaining clearly to the public the theory applaining clearly to the public the interpretation which the treasury is proceeding in

upon which the treasury is proceeding in this matter,
"I claim," said Mr. Preston, "that in ascertaining what is the 'market price' of silver in accordance with the law, the price of silver in the London market must necessity the telescopies.

certaining what is the 'market price' of silver in accordance with the law, the price of silver in the London market must necessarily be taken into account. It is the price of silver the world over. The London rate has regulated it all through this country and regulates it now. The London rate has regulated it all through this country and regulates it now. The London rate controlled the commercial value of silver even when the mints of Latin unions were open to the unrestricted coinage of silver act the ratio of 15 1-2 to 1. The French ratio of 1 to 15 1-2 was a fixed point about which the price of silver moved. The London price fixed the relative value of silver and gold in the commercial world, but the commercial value could never vary very didely from the coinage value as long as the mints of the Latin union stood ready to transform gold and silver into coin at the ratio of 1 to 15 1-2."

"Had the French coinage ratio any effect after the closing of the mints of the Latin union to the unrestricted coinage of silver?"

"No: from that time it ceased to have any effect on the price of silver and that price is now determined by the operations of the law of supply and demand in the London market. There is, indeed, but one market price of silver today. The precious metals always tend to have the same value the world over. London is still the standard market for silver, and the market price in London is the market price of the metal. allowing, of course, for transportation, brokerage, storage, etc. Ask a banker in Paris, Melbourne, Calcutta or Hong Kong the price of silver and before answering you he will consult the latest London quotations. The countries having silver to sell look to London for it. There the price is fixed. New England obtains most of the silver with which it supplies the markets of the world from the United States, Mexico and South America. The London market being so largely supplied by the United States, we should naturally expect to find silver cheaper in the United States than in London, and

THE COMMERCIAL OF MILWAUKEE.

Milwaukee, Wis., July 21.—The Commercial bank, of this city, has assigned to A. B. Geilfuss, the cashier, who filed a bond of \$1.659,000. The troubles of the bank are said to result from its acceptance of a large amount of paper of Corrigan, Ives & Co. A few minutes after 10 o'clock the following notice was posted on the door of the bank:

"Owing to heavy withdrawals by depositors and inability to make immediate collections, this bank is obliged to temporarily suspend payment."

The capital stock of the bank was \$250,000. The July statement gave the total liabilities at \$1.655,650.87, of which \$657. the Bottom of It.

WESTERN BREAKS

Have Caused the Sensations of the Week in Financial Circles.

THE STRAIN ON THE COUNTRY GREAT.

But Dun Says the Country Stood the Strain Surprisingly Well

SOUTH DIDN'T SUFFER BY THE PANIC

That Swept Denver and the West to Any Great Extent, According to Brad-streets—The Business Outlook.

New York, July 21 .- R. G. Dun & Co.'s

weekly review of trade says.

This week the country has stood surprise ingly well an extraordinary strain. The despite the relaxation in eastern and some western money markets. Denver banks were overfhrown largely by the crazy unwisdom of the people, but in most cases statements show the banks in a healthy condition, and there has been since noticed

more readiness to extend accommodation Under all conditions it is astonishing that business has been so well maintained with so little evidence of unsoundness. Even while cotton and woolen mills were working over time on past orders, the scantiness of new orders was noticed, with the great frequency of cancellation. Close observers say wholesale dealers find less encouragement to buy. In dry goods cancellations are still numerous and orders are small. Some improvement is seen in dress goods. Sales of

wool are remarkably small. The stagnation in iron closes The stagnation in fron closes some magnetite mines in this state and New Jersey and most of the mines in Michigan. Coke is moving downward; pig iron is inactive and though dealings in bar and structural products are somewhat larger, prices are the lowest ever known. Purchases of the are moderate and prices lower for copper and lete the

and lake tin. Wheat has fallen 2 cents; corn, 1 cent; pork products and oil are lower. In place of the expected advance in sugar a decline has come, and cotton, after some advance, cedes again. Receipts of wheat at the w cedes again. Receipts of wheat at the west are moderate and exports fairly large, but unprecedented stocks are pressed for sale. The stock market closed last week hope-fully but prices had reached the lowest average since 1884. London and short-sellers then bought and some recovery has followed.

At Philadelphia the banks are holding currency and strengthening themselves.

Reports from Western Cities.

An easier feeling prevails at Pittsbur iron. The Cincinnati money market is and Cleveland reports the greecer, it good, but iron wholly inactive. Tornotes a better feeling; Indianapolis, no provement, but the banks in strong positions of the country of the country with the out. not very cheerful. Chicago reports 19 per cent decrease in clearings, 25 in real estate sales, a good demand for toans, but more freedom in lending and better feeling. Refreedon in lending and better feeling. Receipts of products are 45 per cent larger for corn and 30 for wool, but most of the other articles decreased—70 per cent in wheat, 50 in dressed beef and 28 in cattle. At Milwaukee the closing of some manufacturers and the reduction of wages in others and the failure of the great iron syndicate are noticed. At St. Paul trade is restricted. At Minneapolis lumber sales are reduced and the sales of flour below the output. Omaha trade is good and St. Jonaton.

Receipts of cattle are light at Kansas
City. Denver trade is demoralized, but
now more hopeful and the many reported assignments are regarded as a measure of
protection. St. Louis reports business good
in volume and character, but trade is
retarded by closeness of money. Money
is tight at Little Rock, but the strain is
borne remarkably well.

borne remarkably well.

The southern Markets. The southern Markets.

At Nashville trade is fair, at Atlantabackward, at Macon a better demand is seen, at Augusta retail trade is fair and at Columbus business is a shade better. New Orleans finds the trade somewhat improved banks very conservative, sugar weak and crop prospects excellent. At Galveston crop reports are less encouraging, but at Mobile better. At Jacksonville credits are cautious and at Charleston crop prospects are poor. The treasury has been paying gold to the banks, but on the whole increasing its holdings. Exports of products are a little larger than a year ago, but import sales are large.

The failures during the past week sumber 467 in the United States, against 168 last year, and twenty-five in Caffada, against nineteen, two failures being of capital exceeding \$5,000 each. Last week the failures in the United States numbered 374.

What Bradstreet's Says. New York July 21.—Bradstreet's week

row say:

A birdseye view of general trade condi-tions throughout the country indicates the South Atlantic and gulf states have suf-sufficiently and sufficient of the condition, dull-South Atlantic and gair states have suffered no material change in condition, duliness or exceptionally quiet trade being reported from almost all points with slight exceptions, a tendency to improvement being noted at Memphis, New Orleans and

exceptions, a tendency to improvement being noted at Memphis, New Orleans and Dallas.

The Pacific coast reports no farther financial or commercial disturbance, and with excellent crop prospects, freer exports of wheat and more liberal loans by the banks to producers of wheat, particularly in California. Prospects there are relatively brighter.

East, however, while there is more east in money, that tendency does not include large or extended loans. At Philadelphis there is relatively less ease in financial circles. Some large manufacturing industries at the east are beginning to acknowledge the effect of the continued depression one or more large woolen manufactorish having closed temporarily, in addition to several cotton factories earlier in the week The encouraging feature in irm a continued reduction of stocks, but quote iron prices in most instances are nounhed. The advance in prices of anthracite is followed by a slower movement, while most lines of staples, quotations have beforced low.

The Rup on Western Banks,

The Rup on Western Banks.

There is a disposition west also to the output of manufactured product runs on Kassas City and Denver how ended, created for a time a rene exceptional caution on the part of at many western centers. A large ption of the suspended Colorado ban mercantile institutions will pay in foresume business, inability to borrow sell ample collaterals alone being the of the Denver banks closing their Bank clearings this week naturals a decrease, the falling of the beauty of the falling of t

aro and a smaller decrease as compared with the preceding week. Our Australian and London cables showed no material change abroad last week.

Exports of wheat, both coasts, United States and Canada, seven days ending with July 20th, aggregate 5,077,000 bushels, as compared with 2,716,000 bushels n the third week of July a year ago, with 2,330,000 bushels two years ago; with 1,544,000 bushels three years ago, and 1,-

1,544,000 bushels two years ago; with 1,544,000 bushels three years ago, and 1,-355,000 bushels four years ago. The financial situation has been to some xtent unfavorably affected by the demands or money at St. Louis and Denver. Nearly manufacturing centers are also calling manufacturing centers are also calling currency to meet pay rolls and it is wed that the result will be a loss in a holdings to a certain amount. The Money Markets Unaffected.

The Money Markets Unaffected.

The money market is unaffected by the break in stock values, call loans being at 6 per cent, or less, while time loans and commercial discounts are exceedingly restricted at high rates. Foreign exchange is somewhat firmer on diminished foreign stock purchased. About \$1,000,000 gold came in from Europe and the West Indies and some \$200,000 is in transit from London. Silver is weaker on the threatened adverse action by some nations of the Latin union.

he number of failures for the week he largest ever reported for a like period. Halifax wires that a satisfactory report a received from the fishing grounds, but hat general trade in Novia Scotia is quiet-Business is inactive in all ines at Montrea and throughout the province of Quebec although crop prospects are good. Morthan the usual caution is being observed than the usual caution is being observed by the larger Canadian banks. Toronto Jobbers in dry goods, hardware and gro-ceries are doing a very moderate business and the demand for shipping cattle is de-

THE SITUATION.

tinued from sixth column, first page. 743.22 was due depositors on demand, and \$528.915.22 due depositors on time. The assets, as shown in the statement filed on the first Wednesday in July, are \$1,656,850. The chief item is loans and discounts—\$1,315,278. The announcement of the failure caused considerable. of the failure caused considerable excitement on the streets, but it had no effect on the other banks. The direct cause of the suspension of the bank at this time is attributable to the failure of the Douglass Furnace Company, of Sharpesville, Pa., of whose certificates of stored pig iron, the Commercial had about \$30,000. It is claimed that somebody, ignoring these cars.

med that somebody, ignoring these cerates, had the sheriff attach the iron.

H. Timlin, the legal representative of Commercial, when asked about the situan, said: "If those certificates are genuine, as they are supposed to be, we shall be all right. If we can get the pig iron the warrants call for we shall come out O. K. The deals with the Pennsylnania concern have been through the Schlesinger people."

yania concern have been through the Schlesinger people."

For some time depositors in the Commercial bank have been quietly withdrawing until there was at the time of closing only, about \$30,000 of demand certificates on hand. With the uneasy condition of affairs generally depositors became decidedly nervous. They proceeded to get their money out as rapidly as possible, and in time some of the depositors had reduced their deposits from thousands to dollars. One corporation, which had at times as high as \$50,000 in the bank on deposit, had but 11 cents when the doors closed. H. M. Benjamin, coal dealer, today confessed judgment in the sum of \$78,000. The judgment is on a note dated, without grade and in favor of his wife, Matilda Benjamin.

Benjamin.

Frankfort, Ky., July 21.—E. H. Taylor

Jr., & Sons, whose fallure yesterday
caused such a disturbance in financial circles here, are at work today on their books,
but as yet are unable to give out a statement of liabilities or who the principal
creditors are. However, it is said the liabilities are about \$100.000.

A BETTER FEELING

In Branswick Among Depositors of the State Bank—Some Card Writing. Brunswick, Ga., July 21.—(Special.)—The news of the liability of the State bank stock-holders in today's Constitution created general good feeling here. Although the law was known to Brunswick's attorneys all the time, none discussed it with the press until today. The general feeling now, since Receiver Brobson made it public, is that the bank will be greened.

ened.
erman Myers and Judge Courtland
mes are now writing cards in The Times
ing at each other.
mmes ridiculed Myers and Myers retallatoday. Tomorrow Symmes comes back and
ules Myers in cutting sarcasm that makes

A FRAUDULENT PANIC.

ater Vance Outspoken in His Views on the Money Situation. Raleigh, N. C., July 21.—(Special.)—enator Vance has written an open letter

to an allianceman in which he says he wil yield nothing to the monometallists. He is unalterably opposed to the repeal of the Sherman law unless some satisfactory substitute shall be adopted. He terms the present trouble a fraudu lent panic created by capitalists.

A Big Failure. London, July 21.—A. S. Constantinindl, re-ntly a partner in the firm of Sophocles, enstantinindi & Sons, merchants, of No. 23 limer building, has failed. His liabilities mount to 96,294 pounds, and his assets to

Gold and Silver Shipments. New York, July 21.—There arrived by steamers from Europe today \$218,500 in gold and \$315,000 more will be started from the other side tomorrow.

Two hundred and ninety-five millions of ounces of silver and 540,000 Mexican dollars will be shipped out on two steamers tomorrow.

IS THE KAISER COMINGP

A Rumorito the Effect That He May Com

New York, July 21.—Commissioner A. Wermuth, of Germany, sailed yesterday on he Normannia. He said he was going to Germany in response to a summons from Berlin, the object of which he did not know. He said it was possible the mperor had determined to visit the fair.

He had learned from unofficial sources hat this was among the possibilities. If he were consulted on the question, Commis stoner Wermuth said, he would do all in his power to persuade the emperor to

Chicago, July 21.—The Russian commis-ioner, with those of France, Italy, Ger-any, Austria and Belgium, held a meet-ag this afternoon to discuss the alleged mult to the Russian exhibitors by the

United States custom officers yesterday The meeting was behind closed doors and djournment was had no information inchanfed as to the action taken. The commissioner is in a very reticent mood, not only on account of yesterday's troubles, but because of the curb that is placed upon the foreigners as to the sale of dutlable articles.

tiable articles.
Collector Clarke visited the fair grounds lay to inquire into the differences between e customs officers and Russian exhibitors, a ordered Deputy Collector Hall to make full report of the matter and, pending a visit of the report, the collector will take official action.

Talked in Diplomatic Circles.

Washington, July 21.—The closing of the Russian exhibits at the world's fair yesterday and the statement that an appeal would be made to the Russian minister here for protection, as reported from Chicago, were discussed in most of the diplomatic circles, though rather blindly for lack of particulars. The Russian legation in Washington is closed all the members being at Lenox, where they are spending the summer. Whether or not any complaint has Commissioner General

Chicago, July 21.—The war in railroadrates, although yet in its infancy, has begun to tell on the attendance at the world's
fair. Every day this week has shown
perceptible increase in visitors over the
preceding day, and world's fair officials
are cheered by the prospect of a heavy attendance for the rest of the fair, if the
promise of a general reduction of railroad
rates are realized. The country people
are beginning to come in considerable
numbers, and it is expected that, after the
harvests are over, the attendance of coun-

numbers, and it is expected that, after the harvests are over, the attendance of country people will be greatly augmented.

The Japanese section in the art building, which has been delayed, owing to lack of space, was formally opened to the public today and excited the admiration of art connoisseurs. The twelve bronze falcons exhibited by Tadmasa Hayski, of Tokio, which the chiests of special attention. objects of special attention.

FRANCE'S DEMANDS.

England Has a Zealous Eye on the French.

Slamese Dispute. Siamese Dispute.

London, July 21.—In response to questions asked in the house of commons today in regard to the French-Siamese dispute, Sir Edward Grey, parliamentary secretary of the foreign office, said that the following terms of ultimatum sent by France to Siam contained in a telegram from Bangkok tailied with these France had communicated to Great those France had communicated to Great Britain, but gave the terms in fuller details. First, a recognition of the rights of Annam and Combodia on the left or eastern bank of and Combodia on the left or eastern bank of the Mekong river; second, the evacuation of the forts held by the Slamese, within a month; third, full satisfaction for various ag-gressions against French ships and French sailors on the Menam river; fourth, the punishment of the culprits and provision for the pecuniary indemnity of the victims; fifth, an indemnity of 2,000,000 francs for various demages sustained by French subjects, and damages sustained by French subjects, and sixth, the immediate deposit of 3,000,000 francs to guarantee the payment of the fourth and fifth claims, or the assignment of tax in certian districts in lieu of the deposit of

3,000,000 francs. Sir Edward Grey stated that he was at present unable to say in what sense or with what geographical limitation the French demand was made. He expected early informa-tion from Lord Dufferin, British embassador to France, whose leave of absence from Paris had been cancelled and who had been ordered o return to his post. When asked what steps the government proposed to take to avert so serious and wanton calamity as the threatened blockade of the Menam river would be. Sir Edward replied that he could only repeat that the government was most desirous of a friendly settlement. He could not at present announce that any definite steps had been Sir Ellis Bartlett, (conservative) of Shef-

field, pressed the government to obtain an ex-tension of the period granted in the ultima-Sir Edward said that he did not think that such interference would conduce to a friendly settlement of the question. This statement was greeted with cries of "Hear, hear." Sir Ellis asked if the untimatum might not

become a fait accompli before Great Britain received France's answer. Edward replied that as regards the only point really concerning Great Britain, namely, the territorial arrangements, the government was still in communication with the govern-ment of France. No geographical limitation had yet geen laid down.

The Wires Cut by Slamese. Saigon, July 21.—The land telegraph wires between this city and Bangkok have been cut by the Siamese. This will cause some delay in the transmission of dispatches to the French warship at Bangkok.

A small message will have to be sent via Singapore, Madras, Calcutta, and thence down the Bay of Bengal and so on over the line that extends from Bangkok to Elephant Point. The French Send Reinforcements.

Paris. July 21.—A dispatch to The Temp from Saigon says that three hundred and fift men, under the command of a colonel, hav been sent to reinforce the French garriso on the island of Khong on the Mekong river. Death of Princess Amile. London, July 21.—Princess Amile, wife of Baron Paul Hugel and the youngest sister of the duke of Teck, died today at Gratz, capital of Syria.

THREE WERE SUFFOCATED.

Fatal Fire Occurred at Savannah Early Yesterday Morning.

Savannah, Ga., July 21:-(Special.)-A fire in a double negro tenement house on President street, in the eastern part of the city, at half-past 1 o'clock, resulted in the death by suffocation of Adelaide Graham and her two twin children, May and Joe. an and children were caught like rats in a trap, the stairway being burned away beneath them and the two houses being almost gutted by fire.

The fire broke out in one of the ho near the staircase and burning through the thin lath partition both stairways among the first portions of the house to be burned away. Being unable to get down the unfortunates were suffocated by an immense volume of smoke from the burning wood. When the firemen arrived, a crowd of negroes was standing around screaming, but not one of them had made an effort to but not one of them had made an effort to save the woman or her children, although they could easily have done so when the fire was first discovered. They were probably dead when the department arrived, but an attempt was made to reach them, which proved unsuccessful on account of the fact that such a large volume of flame and smoke was usuing from the windows. and smoke was issuing from the windows.

The attic floor, upon which they lay, was not burned at all nor were the bodies even charred, so their death could have been due to no other cause than from suffocation by

smoke.

The fire was soon put out.

The fire was first thought to have been of incendiary origin, but later investigation proved different, and no inquest was held.

The woman and her children were from Charleston and had just come over yesterday on a visit to their relatives. They were put in the attic of the house, which proved

TWO BLOCKS BURNED,

And \$800,000 Is the Loss of a Fire at Long

Long Island City, N. Y., July 21.—Two entire blocks of buildings in this city were entire blocks of buildings in this city were destroyed by fire early this morning. The new St. Mary's Roman Catholic church, just completed at a cost of \$300,000, was destroyed. The parsonage was one of the first buildings thoroughly gutted by the flames. A costly new parochial school, which had never been used, was also destroyed.

stroyed.
The flames started in Gray's refrigerator The flames started in Gray's refrigerator factory in Fourth street and spread rapidly through a large stock of dry timber.

A southerly wind carried the flames and soon the whole block, bounded by Jackson avenue on the west, by Vernon avenue and Fourth street on the south and Flith street on the north, was in flames.

The fire department could do nothing to stop the progress of the flames.

Help was asked from Brooklyn, but before it arrived the entire block in which the fire started was doomed. More than a hundred families are rendered homeless.

tred families are rendered homeless.

The loss is about \$800,000. The water asted until the fire was nearly under control and then there was a great short are and then there was a great shortage.
At 2:30 o'clock the tower of the Catholic church fell with a crash and wrecked what remained of the roof of the main building.

Death of Mr. Alexander. Carrollton, Ga., July 21.—(Special.)—Mr.
A. M. Alexander, a prominent young farmer living near Villa Rica, died this morning of typhoid fever and will be buried tomorrow at the family cemetery near this city by the Masons. The deceased was prominently connected in this and adjoining counties.

Two Negro Wemen Fight.

Macon, Ga., July 21.—(Special.)—Two.

Macon, Ga., July 21.—(Special.)—Two negro women engaged in a fight tealight and Lilly Durham cut Lucy Turner in the head with a drawing inite. Lucy is badly hurt.

Taken by Lynchers, Who Thus Avenge the Horrible Murder

OF A BEAUTIFUL YOUNG GIRL

A Negro "Trusty" Convict Commits Crim inal Assault on the Daughter of a Prominent Planter, and Is Lynched.

Waycross, Ga., July 21 .- (Special.)-News reached here this morning from New Branford that the pretty fifteen-year-old daughter of Captain Karr Elliott, a well-todo farmer, living near there, was outraged and brutally murdered yesterday by a negro convict, who was a trusty.

The young lady's head was completely severed from her body and the face horribly mutilated. The negro buried the body of his victim

in a lime sink near the road. The absence of the daughter being pro longed, her parents began a diligent search for her. They soon found a pool of blood, where there appeared to have been a struggle. The distressed parents followed the trail of blood to the sink, where they dis-

covered the body of their idolized daughter. The neighbors were notified and a search for the fiend was commenced. The negro's tracks were very distinct and went in the direction of the camp. Within a half mile of the camp they found

the negro trying to remove the blood from his clothes. He confessed the crime. A lynching party took him from the guards last night and riddled him with bul-

THE AUGUSTA DISTRICT.

lets.

The Ministers and Other Delegates at Work

Features of the Day. Milledgeville, Ga., uly 21.-(Special.)-The Augusta district conference was called to order yesterday at 9 o'clock in the Methodist church here by Presiding Elder Rev. G. G. Yarbrough. Colonel P. G. Johnson and Rev. J. W. Williams were elected secretary and assistant.

Committees were appointed for different divisions of the conference work and then reports were taken from some of the pasors present, giving an idea of the spiritual condition of the different charges throughout the district. Nearly every one of these reports showed an increased zeal among the membership of the churches and those which lacked in spiritual interest gave encouraging signs for the future. The Sunday schools which reported today gave a generally ine report and the con-

gave a generally ine report and the con-ference was very much pleased with that part of the churches' work as a means of grace. At 11 o'clock Rev. J. W. Williams preached a powerful sermon, Rev. Mr. Walker, of Payne institute, having preached the opening sermon.

A SERIOUS CHARGE.

That Is Made Augainst a Merchant of

Douglas County.

Dousglasville, Ga., July 21.—(Special.)-News was received here this evening that much excitement exists in Fairplay district, in the southern portion of Douglas county, over an assault on the person of Mrs. Sticker, a highly respected married lady of this community by George W. Moody, a country merchant, who does business between Bill Arp and McWhorter.

Moody has a small store and during the ng and summer seasons he peddles over southern part of Douglas and Carroll spring and sm counties butter, eggs, chickens and other country producé.

On one of his tours recently Moody over-took Mrs. Sticker in the road, and as the lady knew Mr. Moody well, having traded at his store often and sold him the producfrom her barnyard on many occasions, she asked Mr. Moody if she could ride to her home in his wagon, as she had some distance to walk, and he was going the same Moody readily offered his neighbor a seat in his carryall. en a place was reached where the road led through a deep wood, Moody, so it is

reported, made an improper proposal to the lady, and on her refusal he attempted to The lady jumped down from the wagon

and hurried house, where she informed her dusband of the outrageous treatment. A warrant was sworn out for Moody's arrest, and the officers are after him. It is said that Moody's friends have made several propositions to the husband of the assaulted lady for a compromise of the mat-ter, but he has refused all of the many offers with scorn and will prosecute the case. Mr. Moody has always been considered a good citizen, and was one of the leaders of the third party in Douglas county.

SOUTHERN BUILDING AND LOAN ASSOCIATION. Meeting of Their Representatives at Knox

ville Yesterday. Knoxville, Tenn., July 21.—(Special.)—The Southern League of National Building and Loan Associations, representing over \$11,-000,000 of paid in stock, which has held their two-days session of the fourth annual meeting in this city, has adjourned.

The association represents the leading associations of the south, all of whom had representatives present.

Bird W. Robinson, of Bristol, was presented with a fine gold watch by the association a token of his services as secretary and treas

Lookout Mountain inn. Chattanooga, wa selected as the next place of meeting.

The following officers for the ensuing year were elected: President, John Hanson Kin-nard, New Orleans; first vice president, J. T. Ellyson, Richmond; second vice president, Colonel W. P. Washburn, Knoxville; third vice president, H. L. Atwater, Atlanta; secretary and treasurer, Bird M. Robinson, Bristol. Executive committee, John Hanson Kinnard, New Orleans; Bird M. Robinson, Bris. tol; W. Raymond, Nashville; James B. Walk-er, Augusta; C. E. Breach, Combus; Hen-ry J. Lynn, Memphis; John P. Heap, Knox-ville; Malcolm Johnston, Atlanta; Lawrence Egen, Huntsville; William G. Pascall, Atlanta; Tracy Underhill, Louisville; and John Ott,

AN INTERESTING WEEK

Has Been This at the Peabody Normal Ins

tute at Marietta. Marietta, Ga., July 21.—(Special.)—The Peabody Normal institute, in session here, has been unusually interesting this week. The instructors are pursuing a carefully outlined plan, giving each day strictly normal instructions. It is the first time in Georgia that Peabody institute has been conduthis line. The results are gratifying in more than one way: The attendance has been largely increased and the teachers are getting much profit from the daily exercises.

much profit from the daily exercises.

The attendance represents nearly every section of the state. There are, for instance, teachers present from Daiton, Marietta, Gainesville, Rome, Atlanta, Macon, Barnesville, Augusta, Columbus, Dawson, Savannah and Brunswick.

The corps of instructors does credit to the state school commissioner's discretion. Superintendent J. S. Stewart, Jr., of Marietta, who teaches English, is thoroughly fitted for his work, and is a pleasing speaker besides. His energy has no limit and everybody is glad when he rises to speak. There is a bright and shonorable future In store for this accomplished scholar.

Superintendant A. I. Branham, of Brunswick, who teaches gegraphy, comes to the work with years of training in his hormal work in Glynn county. His lectures are full of the state of the

tical and interesting. He shows new beauties is grography. There are few better schoolmen in Georgia.

Professor W. H., Ferguson, of Hapeville, is a successful teacher, as manifested by the work he is doing in arithmetic. He is analytical and thorough. His development of the Grubs's method has been very interesting.

Miss Mary Pitts, of the Atlanta public schools, has captivated the teachers by the interesting manner in which she has taught reading and spelling. Her bright, happy way of putting things enlivens while it instructs. Superintendent W. A. Little, of Reswell, has done some very useful work in history. He is a young man of great promise.

A number of the teachers went on a picule to the paper mills this afternoon. Saturday they go to Kennesaw.

The colored institute is a success. At night some kind of literary entertainment is held, which is largely attended. Colonel A. S. Clay delivered an eloquent address a few nights ago. Clay delive nights ago.

NEXT YEAR AT LOOKOUT MOUNTAIN.

The Senate of the National Union Wise Officers and Adjourns. Detroit, Mich., July 21.—The senate of the National Union elected the following officers this morning and adjourned to meet next year at Lookout Mountain, Tenn,

year at Lookout Mountain, Tenn.

President, H. T. Bryan, of Washington, D. C.; vice presidents, W. P. McCabe, of Chicago; ex-President Charles Worth, of Cleveland; speaker, James Lake, of tS. Louis; secretary, John W. Meyers, of Toledo; treasurer, C. O. Evarts, of Cleveland, O.; medical director, Dr. A. E. Keys, of Toledo, O.; chaplain, J. E. Schlitz, of Michigan City, Ind.; ushow. T. A. Aironmonger, Greenwich O. usher, T. A. Aironmonger, Greenwich, O.; sergeant-at-arms, William Briggs, of Washington; doorkeeper, N. C. Phillips, of Bloomington, Ill.; trustees, H. T. Bryan, Washington; Samuel Bloor, Cincinnati; L. G. Richardson, Toledo; Hugh S. Mitchell, Norwalk, O.; Leo Cauman, of Chicago. Committee on fluance, William Boyne and W. L. Wild, of

THE ECKERT TROMBADOURS.

Their Most Excellent Concerts Every After noon at Ponce de Leon Springs.

The Eckert Tronbadours are now giving daily concerts at Ponce de Leon springs, and are attracting more than ordinary attention by the artistic music presented. The programmes are always varied and in beresting, and every one who has attended one of the concerts declare the singers to be of unusual ability. Miss Emma Berg, the

prima donna, possesses an excellent natural soprano and sings with ease, grace and interligence. She has a voice of extraordinary range and has at under perfect control. Miss Eckert, the contraito, sings with much feeling and effect. Her voice is well rounded and her solo work is given in a happy way. Mr. Eckert. the tenor, is much liked by all who hear him sing. He is a thorough musician, and his duo of "The Miserere," from Troyatore, with Miss Berg, was heartly received. These concerts will be given every afternoon, free to the public.

Denials All Around. Brunswick, Ga., July 21.—(Special.)—A special published in The Telegram from Brunswick today alleges that Health Officer Dunwoody has written a saity reply to Brunner's criticisms and quotes Dunwoody as intimating such. Dunwoody emphatically pronounces this false.

AFTER MANY TRIALS AND TRIBULATIONS,

and an Exciting Chase from Father an Brother, the Elopers Were Wed. Greenville, S. C., July 21.—(Special.)—News of an exciting elopement and marriage which occurred on Sunday evening last, in this county reached here today.

runaways were Emery Davis and Maggie Davis. Emery succeeded in getting Maggie in buggy with him and started on the hunt fo minister. The young lady's father and other heard of it and statted in pursuit. The father met's hack from Pledmont and unlitched one of the horses, mounted bareback and gave chase. The eloping couple went to the residence of Squire Davenport, but found he was away. While there the pursuers pressed them so closely that they abandoned the beggy and took to the woods. The father and brother were almost upon them when a party of young men of the neigh-borhood came to the rescue of the young couple. Another buggy was secured and the couple again started on a search for some one to perform the ceremony for them. The brother continued his pursuit until the Reedy river bridge was reached when a friend of the eloping couple named Darcus halted him and threatened to shoot him if he did not desist. He very wisely desisted.

He very wisely desisted.

The young couple, with a friend, met the Rev. Mr. Anderson in the road and he obligingly made them one without any further loss of time. When last seen they were receiving the congratulations of their friends receiving the congratulations of their friends. receiving the congratulations and had started on their way

Populists at Work in North Carolina. Raleigh, N. C., July 21.—(Special.) of speeches by General J. B. Weaver and Congressman Tom Watson in North Caro-lina next month. Weaver opens at Liles-ville August 5th; Watson at Aulander August 3d. ches by General J. B. Weaver and

August 3d.

The populists are earnestly at work.

They have practically captured the alliance, it is stated, nearly all delegates to the alliance state convention next month being chosen from their ranks. Some leading populist papers now openly faver fusion with the republicans.

In Camp at Anniston Anniston, Ala., July 21.—(Special.)—The third regiment of Alabama state troops with Colonel W. H. Tisdale in command, went into camps at Oxford Lake, near this city today. Eleven companies comprising about four hundred men are in attendance. The camp was named Camp Holtzclaw in memory of Gen. J. T. Holtzclaw, who died Tuesday. The troops will remain in camps a week.

Cutting Down the King. Stockholm, July 21.—The storthing, as an outcome of the dispute with King Oscar, regarding the appointment of Norwegian consuls, has reduced the king's Norwegian appanage from 336,000 to 265,000 crowns.

The Meeting Adjourned. Richmond, Va., July 21.—The postponed meeting of the stockholders of the Richmond and West Point Terminal Company was adjourned sine die today by the secretary.

Mr. Tomlinson Dead. Valdosta, Ga., July 21.-(Special.)-Mr. Joh G. Tomlinson, known in newspaper work as Big Bonanza," a worthy and highly respected citizen of this place, died on Tuesday, the 18th, after a long and painful illness. Ago

At the Edgewood. At the Edgewood.

At the McCaul Opera Company sang "La Masscotte" before a big house. The continued success of the company speaks volumes for its admirable work in this bill. The cast was unusually well received last evening, each singer making new friends.

This aftermoon the bill will be repeated, and egain topicate. and again tonight.

CITY NEWS.

DR. MORRISON AT THE Y. M. C. A.—
Rev. H. C. Morrison, secretary of the board of missions of the Methodist Episcopal church, will speak to young men at the Young Men's Christian Association rooms, corner of Wheat and Pryor streets, on Sunday afternoon at 3:30 o'clock. Dr. Morrison was formerly pastor of the First Methodist church, this city. His ability and attractiveness as a speaker are too well known to need endorsement. He will undoubtedly attract a large audience Sunday afternoon. No young man should miss the opportunity of hearing man should miss the opportunity of hearinghim.

RAILROAD Y. W. C. A.—The railroad men's meeting tom row afternoon at 3:30 o'clock will be conducted by Captain R. P. Dodge, general yard master of the Georgia railroad. All men off duty are cordially invited. The committee on religious work meets tonight to plan for the August meetings. Work will be begun on the new bathrooms next Monday. next Monday. A BUSINESS CHANGE.—Mr. H. M. Lee who has been for a number of years in the employ of Charles O. Tyner, the druggist, has recently been employed by Mr. Joseph Jacobt to superintend the laboratory of this well known druggist and manufacturer. Mr. Lee is one of the most therough pharmaciets and chemists in the south, and Mr. Jacobt is to be congratulated upon accounts a mattern of

Harry Hill Came to Town Yesterday

and Surrendered. HE IS NOW IN THE ATLANTA JAIL.

He Sent Sheriff Barnes a Letter, and Said He Was Ready to Go to Jail.

Where He Has Been.

Harry Hill put a dramatic end to his iberty yesterday.

With a reward of \$150 outstanding for

his capture and with half the officers in the state eagerly watching for a sight of him, Harry rode into town on a sleeping car yesterday morning and a few minutes after his arrival sent a polite little note to Sheriff Barnes.

The gist of the note was that if Mr.

Barnes would walk over to the sleeping

car Oconee, which was then standing on the side track near the Markham house he could find Harry Hill, who was very sorry to hear that there were two more warrants for his arrest. Mr. Barnes went to the sleeping car as fast as he could go, and was met by Hill, smiling and suave. Then Hill explained that he had come to Atlanta to give him

self up to the law and be sent back to jail.

Barnes was surprised and told Hill

that he had done the best thing he could have done under the circumstances. He then walked with Hill to the county jail. Harry Hill left Augusta at 11 o'clock Thursday night on the train which reaches Atlanta early in the morning. He did not leave the sleeper after arriving here, but immediately wrote a note to Sheriff Barnes. The note was carried by a sleeping car porter and read:

ing car porter and read:

Mr. J. J. Barnes, Sheriff: While inexpressibly sorry that I should be again wanted in Atlanta by my prosecutors and that warrants exist for my arrest, I have upon learning such, come without delay to Atlanta to respectfully surrender myself to you and the courts. courts.

Name place and hour agreeable to your Name place and hour agreeable to your convenience and I will meet you. I am writing this from Georgia road sleeping car, Occones, No. 63, sidetracked near the West Point depot. Most truly.

HARRY HILL.

Mr. Barnes lost no time in finding the sleeping car and there he found Hill.

There was a short explanatory talk between Hill and the sheriff, and then the two walked down to the jail. Hill spoke pleasantly to Jailers Corrigan and Gilleland and was assigned to his former quarters up stairs next to the room occupied by Redwine. Yesterday afternoon Hill received one or

two callers and seemed in much better spirits than when last incarcerated. He refused to see all newspaper men, however, and it is presumed that his attorneys have advised him not to talk. Talking was his greatest imprudence when he was under arrest before. It is thought that Hill was advised to the course he took in giving himself up by his attorneys. Hill would not talk, but one of his visitors-his first, in fact-was his friend, J.

B. Smillie. Mr. Smillie was sent for by Hill as soon as the train reached Atlanta. "Harry will not talk," he said last even ing, "but in justice to him I hope you will say that he has never attempted to evade trial or anything of the sort. When he went to Augusta he lived quietly at the Arlington. He has many friends there, and by invitation of two of them, he went on a fishing and hunting expedition down the Savannah river. The first he knew there were other warrants against him was last Monday when, on Sand Bar ferry, he was told that he was wanted in Atlanta. One of his came on to Atlanta and found that this was true. As soon as the facts reached him Harry determined to come on and surrender himself, and he left there on Thursday night's train. And please correct the idea that he has been dissipating. He is sunburned. That is all. By the way, he spends his time in jail reading and

he's writing a book, too."
It may be that Hill will make a new bond, but nothing on that line has been

MILTON SMITH'S POP CALL. The Louisville and Nashville's President His Way to Augusta. President Milton Smith, of the Louisville and Nashville railroad, was in the city yesterday for a couple of hours. He left at 2:45 o'clock p. m. for Augusta where today he will meet President Phinizy of

the Georgia, and Receiver Comer, of the Central, to take action on Major Greene's resignation as general manager. The general manager has been offered a leave of absence for four months but no one has been selected to fill his position while he is off. The Central and the Louis-ville and Nashville being lessees of the Georgia, have the selection of the general

Soliciting Agent Appointed. William Parsley has been appointed so-liciting agent of the Seaboard Air-Line railway here, to succeed O. M. Sparks, resigned. Mr. Sparks goes with the Coates thread company. Mr. Parsley has been with the Columbus Southern at Columbus. Death of Willie Carroll.

Mr. Willie F. Carroll, the promising son of Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Carroll, died yesterday at the home of his parents, 221 Courtland avenue. The young man, who was in his nineteenth year, had been ill for three weeks with typhoid fever. Yesterday was the twenty-first day of the fever.

Mr. Carroll was educated at the Technological college. For the past eighteen months he had been employed in the rate office of the Southern Railway and Steamoffice of the Southern Railway and Steamship Association. He was very bright and was highly thought of by the officials of the association. He had a splendid character and was a thoroughly moral and upright young man. He gave promise of being a fine man. His death was unusually sad. The funeral will take place today at Sylvester church, four miles from the city on the Flat Shoals road, DeKalb county. Courtesles to its Patrons.

Courtesies to its Patrons.

The Georgia Southern and Florida railroad, in a kindly spirit, has tendered passes over its road to all sawmill men along its line who desire to attend the semi-annual meeting of the Southern Lumber Manufacturers' Association at Memphis. Texas Traffic Arrrange

Houston, 'lex., July 21 .- The traffic arran ments between the Southern Pacific and the Houston and Texas Central and the Santa Fe which have existed for five years will expire in a few weeks. It is semi-officially stated that the agreement will be renewed, but that the Huntington roads will use the International and Great Northern tracks into Galveston instead of the Santa Fe's.

ALUMNI MEETING IN WEST END.

At the meeting of the alumni of West End academy at the home of Miss Maggie Culberson on Lee street, in the absence of Mr. Julian Harris, the president, the meeting was presided over by the vice president, Miss Luther Series.

cile Smith.

There was an interesting piano recital by Miss Mabelle Shropshire, a song with piano accompaniment by Miss Lurine Warner, and a recitation by Miss Oline Wilson.

By invitation addresses were delivered by Mr. Burgess Smith and Dr. J. W. Lee. The latter made a happy presentation of the tory that fact is far more wonderful thrilling than action, and exhorted his hore.

End academy, to a diligent study of nature in all her manifestations and phases, and to relegate fection to only the rarest moments of idieness. The speaker showed that science and nature, in, botany, geology, electricity, were daily making revelations that were more startling, more thrilling, more wonderful, than the wildest stories of romance and fiction; that many manifestations hitherto considered supernatural may and probably will soon be explained as the outcome of God's laws, as manifested in nature, and that the future held in store splendid triumphs for any and all who would but assiduously study nature and nature's laws.

The doctor's remarkes were received by his hearers with the profoundest attention and made a lasting impression and inspired the young men and women recently from school with the conviction that there was much to do in life that was not only good and noble, but that also promised substantial and distinguished rewards for ail who would seize the opportunity.

seize the opportunity.

In next meeting of the society will be held at the residence of Mr. W. C. Warner.

held at the residence of Mr. W. C. water on Holderness street, at which time an ad-dress will be delivered by some distinguished guest in addition to the usual exercises.

ENEMIES, SAYS BARKER,

Men Who Didn't Like Him Brought Up Charge Against Him. Charles D. Barker, ex-secretary of the

Georgia Weekly Press Association, had an unpleasant rupture with that body at the recent meeting of the editors in Brunswick, has returned to the city after a jaunt through Florida. He went with the editors on their excursion. The trouble editors on their excursion. The troods he had at the meeting, which was serious enough to cause him to sever his relations with the organization, did not keep him from going with the editors to Florida.

The trouble Barker had was about railroad passes and it was charged before the convention that he had sold passes is swed to the asseciation and which were not convention that he had sold passes issued to the association and which were not used by the members to whom they were issued. As secretary of the association all passes for members were issued to him. It was published in all the papers of the state that Mr. Barker was expelled from the association on account of this charge, but he denies this. He stated yesterday that a motion to expel him was made and defeated. Then he was asked to resign and did so.

and did so. Mr. Barker intimated that he would make answer to the charges later. He said that enemies were responsible for the charge being brought in the convention. He stated that he never admitted having sold

CRAZY ON RELIGION.

T. J. McLarty Says He Has More Religio Than He Can Stand.

T. J. McLarty started out to convert the western end of the city to Christianity last night. McLarty is thirty years old and a member of the Baptist church. He is employed at one of the coffin factories.

Recently he has been devoting the greater part of his time to religious research and thought and his mind has become unbalanced. Last night he alarmed the vicinity neathly home on West Mitchell street by starting a prolonged prayer meeting. He talked and exhorted in a most scalous manner, but was as mild as a lamb, smilling at the big crowd that gathered to hear him.

One young fellow got gay with the crazed man and attempted to interrupt the progress of the services. McLarty gave him a ringing blow under the jaw which sent him off howling. Until nearly midnight McLarty continued his services, and finally his weeping wife and daughter, who had been trying to persuade him to go home, went in search of an officer. Patrolmen Verner and Tyson were found, who took charge of the religious fanatic.

At the police station McLarty said he guessed Than He Can Stand.

At the police station McLarty said he guessed he was crazy, as he had more religion than he could stand. He was locked up and unless a change takes place in his condition he will be tried for lunacy. THEY RENTED WHEELS, And Now the Cycle Company Offers a \$50 Reward for Them.

Reward for Them.

The Jester-Folger Cycle Company, of 71 North Pryor street, is out two nice bicycles and are looking for two nice-looking young men who rode the wheels off.

The young men went to the storerooms of the Jester-Folger Cycle Company Thursday afternoon and rented the wheels for an hour. They did not return last night and the company published their ofter of a reward of \$50 for the capture of the bloycle theves.

They describe the young men as follows:

"Fifty dollars reward, paid for the capture of two young men and the recovery of two wheels taken from our office yesterday at 4:30 o'clock p. m.

"They are described as follows: One dark-complected, short, dark mustache, clad in dark suit of clothes, with bicycle cap; the other one light-complected with light suit of clothes and straw hat.

"They rented a Majestic light roadster and Quinton scorcher for one hour and have not been heard of since. The above reward will be paid any offic complying with the conditions mentioned.

"JESTER-FOLGER CYCLE COMPANY.

"JESTER-FOLGER CYCLE COMPANY,
"71 North Pryor Street." SOCIETY NEWS AND GOSSIP.

The announcement which appeared in this column last Thursday stating that Mrs. Jacob Eiseman would give Mr. and Mrs. Sigimund Weil, their newly married friends, a reception should have read Sunday, July 23d, inst Saturday, 23d. The happy couple will be pleased to see their many friends on that

day from 4 to 10 o'clock p. m. Professor B. Collonge returned from the Professor B. Collonge returned from the east yesterday bringing with him Senor Don Andres Bezla de Bordes from the Collegio Peninsular of Barcelona, Spain. The friends of the professor throughout the city will be glad to hear of his return home. The Spanish professor who came with him, is a talented and polished gentleman, and a treat is in store for those who wish to begin the study of Spanish as taught by a native

Mrs. Dr. T. R. Kendall spent a few weeks ars. Dr. A. Remain spent a rew weeks in northern Georgia. This estimable lady has need of recreation. Since the recent coming of Dr. Kendall to Atlanta she has been untiring in her work. Dr. Kendall, as is his custom, will remain at his post of ministerial duty. His pastorate at Grace church has been mark ed by great success. It is safe to predict that at the forthcoming annual conference he will present a report exhibiting great pro-gress along all lines. He will deserve to be called the model pastor and the magnetic preacher as his conference record has abun-dantly shown for the last twenty years.

Miss Maud McDonald, of 22 Stonewall street, is visiting Miss Susie Winter at Ingle-

Miss Elizabeth Chapman, the daughter of Mr. William H. Chapman, left the city last Thursday afternoon for Orange and Fauquier counties, Virginia, to spend the summer with friends and relatives. She was accompanied friends and relatives. She was accompanied by Mrs. Johnson and her sister, Mrs. Coward, of Cartersville.

Tired, Weak, Nervous



obliged to use a came. I was tired of life and was a burden to those about me. I often suftered from dizziness, worried much, and was subject to nervous spells. Hood's farsaparilla made me feel like a different person. I own Hood's Sarsaparilla made me feel like a different person. I own Hood's Sarsaparilla. Man Mant C CRYDERMAN, La Fopting, Kansan, La Fopting, La Fopting, Kansan, La Fopting, La Fop



KNOWLEDGE

Brings comfort and improvement and tends to personal enjoyment when rightly used. The many, who live betless expenditure, by more promptly adapting the world's best products to the needs of physical being, will attest the value to health of the pure liquid the value principles embraced in the ter than others and enjoy life more, with laxative principles embraced in

laxative principles embraced in the remedy, Syrup of Figs.

Its excellence is due to its presenting in the form most acceptable and pleasant to the taste, the refreshing and truly beneficial properties of a perfect laxative; effectually cleansing the system dispelling colds, headaches and fever and permanently curing constination. and permanently curing constipation and permanently curing constipation. It has given satisfaction to millions and met with the approval of the medical profession, because it acts on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels without weakening them and it is perfectly free from every chiectionable substance. every objectionable substance.

Syrup of Figs is for sale by all druggists in 50c and \$1 bottles, but it is manufactured by the California Fig Sympose name is printed on each Co. only, whose name is printed on package, also the name, Syrup of Fig. accept any substitute if offered.



STUART'S

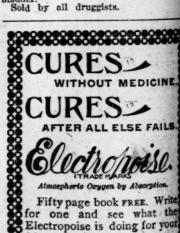
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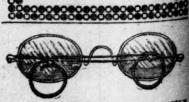
GLEET, DIABETES, INDIGESTION, RHEUMATISM RHEUMATISM,
PAIN IN THE SIDE,
KIDNEY TROUBLES,
LOSS OF APPETITE,
BRICK DUST DEPOSIT,
MUCOUS DISCHARGES,
IRRITABLE BLADDER,
SUPPRESSION OF URINE.

Stuart's Gin and Buch is not a king cure all, but for all bladde, kidney and other urinary disorders, it has no equal. Hon. J. J. McCants, Taylor county, Ga.

by the advice of his physician, tried Sturis Gin and Buchu. He endoses it as "one of the very best remedies for the kidneys and bladder."

friends.





ATLANTIC ELECTROPOISE CO.

46 Luckie St., Atlanta, Ga.

WE WILL MAKE YOU ANY STYLE OF EYEGLASSES YOU DESIRE. WO OAN MAKE ANYTHING IN THE OF TICAL LINE. KELLAM & MOORE Scientific Opticians,

54 Marietta street, opposite postoffice.

GOVERNOR'S ISLAND, N. Y. H., Jaly B., 1893.—Sealed proposals, in triplicate, for funishing such qualities of forage and stave as may be required in the department of the east, during fiscal year ending June 20, 1898 will be received here and at offices of quarts masters at Baltimore, Md., Boston, Mass., Buffalo, N. Y., New Orleans, La., For Magara, N. Y., Fort Ontario, N. Y., Madisand, N. Y., Plattsburgh Barracks, N. Y., Plattsburgh Barracks, N. Y., Fort Trombull, Conn., Fort Monroe, N., Newport Barracks, Ky., Fort Thomas, B. Fort Trumbull, Conn., Fort Monroe, N., Newport Barracks, Ky., Fort Thomas, B. Fort Barracks, A., and Monnt Verberson, Ga., St. Francis Barracks, Fla., Fort Barracks, Fla., and Mount Verberson, Ga., St. Francis Barracks, Ha., until 12 o'clock noon, eater time, on Friday, August 18, 1803, and institute on Friday, August 18, 1803, and institute of the monney in the first starting in the month of the control of the cont

THE President

THE NEWS Mr. MeBu

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All-Good All the Time.

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ALL ELSE FAILS. tropoise.

Oxygen by Absorption. e book FREE. Write nd see what the e is doing for your

ELECTROPOISE CO., St., Atlanta, Ga.



KE YOU ANY STYLE IS YOU DESIRE. WI

& MOORE

c Opticians,

THE OUTLOOK FINE.

President Waddell Talks About the Coming State Fair.

THE NEWS OF THE DAY IN MACON.

Mr. McBurney Re-elected-Western Ex cursionists Purchasing Land-The Pharmaceutical Association.

Macon, Ga., July 21.—(Special.)—Colonel J. O. Waddell, the popular and efficient president of the Georgia State Agricultural Society, is in the city today, but his visit does not relate this time to the state fair, but is in regard to the annual convention of the society, which is to be held next month at Stone Mountain. It has always been the custom of the railroads the convention. All of the roads, except Central, have already notified President Waddell that they will furnish the usual passes and no doubt the Central will the accustomed courtesy. Colonel Waddell will go from Macon to Savannah to see the Central authorities in regard to it. The Central has always been pleased to grant passes, and the old

been pleased to grant passes, and the old reliable will hardly make an exception to the rule this time.

President Waddell says the outlook for the state fair is very fine. The fair, he says, promises to be a success in every way. He also expects a large attendance at the annual convention next month. The election of officers will occur then. President Waddell will no doubt be his own successor, as he has discharged the duties of the office faithfully and efficiently. He is hard at work for the state fair, and carefully watches the varied interests of the society.

Mr. McBurney Re-alected.

Mr. McBurney Re-elected.

Mr. McBurney Re-elected.

Mr. J. C. McBurney has been re-elected president of the Ocmulgee Street and Improvement Company. An effort was made to defeat him, but he beat the opposition two to one. The other officers elected were as follows: J. S. Baxter, vice presiden: Henry Cutter, secretary and treasurer; directors, George W. Gustin, L. W. Hollingssporth, John D. Hudgins, R. L. Henry, W. H. Mansfield, J. C. McBurney, J. S. Baxter, George W. Duncan, Henry Horne, T. C. Hendrix and Henry Cutter. Mr. McBurney has been president of the company many years, and has been very energetic in preparing the land of the company to be put on the market for sale.

Purchasing Land.

Purchasing Land.

Of the last party of western excursionists who visited along the line of the Georgia Southern and Florida railroad, several of them bought large tracts of land for peach orchards and other purposes. They were greatly pleased with the country, and think their investments will bring prosperous and satisfactory results.

Habeas Corpus. Ordinary Wiley had a habeas corpus case before him today. Susie Thomas prayed for the possession of her child, a girl about six years old, which the uncle of the woman had in his charge and refused to give up, holding himself a better protector of the girl than her own mother. Ordinary Wiley's decision gave the child to her mother.

Association.

Macon will be well represented at the annual meeting of the Georgia Pharmaceutical Association, which will be held at Rome August 10th and 11th. Mr. Mallory H. Taylor, of Macon, is treasurer of the association. Rome is preparing to give the visiting druggists a most hospitable reception. Many of the pharmacists will be accompanied by their wives and daughters. The association has had a remarkable growth in the past few years. The membership is large and steadily increasing. Great interest is now taken in the annual meetings. The coming meeting will no doubt be the largest attended in the history of the association. It is expected that there will be about three hundred present, including the visiting ladies. Among the business to be transacted is the nomination of a candidate who is appointed by the governor a member of the state board of pharmaceutical examiners, to fill the vacancy caused by the expiration of the term of office of S. C. Durham, of Augusta. Dr. J. W. Goodwyn, the well known pharmacist and cultured gentleman is president of this board. Examination of candidates for druggists will commence on August 9th. After the close of the state association meeting a trip has been arranged for the druggists to go to Chicago The Pharmaceutical Association. association meeting a trip has been arranged for the druggists to go to Chicago in vestibuled sleepers to attend the international congress of pharmacists. Delegates from every civilized country on the globe will be present. The Georgia association will be represented by J. W. Goodwyn, of Macon; H. R. Slack, of LaGrange: Theo Schumann, of Atlanta; S. C. Parsons, of Savannah, and S. C. Durham, of Augusta.

The Fats and Leans. The entire Macon populace will attend the great game of baseball tomorrow between the fats and leans for the benefit of the public library. The attendance promises to be immense. The two nines are in fine trim for the contest, and the people are ready for the sport. Ed Brown, of the Aragon, will come from Atlanta expressly to umpire the game. He will do it in great shape.

Newsy Notes.

Newsy Notes. Receiver H. M. Comer, of the Central road, is in the city today. He had a long conference with Judge Speer.

Major W. F. Shellman, the popular and efficient traffic manager of the Central

oad, is in Macon.

Mr. L. J. Harris and wife have returned from a visit to the world's fair. They were delighted with their trip.

Mr. W. T. Johnston, president of the Merchants' bank, has returned from Cumberland

Mr. W. T. Johnston, president of the Merchants' bank, has returned from Cumberland.

Miss Dollie Blount, daughter of Minister Immes H. Blount, has returned from Savannah, where she has been on a most delightful visit to Miss Lester, daughter of Congressman Lester.

The funeral services of Mr. W. A. Mclendon were held this morning at 10 clock, and were largely attended. Mr. McLendon was a well known and highly steemed citizen, and leaves many friends and relatives to mourn his death.

The body of Mrs. Rebecca P. Harrison Brived today from Savannah and was buried at Rose Hill cemetery at the noon hour. The deceased formerly resided in Macon. She was greatly beloved by all who knew her.

WHERE IS MR. FRENCH P

His Presence Is Wanted in Brunswick—A Mysterious Chain of Circumstances. Brunswick, Ga., July 21.-(Special.)-A miarly mysterious affair is reported to-

Some months ago Cyrus M. Shelton, ected citizen, died, leaving a wife and two children. Last week Mrs. Shelton died, and her mother, Mrs. Gray, was stricken ill from constant attention and over exertion. During Mrs. Gray's illness, R. T. French, her brother, whom she said not seen in thirty years, arrived and said. her returning from the war, he entered le soldiers' home in Ohio. Shortly after rench's arrival he was sunstroke, and, ater, Mrs. Gray died. French recovered,

In Mrs. Gray's room was an iron safe, containing her will, a deposit book showing 1,800 to her credit in Bridgeport, Conn., ak, and a deed to a house and lot in deeport. Before her death, Mrs. Gray the attending physician that she had ed everything to Mrs. Shelton's little dren. The safe and contents have also peared, and, in view of French's arrival conduct while here, and

and contents with him.

The children are left practically penniless. The Catholic church will care for

TOBACCO IN WARE.

The Result of the Second Year's Work on the Experimental Tobacco Farm. Waycross, Ga., July 21 .- (Special.)-The

result of the curing of the second year's crop of tobacco on the Waycross experimental tobacco farm has been watched with as keen interest by the farmers of this section as was the culture of the

Now that the culture and curing of the tobacco have been remarkably successful it is safe to say that the growing of tobacco will be an important industry in this county. A great many of the leading farmers have concluded to plant tobacco next

county. A great many of the leading farmers have concluded to plant tobacco next year.

The work of curing has been going on for several weeks and during that time hundreds of farmers have visited the farm. The farm contains about fifty acres and is considered to be poor land—a sandy soil. A simple compost, costing obout \$9 per ton was made by Mr. W. A. Paschal, the superintendent, which proved to be a better fertilizer than any commercial fertilizer used. The plants were of different kinds and the process of curing will last for several weeks longer. The farm will be increase to over seventy-five acres next year. Two large barns have been used this summer. The cost of the production of the crop has been comparatively small. The work was done by two hands. The leaf will be manufactured into cigars by the c.gar factory which is operated by the farm. There is a probability of a warehouse being built here in the near future. Should there be a large acreage planted in the county next year this will be the market. Mr. Paschal is an experenced tobacco grower and the success of the experiment is due to his skill in the culture and curing of the leaf.

A NEW BANK FOR WAYCROSS.

terested at the Council Chamber.

Waycross, Ga., July 21.-(Special.)-An important meeting was held in the city council room last evening by those inter-ested in the organization of the Bank of Waycross.

The meeting was attended by quite a

The meeting was attended by quite a number of the representative business men of the place. Hon. Leon A. Wilson was made chairman and W. M. Toomer, secretary of the meeting.

The charter for the Bank of Waycross was read by the chairman.

The motion to open the subscription books was carried and the chairman prepared a list for subscriptions. Two hundred and seventy-one shares were subscribed. A majority of those interested in the bank were absent on business. A commit-

of stock.

The charter gives the bank a capital stock of \$50,000 to commence business on, and the privilege of increasing the same to \$200,000. A meeting for organization and the election of officers and directors will be held in a few days. The new bank will be in operation at an early date.

BACK TO THE ASYLUM

A Young Man Says He Is Making His Way Now at Shady Dale.

Shady Dale, Ga., July 21.—(Special.)—A young white man about twenty-seven years of age was put off the Macon and Northern just below this place last evening. He is here this morning without money. He says that he is making his way back to the hearte asylum where he was the says that he is making his way back to the hearte asylum where he was the says that he is making his way back He says that he is making his way back to the lanatic asylum, where he says he was released as cured some time past. He says that he is from Coweta county, but will not give his name. He has brown hair, brown eyes and dark complexion; weighs about 130 pounds and is about five feet six inches high.

He told the marshal of the town that he was at one time in good circumstances.

was at one time in good circumstances, but was burned out, since when he don't remember much. He says that he was under Dr. Powell at the asylum and wants to return there.

Dr. Powell has been wired in regard to the matter and the young man will be well cared for until he is heard from.

WILL HARBEN A CONSULAR POSSIBILITY.

His Friends in North Georgia Urging Him Dalton, Ga., July 21.—(Special.)—Will N. Harben, the novelist and author, whose home is in Dalton, will be pushed by the friends for consul to some prominent German city in case the present applicants do not set it. It's understood that none of the present applicants will get an appointment, because of lack of knowledge of the German language. Mr. Harben is a proficient German scholar and is acquainted with German customs and literature.

literature.

The movement has developed in the last few days and it is said such men as ex-Governor McDaniel, Senator Colquitt, Paul B. Trammell, L. N. Trammell and others are behind it. As a consulate has been promised to Georgia and Harben seems to be the only German scholar who has applied for it, it is believed that he will get it. His friends will make a strong fight.

A PRESIDENT ELECTED

and Other Steps Toward Opening Freddie

Shipp Initiate Taken.

Cordele, Ga., July 21.—(Special.)—The trustees of the Freddie Shipp Female college met here on Tuesday. A president was elected and it was determined by the board to open the college on September 1st.

Professor J. M. Kelley, of Jeffersonville, Ga., was elected president. No better selection could have been made. Professor Kelley has had ten years' experience in teaching, having held high positions in the educational having held high positions in the educational delds of the state. He is well known in south

fields of the state. He is well known in south Georgia.

The election for teachers was postponed for a few days. This action on the part of the trustees puts the college on a firm footing and it will open up under flattering auspices. It will be run by the Baptists of south Georgia, but will in no wise be a sectional school. The trustees were tendered and accepted The South Georgia Sentinel as the organ of the college.

THEY SCUFFLED FOR THE PISTOL

With the Usual Result—The Victim Was
Seventeen Years Old.

Toccoa, Ga, July 21.—(Special.)—The
ert Lyles, a young man about seventeen
years old, was shot and almost instantly
killed this afternoon by Robert Freeman

killed this afternoon by Rober: Freeman, a young friend of his about the same age. The killing was accidental and occurred about five miles from Toccoa at the home of the deceased boy's father, Mr. H. A. Lyles.

Freeman was at Lyles's house being snaved. On entering the house he laid a pistol on the bureau, which contained only one load. When he left he was accompanied by young Lyles. They walked some distance, Freeman carrying the revolver in his hand. Lyles undertook to take it from him when a friendly scuffle ensued. The pistol was discharged, the ball entering Lyles's left side, going through his heart. The bereaved parents have the sympathy of all.

Resolutions from Heard.

Franklin, Ga., July 21.—(Special.)—At a recent meeting of the citizens of this county, composed both of alliancemen and non-alliancemen, resolutions were passed requesting congress on its early assembling in view of the extremely distressing financial situation, to immediately take steps to relieve the same. The resolutions earnestly demanded the free and unlimited coinage of silver at the present ratio of 16 to 1, the abolition of the infamous national banking system, and in lieu thereof give the people postal saving banks by which they can receive moncy directly from the government at a low rate of interest not to greed 2 per cent, and that the circulating medium be increased to not less than 550 per capita. Expressions of appreciation at the president's act in calling the extra session president's act in calling the extra session were passed, and The Constitution was requested to give notice of the resolutions to the public. Resolutions from Beard.

The Boys Who Fought Together in A Remarkable Amdavit Made by a Well-That Grand Old Regiment,

MET AT VILLA RICA YESTERDAY,

And Revived the Memories of the Days
That Tried Men's Souls-"Tige" Anderson Was There.

Villa Rica, Ga., July 21.-(Special.)-It was Villa Rica, Ga., July 21.—(Special.)—It was on the 21st day of July, 1861, just thirty-two years ago today, that the Seventh Georgia regiment met the enemy in battle for the first time, and this was on the bloody field of the first Manassas, at which time, and since the regiment has been called the "Bloody Seventh," and today the survivors of this gallant regiment of infantry held their tenth nnual reunion.

At an early hour this morning droves of

old soldiers, their wives and children, com-menced to come into town and when a big exension from Atlanta and other points ar-rived there were nearly five thousand people on the ground.

The survivors of the Seventh Georgia and other soldiers formed into line near the depot and under command of General "Tige" Anderson, of Anniston, Ala., who was the brigadier general of the brigade to which the Seventh

general of the brigade to which the Seventh Georgia belonged, and marshal of the day, Captain John J. Velvin, the soldiers, nearly one thousand strong, marched to a commo-dious warehouse near by. The association was called to order by G.

W. S. Power, president of the association and a member of Company E. Judge J. M. Hamick, of Villa Rica, Introduced the old soldiers to about one hundred pretty little girls whom he called the "Sunnower" brigane. These little girls passed through the audience and pinned a bouquet on the lapel of the coat of each old soldier present. Then the choir sang "Ail Hail the Power of Jesu's Name" and Rev. Frank Powell, of Newman, offered prayer. As an Atlants band played "Dixle" and "Bonnie Blue Fiag" the yells were hearty indeed.

The address of welcome by Judge J. M. Hamick was a touching speech, in which he told of the brotherly love that existed in he hearts or old soldiers for each other. He pictured the marches through old Virginia through storm and through snow, when some of the men were barefooted and nearly naked, very vividiy and when he sat/down there was not a dry eye among the old soldiers present. Captain C. K. Maddox, of Asianta, a member of Company K, responded to the speech luced the old soldiers to about one hundred

Captain C. K. Maddox, of Atianta, a member of Company K, responded to the speece of welcome in a happy manner.

One hour was taken for dinner and the people of Villa Rica made a grand spread and everybody ate to their heart's content.

In the afternoon a speech by General "Tige" Anderson was an attractive feature of the exercises. This gallant oid solder who is now past his three score years and ten, made the speech of the day. The men whom he lead to many a victory in oid Virginia, and whose heads are white as cotton cried like children and not only these but everybody who heard him.

cried like children and not only these but everybody who heard him.
Judge J. M. Hamick, of Company F, was elected president of the association; Jasper Gannt, of Company H, vice president; C. W. Wells, of Company K, of Atlanta, secretary; Rev. G. W. Colquitt, of Company G, chaplain; Thomas Wood, of Atlanta, Company B, treasurer; John B. Duncan, of Company D, color bearer.
The next meeting of the association

lain; Thomas Wood, of Atianta, Company B, treasurer; John B. Duncan, of Company B, color bearer.

The next meeting of the association will be held at Powder Springs.

The choir sang "God Be With Yon Till We Meet Again," and the chaplain pronounced the benediction.

The Seventh Georgia regiment drilled in Atlanta early in 1861 and was composed of Company F., from Carroliton, under Captain A. F. Burke; Company G., from Heard county, under Captain Boe Brown; Company A., from Newnan, under Captain S. W. Lee; two companies from Atlanta, Company A., under Captain Ballard, and Company B., under Captain Foreacre; three companies from Cobounty, Company H., by Captain Hux; Company I, by Captain Howier; Company C., from Paulding county, under Captain Jenkins, and Company E, from DeKaib county, under Captain Fowier—ten companies in all or about one thousand men. The colonel was Ladus J. Gartrell, deceased. The regiment joined Hood's division and Longstreet's corps. The first engagement of this regiment was at the first Manassas, and it was there they captured the first battery of the war, and from that on the regiment was called the "Bloody Seventh."

This gallant regiment fought at the second Manassas. Gettysburg, Wilderness, Spottsylvania and every important battle fought by General Lee in old Virginia and surrendered at Appomattox. It was there that General "Tige" Anderson tore the flag of the Seventh Georgia from its staff and folded it in his bosom and brought it safe home. He says he wants it for his winding sheet when he dies.

This regiment, which was classed as one of the best posterior per confeder.

This regiment, which was classed as one of This regiment, which was classed as one of the best infantry regiments in the confederate army, went out with 1.000 men and returned with less than five hundred; the other brave boys are sleeping in their graves in old Virginia.

At the reunion today the matter of holding a reunion on the first Manassas battle ground

was discussed and a meeting will probably be held on this historic battlefield ere long. THEY SERENADED THE MAYOR,

And He Gave the Soldiers the Freedom of

the City-Notes of Camp Northen. Griffin, Ga., July 21.—(Special.)—Certainly the Flist and Third regiments have been the Flist and Third regiments have been fortunate in having good weather for their siege at the encampment. The sun has been shining but little, making the days quite pleasant. In consequence more work has been accomplished and the boys have felt it less. The grounds are not as dusty as might be expected from the horses, carriages and pedestrians that go over them. A good rain fell the other day and the parade ground has been in excellent condition since.

pedestrians that go over them. A good rain fell the other day and the parade ground has been in excellent condition since.

Routine work still goes on and as much interest seems to be manifested as at first. While on duty you cannot find a stricter military set than the First and Third Georgia regiments. They pay the strictest obedience to every order and carry them out with exactness becoming to regulars. Yet when off duty they have their fun.

The other night about 200 formed in a line and under command of Dean Swit, of the Conyers Volunteers, marched over to Griffin and then out to the mayor's residence. Colonel Boyd, the mayor, came out and, being called on, gave the boys a nice speech. He said he would like to treat them at his home, but that was impossible, as he was not loaded for a whole regiment, but that they could go up town and order anything they wanted and have it charged to him. This pleased the fellows much, and cheer after cheer went up for the heavy mayor of Griffin.

"Boyd' was the pass word with the boys and still he is endeared to them. Good order relgned throughout. They got back to camps before the last tap was sounded and went to sleep unmolested.

The famous Gatling gun of the Chatham Ar-

before the last tap was sounded and went to sleep unmolested.

The famous Gatling gun of the Chatham Artillery was used on the rifle range today and the target was hit 130 times out of about 150 shots. The gun is called the "Nigger Regulator," of Savannash.

The dress parade this afternoon was one of the prettiest yet seen. It was longer, as some practice was desired for Governor's Day. Just before the parade was finished one of the boys got a little too hot and fainted. Everybody is now talking of the sham battle tomorrow afternoon. Preparations are actively going on and the display promises to be first-class in every respect. The camp today had quite a number of visitors.



markable in its effects that it can be sold on this plan is Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. As a blood-cleanser, strength-restorer, and flesh-builder, there's nothing like it known to medical science. In every disease where the fault is in the liver or the blood, as Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Billousness, and the most stubborn Skin, Scalp, and Scrofulous affections, it is guaranteed in every case to benefit or cure, or you have your money back.

To every sufferer from Catarrh, no matter how bad the case or of how long stand-ing, the proprietors of Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy say this: "If we can't cure it, perfectly and permanently, we'll pay you \$500 in cash." Bold by all draggiou.

Known Business Man.

AFFLICTED . WITH LOCOMOTOR ATAXIA

Five Years—Was Given Up by the Lead-ing Physicians of New York City and Discharged from the Hanhattan Hospital as Incurable.

From The New York Tribune. For some time there has been an increasing number of stories published in the newspapers of New York city telling of marvel. papers of New York city telling of marvel-ous cures of various diseases that have been made by different medicines and treatments. It has long been the intention of The Trebune to investigate one of the most in-teresting cases that could be found and give the truth to the world as a matter of news. Happening on the case of George L'Hommedieu the other day an investiga-tion was made with the following very happy result:

L'Hommedieu the other day an investigation was made with the following very happy result:

When the reporter called on Mr. L'Hommedieu at the residence of his cousin, Mr. Edward Houghtaling, 271 W. 134th St., he said: "I am 51 years of age and was born in Hudson, N. Y. I served my time in the army, being corporal of Company A. 21st N. J. Volunteer. It has been about fifteen years since I noticed the first symptoms of my disease. I consulted Dr. Allen, of Yorkville, and also Dr. Pratt, since deceased. Dr. Pratt exhausted his powers in my behalf and finally told me that he could do nothing more for me.

"Finally I was advised by Dr. Gill to go to the well-known scient st, Dr. Hamilton. He gave me a most thorough examination and did me no good. I felt I was growing weaker every day and went to the Manhattan hospital at 41st St. and Park Ave. and was under treatment by Dr. Seguin. He treated me for about three months and then told me that I had locomotor ataxia and was beyond the aid of medical science. I was now a complete physical wreck; all power, feeling and color had left my legs and it was impossible for me to feel the most severe pinch or even the thrust of a needle.

"If my skin was scratched there would be no flow of blood whatever, and it would take it fully six weeks to heal up. In the night I would have to feel around to find my legs. My pains were excruciating and at times almost unbearable. I would take large doses of morphine to deaden the pains. About five years ago Dr. Lewis A. Sayre, of 285 Fifth avenue, made a trial of the French method of stretching the spine. Although I received no benefit from this treatment I shall always feel grateful to Dr. Sayre for his great interest and kindness.

"So severe had my case become by this time feet I senid not walk without as." Sayre for his great interest and kindness.

"So severe had my case become by this
time that I could not walk without assistance, and was almost ready to give up

life.

"I began the use of Pink Pills for Pale People in September last. I took them rather irregularly at first with the cold water treatment. In a very short time I was convinced that I was getting better and I began the use of the pills in earnest, taking about one box every five days, "The first sign of improvement was in November 1892, when I had a rush of blood to the head and feet causing a stinging and prickling sensation. February 22d, 1893, was the first time in five years I had ever seen any sign of blood in my feet. From this time on I began to improve. My strength and appetite have gradually returned; I now have perfect control of my bowels, and the pains have gradually left me. I can sit and write by the hour and walk up stairs by balancing myself with my hands. Without doubt I am a new man from the ground up, and I have every reason to believe that I will be hale and hearty in less than six months. I have taken about twelve boxes of pills."

Sworn to before me this 11th dex of March, 1893. H. E. MELVILLE.

Commissioner of Deeds, (Seal)

New York City.

The reporter next called on Mr. Robert W. Smith, a member of the firm of Mar-"I began the use of Pink Pills for Pale

(Seal)

Commissioner of Deeds,
New York City.
The reporter next called on Mr. Robert
W. Smith, a member of the firm of Marchal & Smith, who said:
"Thave known Mr. George L'Hommedieu
for twenty years. He became connected
with our firm as secretary in 1879, and
attended strictly to his office duties until
1881, when he was stricken down with his
trouble. As the disease advanced he was
obliged to succumb and reluctantly gave
up his office work. I know that he tried
various physicians and their treatments
without the least success, and, as he
states, he was finally discharged from the
Manhattan hospital and told that he was
in the last stages of locomotor ataxia and
was beyond the hope of human aid. About
six months ago, or so, he was advised to
try Dr. Williams's Pink Pills for Pale
People, with the cold water treatment.
The last time I saw Mr. L'Hommedieu
he had gained the use of his limbs to such
an extent that he could walk up stairs
with the help of his wife and is now do.

the had gained the use of his limbs to such an extent that he could walk up stairs with the help of his wife, and is now doing much important work for us at his home ROBERT W. SMITH."

Sworn to and subscribed before me this 11th day of March, 1893.

(Seal.) W. H. WOODHULL,

Notarry Public, New York county.

An analysis of Dr. Williams's Pink Pills show that they contain, in a condensed form, all the elements necessary to give new life and rickness to the blood and restore shattered nerves. They are an unfailing specific for such diseases as locomotor ataxia, partial paralysis, St. Vitus's dance, sciatica, neuralgia, rheumatism, nervous headache, the after effect of la grippe, palpitation of the heart, pale and saflow complexion and all forms of weakness either in male or female. Pink Pills are sold by all dealers, or will be sent post paid on receipt of price, (50 cents a box—they are never sold in bulk or by the 100) by addressing Dr. Williams's Medicine Company, Schenectady, N. Y., or Brockville, Ontario.

\$5.00 TICKETS.

Atlanta to Tybee island and return every Saturday, good to return following Tues-day via Central railroad of Georgia. -3m fri sat

Have Beecham's Pills ready in the house-

Cheapeat Rates to Chicago.

For parties of ten, or more, traveling together on solid ticket, the Western and Atlantic railroad will sell them tickets Atlanta to Chicago for \$15.41, first-class, or \$15.16 second class. Thus, on second class ticket, saving each passenger \$5.24.

For further information call on C. B. Walker, ticket agent, union depot, or R. D. Mann, ticket agent, No. 4 Kimball house. july 20-1m

A Saving of Money. A Saving of Money.

Parties are being organized weekly to take advantage of the cheap rates by the East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia to Chicago. The rate per capita for persons joining such parties is \$15.41 first-class; \$15.16 second-class, thus saving on each first-class ticket \$4.99, and on each second class ticket \$5.24. The list is kept in the office of E. E. Kirby, city ticket agent, corner Kimbali house, and R. A. Williams, passenger and ticket agent, 42 Wall street.

July 19 1w

PERSONAL

C. J. Daniel wall paper, window shades and furniture, 40 Marietta street, 'Phone 77. REDUCED RATES TO THE WORLD'S FAIR.

ters for World's Fair Tickets 48 Wall Street. By organizing parties of ten you can save \$5.24 on your teket. Call at office and get guide to the fair and information about hotel accommodations from \$1 a day and upward. Sleeping car berths reserved in advance. R. A. Williams, Ticket and Passenger Apont E. T., V. and G. Ry.
june 25-1m.

BITUATIONS WANTED-Male

SITUATIONS WANTED-Female.

WANTED-Miscellaneous.

ell street.

WANTED—One hundred loads of dirt at once. A. C. Briscoe, Capitol.

WANTED FOR CASH—Second-hand furniture, carpets, stoves, sewing machines, rerigerators, etc. Call at 165 Marietta street or drop a postal card and have man call at your residence. J. W. Braddy, agent, 165 Marietta street.

good double-barreled breech-loader. 23 1-2
West Alabama street. July 29-3t
WANTED-Live Fish-The East Lake Land
Co. wants all the live fish they can get delivered at East Lake; call at office, 15 Decatur st., for terms. T. C. Hampton, Secretary.
July 16 7t

july 19-5t \$250,000 TO LOAN on Atlanta real estate. Also purchase money notes bought. Address "Capitalist," Chicago, Ill., care general de-july 19-1w MONEY TO LOAN—On the building and loan plan. Our association has many attractive features. Douglas & Dowling. 233 Equitable building.

JOHN Y, DIXON. 411 Equitable Building.

Loans on improved city property. Good B. and L. stock wanted.

WE ARE THEFAIRD To negotiate loans on choice residence and central business property in amounts from \$3,000 to \$100,000 without delay, at very low rates. Riley-Grant Company No. 28 S. Broad street.

MONEY TO LEND on central business and improved residence property at 6 and 7 per cent. Apply at once to Weyman & Connors, 511 Equitable building. may11-1y

FOR RENT.-Cottages, Houses, Etc. FOR RENT—Cottage—Seven rooms, new papered and painted, gas, water, electric ears near the door, one block from Peachtree. Apply to 36 W. Baker street. FOR RENT-45 East Cain street, new 7-room house with electric bells and all modern improvements. Apply to C. E. Harman, Equitable building. july16-sun tues sat thur

FOR RENT-Several alce rooms on second floor of Constitution building: can be made into a suite of offices or changed to suit desir-able tenant. Apply at Constitution business

LOST. BUSINESS CHANCES.

FOR SALE-Real Estate. IS THERE any money left? Won't any one snawer this advertisement? I have been instructed by a party who absolutely must have money to simply get him an offer on two choice residence lots on the north side. Address Necessity, Constitution office.

_july21.1m

YOR SALE-\$7,500 New 8-room residence 21% Jackson; modern, strictly first-class; beau-tiful shaded lot. Might accept as part pay desitable improved or vacant property. If not hold before July 1st will lease. Owner. 103e 22—1 mo, thur. sat. tues.

WANTED-Agents.

BUILDING MATERIAL

BIG STOCKS bone dry flooring and ceiling, must all for cash. Come and get it at your own price. Doors, \$1. Atlanta Lumber Com-pany, Homphries and Glenn streets. july211w CONTRCTORS ND BUILDERS-We are selling strictly lump line in ten-barrel lots at 35 cents, and guarantee it to give satisfaction. Call and see us, and we will make you extremely low figures on your building materials. G. O. Williams & Bro., 257 Marietta st.; 'Phone 328. july9-d-tf

I.ADIES! Chichester's English Pennyroyal Pills (Dirmond Brand), are the best, safe, reliable; teke no other; send 4c (atamps) for particulars, "Relief for Ladies," in letter by return mall. At druggista. Chichester Chemi-cal Company, Philadelphia, Pa. april6-156t-thur-sar-sur

MEDICAL.

FOR SALE-Miscellaneous. FOR SALE—A good mileh cow six years old, calf three weeks old. Will sell reasonable. Can be seen at Morrison wagon yard, Decatur street.

FIRE AND BURGLAR-PROOF SAFES
New and second hand. Safes
moved and repaired; call on, or
address, Atlanta Safe Company, 33
North Broad street, Southern Agents Mosler Safe Company.

BALARY of commission to agents to handle the patent Chemical Ink Erasing Pencil. The most useful and novel invention of the age. Erases ink thoroughly in two seconds. Works like marine, 200 to 500 per cent profit. Agents making \$50 per week. We also want a general agent to take charge of territory and appoint subagents. A rare chance to make money. Write for terms and specimen of erasing. Monroe Braser Manufacturing Co., X., 392 La Crosse, Wis.

WANTED—A position as stenographer, coprist, and to do general office work. Can liso keep books. Best of references given. Address Mc., 401-2 Peachiree street.

A LADY, who is a graduate of a Virginia college, qualified to teach English, mathematics, French and Latin, and who has had nuch experience in teaching, desires a situation. A position in a school or seminary preferred. References given and required. Address "Mu," Portsmouth, Va. july 22-1w.

WANTED Boys and young men who wish an education, best advantages, proper treatment, etc., to send for catalogue of Fishburne School, Waynesboro, Va.
july 22-4t.

july 22-4t.

WANTED Orders for our hand-made ice cream. Made of pure cream, also sweet milk, sweet cream; buttermilk, ice and butter. Central Dairy Company, No. 5 E Mitch-all street.

WANTED-To swap a very fine violin for a

MONEY TO LOAN.

MONEY TO LOAN for non-residents at 8 per cent on central city property, three or five years. H. C. Stockdell.

MONEY TO LOAN.—Money can be obtained by borrowers for long periods on Atlanta improved real estate by applying to Brandon & Arkwright, 14 1-2 South Broad st.

July 8 1m

7 PER CENT-Money to lend on improved Atlanta property. No delay. Rosser & Carter, over Merchants' bank.

\$2,500 TO LOAN at once on Atlanta property. William C. Hale, 21 North Pryor,

property. William Corner Decatur street WANTED-Money.

THE Park Avenue Land and Improvement Co., of Atlanta, Ga., wants to borrow \$25,000 at a reasonable rate of interest on unencumbered real estate in the city limits of Atlanta worth \$300,000. Apply to R. T. Dorsey, President, Atlanta, Ga. july16 7t

ROOMS.

WRITE for sample copy of our beautifully llustrated marriage journal. Brown Publishing Company, Toledo, O. july9-17t CASH paid for old gold. Julius R. Watts & Co., 57 Whitehall street. WHEN IN BUFFALO stop at the Genesee Nlagara Falls forty miles away. july16-1y

BOTTLING OUTFIT, rare chance, com-plete with all late improvements, new; cheap for dash or easy terms. Central City Cider Co., Macon, Ga. July 16 7t

WANTED—Good special and local agents to represent ordinary life department Metropolitan Life Insurance Company. Liberal commissions allowed. Strong old line company. Attractive plans. Frank M. Oliver & Co., General agents, Macon, Ga. june 29—10t thur sat tues

FOR SALE—Fine peach and grape land, 240 acres on Central radiroad of Georgia. Best fruit district of Georgia. Twenty minutes' walk frem railread station. Correspondence invited. Price very low. Address A. R. Piper, Barnesville, Ga.

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ATLANTA, GA., July 22, 1893.

The "Silver Dump" Discussed,

"It is a statement not pleasant to make," says The Boston Advertiser, that the 'silver men' are not easily overthrown in debate." The truth is that every vital argument put forward by the bimetallists has remained and rill continue to remain unanswered This is not because the single gold standard men lack intelligence; it is because the contention of the bimetallists rests on a solid foundation of facts. Whereas, on the other hand the doctrines of the de gold standard advocates-the wor hipers of gold-have greed, and selss and Shylockism as a basis. We have quoted The Boston Advertiser's ark, not to comment on it, but to lace over against it a fresh illustration of the tendency to ignore facts which evalls among those who are engaged n vain efforts to overturn the arguats of the bimetallists. A little while igo, The Constitution took occasion to this question: "With our mints ened to the unlimited coinage of liver, and the metal placed on an equality with gold bullion before the law. at would be the effect on the price of the metal in London?

This question, which goes deeper than uld appear at first glance, has attracted the attention of Mr. Murat Halstead and in his letter to The New York Herdd of Thursday, he undertakes to an wer ft, and he does it in his customary

what would be the effect of the free coin are of silver? It would be a greater loss to the silver men than the stoppage of the purchase of the metal. Under the free coin are of the metal. Under the free coin silver would come in a second silver w te with our silver

allels this statement. It says: The result of the adoption of the free coinge act would be to dump in our marke ubstantially the world's product and store ally the world's product and store.

And it will probably require that the is to convince Mr. Bland that he is

It is simply amazing that as promient a publicist as Mr. Murat Halstead nd as reputable a newspaper as The lew York World should put forth such ts in the light of easily ascered facts-facts that lie on the very ce of the discussion. We might ose of the whole matter as easily as as shrill and penetrating voice he cried at in the house-"The gentleman, sir, as us with a silver deluge. od's name let it come!" This is, in ct, the attitude of the people, but we se to meet ignorance with light, ad to push the truth home so that r ignorance nor deceit shall be perofted to muddle the question.

Will Mr. Halstead and The World tell us where "the world's stock of sil-" is, and in what it consists? Do ev have reference to silver bullion, or ne world's stock of coined legal tensilver? If either Mr. Halstead or World can place their hands on a ck of uncoined silver outside of the ed States treasury, large enough to effect the question of unlimited coinage ne way or another they will shed conable light on the matter. But as nere is no such stock, they must refer to the world's store of coined silver. hey must mean that the nations of stand ready to send their legal silver coins to this country and em coined at our mints at a ratio of 16 to 1.

thing in the whole history of the mancial discussion is more wonan the amazing ignorance displayed Mr. Halstead and The New York orld in this particular contention. It derful because the facts are so of access. All that these writers d to do is to turn to the law of und coinage that prevailed until Febry, 1873. They will find there facts t will overwhelm them, and they no longer flaunt their ignorance bepeople, unless, indeed, it is their to remain ignorant and to be

The facts are these: The law of uned silver coinage that prevailed un-Il the crime of demonetization, never ovided for the coinage of silver free charge to the bullion owners. The unlimited coinage, without purfor one-tenth toll. In other words, nder the law that was surreptitiously led in 1873, bullion owners were comitted to carry 412 1-2 grains of pure to ahy mint and tender it to the In charge, who cut off 411-4 of the pure silver and reserved it government's toll. This left grains of pure silver for coinage and to this the government 114 grains of a mixture called arden the metal and fit it for ney. Thus it is that a silver ain 371 1-4 grains of tenths fine because one-liver has been taken out

and its place supplied by the cheap substitute known as alloy.

This brings us around again to the statement of Mr. Halstead and The York World that if were reopened to unlimited silver coinage under the old conditions, Europe's stock of silver would be dumped upon us. We shall treat the suggestion seriously. We shall give the proposition all the rope it wants so that our readers may see it as it really is. Let us suppose that our mints are reopened to unlimited coinage, and that these Europeans who have access to our channels of trade (foreign silver can come here in no other way) desire to take advantage of the situation. The first fact that confronts them is that Surope's sock of silver coin is worth its face value in gold. In England it is legal tender to the amount of \$10, in Germany to the amount of \$5, and in France, Italy, Spain, Switzerland, Belgium and Greece it is unlimited legal ender. Mr. R. E. Preston, acting director of the United States mint, says: "There is no discount in these countries on the legal tender silver at the banks. We say, therefore, that the first fact

which Europeans who desire to take advantage of our unlimited silver coinage will have to face is the legal tender value of their coined silver. Another fact is that the silver of

Europe is coined at a ratio of 151-2 to I, whereas American coinage is at the rate of 16 to 1. The traders or speculators who desired to take advantage of our reopened mints would have to buy European silver coins at their face valie in gold, that being their value at the banks. The European silver coins that amount to a dollar in gold contain 3 per cent less silver than our silver dollars, and as the bulk of European silver has een in use many years, it has probably lost 3 per cent by abrasion. Here is a dead loss of 6 per cent on every dollar's worth of European silver to be "dumped" on this country, to which must h dded freight and insurance.

But this is not all. The European oins could not be offered to our mints. The one-tenth alloy which they contain would have to be extracted-a loss of 10 per cent-and the extraction would ost another 5 per cent, making a loss nd cost of not less than 22 cents be fore the "dump" reached our mints. The European silver would have to be presented at our mints in the shape of pure silver, and of this pure silver the garernment would appropriate one-tenth of every dollar's worth, to be replaced by the alloy mixture, the total loss on every dollar's worth of European silver brought over here being not less than 32 cents. To put it another shape, for eign speculators, in order to "dump' European silver on our mints would be compelled to sell for 68 cents the silver that cost them a dollar in gold.

This is the famous silver dump that Mr. Murat Halstead and The New York World have evolved out of their heated minds, and they have published it forth to the world when all the facts of the case were within easy reach of them. Surely the honesty and intelligence of the people are superior to the wretched ignorance (or hypocrisy) with which the agents and organs of the national bank ring and the bondholders seek to maintain their views!

Ready to Come Back.

We observe a gratifying tendency on the part of some of our third party friends to come back to the democratic fold, provided the administration carries out in good faith the pledges of the party.

Some time ago The Constitution, in discussing an editorial in The Lincolnton Home Journal, which stated that the policy of the democratic platform would go far toward satisfying the de entiously adhered to, took the position that the democratic administration was in honor bound to redeem the party's pledges, and that the thing for all those who left the democratic party last year to do, was to renew their allegiance to the party of their fathers and join hands in urging the complete redemption of its pledges.

The Home Journal is one of the most onservative and sensible of the third party publications in the state, and it really manifests an inclination to do the right thing, though it says it will countenance no affiliation with the democratic party until the administration evi dences its purpose to redeem every promise through which it was put in power.

Of this it says:

We think, after consideration, (and we be-lieve The Constitution will agree with us), that we had better wait and see what the democrats propose to do in the extra session, before we of the people's party accept the suggestions of The Constitution as to returning to the democratic fold. If the administration and democratic party accept and legislate on the line as urged so ably by The Constitution for the last few months, then the people's party can consider the then the people's party can consider the propriety of accepting the suggestion of returning to the democratic fold. But in the meantime we will wait and see.

The tone of this is decidedly more commendable than that of a large class of third party organs which openly declare that their people are done with the democratic party and that under no circumstances will their affiliation be renewed. Such a sentiment is prompt ed by hide-bound prejudices which cannot be justified.

The democratic party, by its liberal campaign pledges, succeeded in carrying Georgia last year by about seventy thousand majority. This overwhelm ing majority was won by convincing the people that the evils against which they complained could be better remedied through such legislation as was outlined in the democratic platform than by the methods proposed by any other party Hundreds and thousands of voters in Georgia whose démocratic allegiance had been shaken, and who had flirted with the third party for some time, were induced to make a renewal of their faith and to assist in making one of the biggest democratic majorities ever recorded in Georgia. Democratic ora tors on the stump in every part of the state argued to the people the futility of deserting to follow a new standard when the old flag, under which they had fought for so long, gave them every assurance of the relief sought. The the fine because one-that been taken out by the government copies of third party and democratic

platforms printed side by side, to con-vince the people that the democratic party, if successful, would enact legislaion guaranteeing relief from the finan cial and tariff oppression saddled on the country by the republican party. The people were persuaded that as the democratic party had not been in power ince the war, it was not responsible the conditions against which the whole country was in open revolt. It was the liberality of the democratic platform and the assurance of democratic speak ers and democratic campaign commit tees that the party was sincere in its promises, that enabled it to sweep every state in the south by an overwhelming majority, and to put every branch of the executive and legislative depart ments of the government in control of the democratic party.

To have the democratic congress fail to redeem a single pledge of the contract olemnly made with the people at Chi cago, would be to repudiate the honesty of the democratic campaign, and to invite disaster to the party, when it has every chance to retain for an indefinite period, control of the affairs of the gov rnment, by simply carrying out in good faith the pledges it made to the people. If the democratic party fools the peo-

ple once, they will lose confidence in it, just as they have lost confidence in the republican party, and it would not be surprising should they not be willing to trust it again. But the party will not trifle with its sacred honor. It will edeem its pledges and carry out every plank in its platform, and just as woon is this is done there will no longer b left a vestige of the third party in Georgia, or any other southern state.

Labor and Values.

The Courier-Journal once had a writer on its staff who thoroughly understood the financial question in all its ramifications. That writer is dead now, or he has transferred his talents and his information to some other field of usefulness

This is as unfortunate for The Cor rier-Journal as it is for the people who have depended on our contemporary to advocate their side of the great issue which is demanding a settlement. It is unfortunate, but it cannot be helped We have discovered that when the beof goldbuggery stings a man or a news paper, the job is complete. Facts are forgotten and argument amounts to nothing.

The Courier-Journal, in its efforts to adjust itself to the unreasonable and llogical demands of goldolatry, thinks t has rediscovered a forgotten fact in the works of Adam Smith, to the effect that labor, and not the precious metals, is the true measure of value, and on this rediscovered fact, it bases an argument to the effect that gold has not de preciated when it is measured by the value of labor.

It is hardly worth while to follow this scheme into the air where it leads. Labor is, indeed, the true measure of value, whereas the precious metals, when they are employed as monetary stand ards, are only expressions of value. This is a fact that ought to lie at the bottom of the financial discussion that is now going forward.

It is equally true, and we presume The Courier-Journal will hardly dispute it, though it will destroy the gold argument, that in the price of the stapl commodities are to be found the wages of labor-the labor that produces them. This being so. The Courier-Journal must take into consideration not only the decreased value of labor engaged in agriculture—the basis of all other pur uits-but the immense waste of labor that is growing greater and greater every year by reason of its inability to find employment. Any investigation into the relations which labor bears to prices and values will have to be more than that contained in any government

report. Let The Courier-Journal, by consulting its own files, discover what an immense slump there has been in the wages of the cotton and wheat producers since 1873.

Mr. Halstead's "silver dump" is thoroughbred nightmare, red-eyed and ring tailed.

It is to be feared that Editor Watterson has eaten of the eastern puhcoon root. The democratic platform remains the gauge and measure of democracy-a tariff

or revenue only and the unlimited coinage of both gold and silver. The extra session is likely to be a long and an arduous one. The new congress

will have some very interesting problems The new bridge on Forsyth street is neat and airy. If West End was a part of the city she could join with us and cut a waternelon at the opening today.

Perhaps those who are opposing the annexation of West End had better wait and see whether that shy suburb is anxious to come in under the proposed conditions. The Sherman law is such a desperate

makeshift that the democratic platform pro-

poses to substitute for it the unlimited

coinage of gold and silver at a parity with each other. It is said that the unlimited coinage of ilver would not add nuch to the volume of currency. This is true, but it would afford a larger and g safer basis for credit money, treasury notes and the notes of

PUBLIC OPINION.

Houston Post: Mrs. Lease, the Kansas populist, is at present sowing the seeds of discontent in the mining districts of Michigan. Well, the old man is getting a summer rest at

St. Loyls Globe-Democrat: The report that St. Louis color-Denotate. And report that England is making warfike preparations on the west coast of Canada will not excite any-body on either side of our northern boundary Forts and fleets and soldlers will not line. Forts and fleets and soldlers will not stop the growth of annexation sentiment. One of these days Canada will knock for admission into the union and England will not fire a shot to prevent her from doing it.

Kansas City Star: No hair-brained madman Kansas City Star: No hair-brained madman, such as correspondents have delighted to depict the young "war lord," could have secured the consummation of his desires as speedily or effectually as he has done. Unless all the signs are at fault, the young monarch will, before many years, become the most dangerous character of the latter part of the nineteenth century or earlier portion of the twentieth century.

Knoxville Tribune: It is a singular fact that with all the outery against the debased silver dollar, that it will buy as much meat or bread or clothes as a gold dollar. It is only when it comes to paying the interest on bonds that it falls to do as much work as a gold dollar. The silver dollar lacks, therefore, the

one characteristic of depreciated currency. Prices have not risen as facy invariably do when currency is depreciated. This fact stands out in bold relief to confound those who decry silver as a money metal.

THE RESIDENCE AND A CONTROL OF THE PROPERTY OF

Washington Post: Nevertheless, we tnink that Governor Tillman will go down in the storm he has invoked. In this enlightened land, under these free institutions, amidst the monuments of the martyrs and liberators of 1776, he cannot re-ensiave mankind. All his courage, all his determination, all his in-credible contempt for consequences cannot avail him against the harvest of a century of freedom. His is the case of a tyrant without his jamissaries, of a despot without the agen-gles of terror and superstition at his disposal. He has within himself the material of a hundred oppressers. His fatal drawback is that he has no slaves to deal with. He will strike, but the mailed hand with which he strikes will be broken past all mending. It is his fate to live in an enlightened age,

PEOPLE WORTH MENTIONING

Chauncey M. Depew has postponed his vacation trip to Europe on account of the un-satisfactory condition of finances. He has not missed this annual outing for fifteen years, and hopes to be able to go some time in the

John R. Fellows, the Tammany orato puts in most of his afternoons watching the players in the Hoffman house billiardroom in New York. He is a short, stubby little man and has lately begun to spruce up considerably as to his dress. He is not given to indis criminate conversation and speaks to no one unless he is first addressed.

Robert Bonner is aging rapidly. His had and beard are white and he stoops perceptibly He has long ago given up any active participa-tion in the conduct of his paper, which he has turned over to his sons. He still possesses tion in the conduct of his paper, which he has turned over to his sons. He still possesses one of the finest trotting horse stables in the east, and may be seen on fine evening driving a pair of his blooded trotters through

Bishop Keane is not the first distinguishe Roman Catholic upon whom Harvard college has conferred an honorary degree. Lafayette, in the early days of the republic, was made a early days of the repu LL. D. by the university. The same degre was conferred a few years later upon Charle O'Connor, while not long ago the degree o Bishop Fitzpatrick, of Boston.

General Ely S. Parker, who is thought t be dying of paralysis in New York, where h was stricken a few days ago, is a full-blooded Seneca Indian, a lineal descendant of Red Jacket, and chief of the Six Nations. was born at Tonawanda, N. Y., but before the war lived at Galena. Ill., where he made the acquaintance of Ulysses S. Grant, then a resigned army captain and a helper in his father's leather store. During the war he served on Grant's staff until the close of the struggle, and was a prominent figure in the surrender at Appomattox.

There have been ple-eating and quail-devouring matches, oyster, clam and lobster swalowing matches, and various other contests in which stomach capacity was involved, but Charles A. Smith, of Denver, Col., is entitled to the honor of devising a new gastro-nomic test. He has issued a sweeping and odoriferous challenge to eat onions against any man in the United States for a stake of 100 a side, the loser to pay for the onlons No one has yet been found bold enough to ac ept the defy, but the Italian quarter of any good-sized city ought to furnish a champion.

Charles R. Buckland, the new editor of The American Economist, has had a somewhat variegated career. He was born in Tasmania and while still a young man entered the in surance business in New England; then h went upon a ranch in Queensland and upor eturning to New Zealand became a professor in Wellington college. Since then he has been editor of two Honolula papers, owner of a weekly San Francisco paper and correspondent for Jany other journals, American and Aus trailian; Hawailian vice consul in San Fran-cisco, an employe of Spreckles' Philadelphis sugar refinery, a farmer in New Jersey and last of all, editorial writer on The Springfield

ALLEGED FUN.

It is generally a great blow to a candle to Ice is sensitive. When left at your door n the hot sun it will run away if not brough

Orleans Picayune. "Jack the Clipper," who creeps upon o remind the barber that such things can be accomplished noiselessly.-Washington Star

It makes me stop and think; Where "Mumm" has been the drink.

"And who is this?" asked Aunt Clara, point ing to the picture of a chubby child in skirts.
"That," said Robby, who had been wearing
knickerbockers for some time, "is me when
I was a girl."—Tit-Bits.

"Soled out," he murmured to himself, as the father of his best girl gave him a lift at 2 o'clock in the morning.-New York Star. In a well regulated family the olive branch of peace is sometimes a stout hickory spr

She-You may light a cigar if you wish, Mr Trotter. I know how fond you are of smok-

but I haven't a match.,

She (after a moment's silence)—Isn't thereeb—some way in which we could make one?-

contribution to "Pansies; a Fount I had it ust "Pansies."

Editor—Didn't want to deceive the public. Readers have a right to know what it is they're reading.—Chicago Record.

Mr. Freshly (as the evening wanes)-I'm fraid it's getting late, aren't you?

Miss Backbay (stiffly)—I had that fear, Mr. Freshly, but I've had plenty of time to recover my composure since then.—Chicag

From The Wilmington Messenger.

only make a clear profit of \$114.50? A m can make more in corn even or in water-melons. Tobacco and trucking beat it out of sight. The margin is dreadfully small when it takes a man and a horse a year to make \$114.50. A Granville farmer some years ago would have turned up his nose if you talked of ess than \$200 clear profit on each acre of to acco, and many made \$300 or \$400, and the best \$500 or more. We do not believe south-ern farmers can keep out of debt if cotton orthon ranges at not more than 7 or 71.2 cents. The outlook now is for a big crop and lower prices. In view of what Texas alone can do in raising cotton—at less than a half it costs in the Carolinas—it will be well for planters to look squarely at, the situation and see if it

Eugene Field in The Chicago Record. Of the many wretched little ailments to which human flesh is helr there is none other nore vexatious than tonsilitis, and whe has once been afflicted therewith he is liable to a recurrence every time he catches cold. The smart thing, therefore, for a man to do when he has recovered from his first attack of tonsilitis is to have his tonsils snipped off has once been afflicted therewith he is li

that it would be unnatural and wicked to remove what an all-wise Creator had put into a man's throat. So for years, as we have said, the padre suffered excruciatingly from the recurrences of tonsilitis. But at last, during one of these periodical attacks, the physician introduced into the padre's throat a strange-looking instrument which the padre was assured was designed for spraying the congested member. But Father Prout was soon undeceived, for "snip" went that instrument, and in another instant the physician ment, and in another instant the physician was gleefully holding up to view the cause of so much misery. At first Father Prout pr tended to be exceedingly indignant, and we are told that the expletives in which he indulged are justified neither by the church nor by polite secular society. But as time sped on and Father Prout had no recurrences of the old trouble he became reconciled to the loss of his offending tonsils and a few months vase of his own design and commemorating, in one of these inscriptions which only Prout could write, the incident we have retold and the donor's gratitude for the recipient's heroic

REASONS FOR FREE COINAGE.

A Leading Alabama Merchant Discus Question Interestingly.

Editor Constitution: The population of the orld who use gold and silver metal as money with which to measure value, is estimated at 1,270,000,000; of this vast population it is also estimated by very competent authority, that the amount of the two metals used as money by this population is \$3,733,000,000 of gold and \$3,807,762,000 of silver, an exof gold and \$3,807,762,000 of silver, a cess of silver amounting to \$74,762,000. indicates more silver used in the world as currency than gold. Of this population and round numrendred and forty-three millions dollars of gold, and three hundred and thirty-three millions of silver dollars, the latter not a legal money except in small sums. The re-mainder of this population is 1,120,650,000, and are silver and bimetallic and have as legal money in gold \$3,280,000,000, in silver \$3.474.762.000. Now the bimetallic and silver people have an excess of \$3,031,762,000 in silver estimated in American coin more than the single standard gold people have in gold, nearly or quite six and a half dollars in silver to one in gold, hence would not any unfriendly legislation on silver be detrimental to the many and their holdings to the favor of the less number and their holdings, diminish the purchasing power of the one and increase the other? If this would not be so, why the destruction of values of so commodities by the limited coinage ver. For instance, three years ago in London was worth 54d per fine and middling upland cotton in New

ounce in London is less than our many in New York 81-8 cents per pound. Three years ago the Bland law was in force requiring the government to coin all builton purchased, now the Sherman law which permits the builton purchased to be stored like purchased, now the Sherman law which permits the bullion purchased to be stored like so much lead in the vauits of the treasury, Such is the "object lesson." For the year of 1891-92 the United States produced 9, 035,379 bales of cotton, in 1890-91 the crop produced was 8,632,597 bales, the former brought \$391,424,716, the latter \$429,792,047, a difference in value of more than thirty-eight and a quarter million dollars in favor of the smaller crop of 1890-91, as silver declined so did cotton. England is the largess manufacturer of cotton, she operates about one-half the spindles in the world. India, China, Japan and Java are a silver people and the largest cotton consumers in the manufacturer of cotton, she operates about one-half the spindles in the world. India, China, Japan and Java are a silver people and the largest cotton consumers in the world, whose commerce England controls. Now England being the largest cotton manufacturer in the world Liverpool can fix the price of the new cotton, she controlling the trade of the larger number of cotton consumering people whose currency is silver, aided by unfriendly, legislation of other powers, including the United States, towards the whitemetal. London fixes the price of silver, consequently the cotton producer is dependent on Liverpool for the price of his cotton, and the cotton consumer for the price of his silver in London. England buys 75 per cent of her new cotton in the United States with gold at a price less the difference in the English value of gold and Chinese silver, manufactures in and sells 65 per cent of the product to these silver cotton-consuming people at a premium on English gold, in Indian silver, puts the profit both ways in her pocket, yells thief and through the newspapers demands honest money. I favor giving it to then by the owner of a given quantity of silver buillon, whether foreign coin or crude, to convert the same into legal money, then the English spinner, instead of offering his Chinese and Indian silver to the London silver slavers and "money changers" for English gold at a large premium for gold and and a heavy discount on his silver to the London silver slavers and enter consumity of silver builling the harden supply of cotton, and cotton product will advance to the value of demand instead of declining to the avarice of the "money changers." If this was the law of the United States it is nothing more than reasonable to conjecture that instead of selling the larger cotton conference for league cotton conference of the sum of the united States in the sum of the United States is the sum of the United States is the sum of the larger cotton conference of the sum of the united States is the sum of the united Sta "money changers." If this was the law of the United States it is nothing more than reason-able to conjecture that instead of selling the larger cotton crop for less money than the smaller crop, notwithstanding short food crops and overproduction, it will bring as much, i not more, than the less crop sold for 1890-91 With such a law not only cotton and othe products will advance to their parity of value with such a law not only cotton and other products will advance to their parity of value, with the world's demand, but it will place the United States and her industries in harmony and touch with the 1.250,000,000 bimetallic and silver population of the earth and its \$4,750,000,000 on bimetallic and silver population of the earth and its \$4,750,000,000 on good metallic and silver population of the earth and its \$4,750,000,000 on good would cease dictating prices, but would be a buyer and seller in the market at the values of supply and demand and could not discount both. The south is the largest cotton producer. The mest the largest bread producer. The northwest mines half of the silver buillion of the world's supply, and to strike down the white metal is to strike down both the otherscotton and bread, because old England and New England desire cheaper cotton and bread more than the honest dollar. Insolvency for us and cheap bread for them. Would any owner of a good horse that has grown lean and weak from unkind treatment on the part of the keeper, send a buillet through the brain of such a horse rather than restore him to former beauty and usefulness by kind and proper treatment, certainly not. Such, however, seems not to be the consideration of the great silver democratic horse. The Sherman act of 1890 put a double bit in his mouth, still he was ready for service. Last year he was worked to the off wheel of the democratic wagon, and with ris powerful bone and muscle he brought material enough together to construct another democratic ongress. He qarried Oates from this district and Clevelahd to the white house. Since however, he has been tled to a rock in Wall street, his mane and tail shared, and is now advertised to be shot August 7th, next, John Sherman privileged with the first fire.

JOHN W. DOWLING.

Heavy Peach Crop in the East.

This year the Delaware crop is estimated at 8,000,000 baskets and the New Jersey crop at

4,000,000. Except hall or a terrible wind

nothing can now prevent the peach crop of New Jersey from being the heaviest ever har-vested in the state. It is this superabundance that is causing the growers uneasiness. The

Delaware crop is unusually large this year, and it looks as though the northern peaches would lap over the southern ones and pro-cuce a great glut in the market.

Last summer plenty of pickers were to be had for \$1.25-a day. This year every available man has been engaged for \$1.50 to \$2 a day, and in some instances at higher rates. Three or four years ago baskets cost 13c.

apiece, and for the greater part, were re-turned. Now they are only 4c. apiece, and the dealers don't want them back, for the freight handling would be more than the

Peaches do not run like apples, on which

the growers may calculate to a nicety the of and on years; they are irregular. The aver age duration of life of a tree in New Jersey i

and on years, they are irregular. The arrange duration of life of a tree in New Jersey is calculated at ten years, all trees more that four years old being supposed to be in bearing condition. In Delaware, for some unexplained reason, their life is longer.

It Will Do Good.

From The Little Rock Gazette.

None of us can name all the laws that
congress in extra session will enact, but, we
can say with a great deal of positiveness

ountry will be in better shape than it ha

This Is Almost Disloyal.

that when it adjourns the bus

From The Philadelphia Bulleti

A thing to me has just occurred, -Buffalo Courier.

Jagson says the only way to make home attractive to our boys is to rent it to some other family.—Elmira Gazette.

ng. He (ruefully)—Ah—thanks—I should like to,

Poet-Why did you change the title of my

Cost of Cotton.

In the farming figures furnished by Mr. L. O. Quinn in yesterday's Messenger, the profit was small on thirty acres in cotton—\$114.50. The question remains—can a southern farmer afford to make cotton when thirty acres can

This Is Almost Disloyal.

om The Savannah News.

The statement keeps bebbing up all the per that Governor Flower, of New York, is mining to make himself the presidential minee of the democratic party in 1806.

overnor Flower is a good man, but the mocratic party will hardly seek its next and control of the condition of the con

Pields Just Like Free Labor.

SCENES ON MADDOX'S PLANTATION

The Prisoners Go to Work at Sunrise and Return to the Quarters at Sunset. Lights Are Out at 9.0'Clock.

Three of the five female convicts who es-

caped from Maddox's camp in Elbert county ten days ago are still at large.

Two of them were caught in South Carolina and locked up over night in a tottering sort of a calaboose. The next morning the building was found broken all to pieces. One of the women who had been locked up was the Lea girl from Rome. She is only seventeen years old and is a comely vellow stell.

and is a comely yellow girl.

Captain Maddox, the lessee, wrote to Colo

nel Jones, the keeper of the penitentiary yes-terday that he hopes to capture all the wo-men. He is sure that they have not got far out of the neighborhood, and believes that they are being secreted. He has always re-captured all who have escaped until these last three broke away. Maddox's plantation is one of the most bear

tiful in the state. It comprises six thousand acres, lying along the Savannah river in El-bert county. About half of the place is under cultivation

Captain Maddox has been working convicts only eighteen months. He made ments with the other lessees to take female convicts off their hands. He has t pay the state's lease price, which is \$12.80 year, and he pays the other lessees a bonus No male convicts are worked by Captain Ma dox. Women bring just as much as men-one of the few instances in which female la-bor brings as much as male labor for the same kind of work. These women get to as expert as men, too. They plow, hoe and dig and make a good day's work at anything they are put at. . Captain Maddox pla

they are put at. Conjugate and grass. He has a fine grist mill on the river and makes a great deal of flour.

The women go to work at sunrise and go back to their quarters at sunset. Each woman has her mule and they take great pride in their mules. Free labor attends to the stock and the women have nothing to do with feeding them. In the morning early the mules are brought out and the women lead them up to a rock or log and jump on their backs and ride to the field. The women are not shackled, nor are they fastened to a chain as the men are at other camps. guard for every ten women. A gang of wo men will start off plowing and a guard will follow. Another gang goes behind hoeing and there will be a guard with these women. The guards carry pistols in their belts but d not carry guns as do the guards who follow the male convicts. Captain Maddox has given the women a little more liberty than some of them appreciated and five have disappeare within the last month, but two are back in the stockade. When the work is near the quarters the convicts are taken there for dinier, but when they are a mile or more away

oners who wear a striped gown all day go t supper. Each one has her seat at table and the meal is before the plate awaiting her. After supper the convicts go to the building where they sleep. They have an abundance of water and access to it. Each prisoner has a cot and a change of dress beside it. The fa-vorite headgear is a soft round hat, much like

a man's. This year Captain Maddox has average about sixty-three female convicts at his camp Of these only two were white women and they are the only white women who have been in the penitentiary for a long time. These two are Pearl Pendergast and Alice White, both of Savannah. They were sent up for enticing a white girl from home for immoral purposes. The Pendergast woman was a n character in Yamacraw. She was lewd but had good traits. On one occasion when there was a riot started by the negroes sho gave assistance to the policemen. She has been on her good behavior since she was sent to the penitentlary. Some time ago she pro-fessed religion at one of the meetings held at the camp. She was baptized by a whi preacher and entered on the membership of white Baptist church. She is employed She was baptized by a whit sewing and never has to leave the quarters She helps make the clothing for the prisoners and keeps their limited and unfashionable wardrobe in repair. Pearl says that she happy, and she does not have a hard time of it at all. She has grown fat and is in better health than when she was a free woman. Alice White was not so much disposed to be orderly, and she was put to work in the field as a puffishment. She watched her chance and got away but was captured and taken

Many of the negro women are as strong as men. They ca dig a well or quarry rocks and handle a flatboat shillfully. Last spring a canal had to be repaired and the women did the work all right. That knewledge of the flatboats is useful in escaping. The women strike for the river and there throw the dogs off their trail. They go up or down the river on a boat and the dogs cannot tell which

course they have taken. Speaking of escapes, a tough negro woman from Rome broke away one day when she was about to be whipped and ran under a house. she disappeared very suddenly and the guards knew that she could not be far away. They searched closely for her and she seeing that she would be caught, called to a woman who she would be caught, called to a woman who was washing near to tell her what she must do. She was advised to run and jump in the well. The fugitive slipped out and unobserved ran to the well and jumped down. Directly the dogs were put on the trail and they went straight to the well and would not leave. A man was sent down. The woman was nearly covered with water. She would not give up and fought like a tiger. She was strong and whipped the guard and almost drowned him. He cried for help and another man was sent down. The woman turned on him and the two men had all they could do to keep her from drowning them. Finally they got a rope around her body and she was hauled up with the water raining from her clothes in streams. Captain Maddox pays as much for an escape as the other lessees pay for a man—\$200 if they are not captured in sixty days.

for an escape as the other lessees pay for a man-\$200 if they are not captured in sixty days.

Sunday is rest day. The women get breakfast and this time of year go down to the canal for a dip. They have preaching later but do not have to go. However, they like to attend service but they are not so definoustrative about their religion as the men are. Maie convicts are often very religious and many a convict is a "zorter." The women, do not say so much about religion. Most of the women are in for bad crimes and have long terms. They are usually in for murder or arson or some serious offense. The terms of the women are longer, as a rule, than those of the men.

Captain Maddox has a beautiful home. It is an old mansion with broad, double plazzas, white columns and green blinds. The grounds are picturesque. Tall trees shade the residence and arches of evergreens cover the walks from the house to the road. The lessee is a kindly, hospitable gentleman and his guests are always charmingly entertained.

HE FILES A SMALL SUIT. Mr. C. J. Simmons, Receiver, Enters a Charge

Against C. C. Arrowood. Mr. C. J. Simmons, as receiver of the Chattahoochee line, filed a suit in the clerk's office yesterday morning against C. C. Arro-

He alleges that Arrowood subscribed to the

He alleges that Arrowood subscribed to the stock of the company and refused to pay the amount of his subscription.

The amount of damages claimed in the declaration is \$1,000. A suit for the same amount was filed against John S. Owens.

ON A PEACE FOOTING. The Gate City Guard Will Return Their

Guns to the State. The Gate City Guard will deliver up their guns to the state and give up their existence

as a state military organization. They will continue their existence as a social organization continue their existence
zation.

The Atlanta Zonaves and the Atlanta Rifles
have also falled to report to the adjutant
general's office enlistments, and will probably retire from the service of the state, too,

WOMEN IN STRIPES. TWO CARS COLLIDE

Georgia's Female Convicts Work in the | And Willie Walls, Thirteen Years Old. is

Mangled to Death.

MOTORMAN PERCIVAL IS INJURED

Other Passengers Receive Slight Scratches. The Story of How the Cars Came Together.

The new electric line to Decatur had its first tragedy yesterday afternoon.

Willie Walls, a thirteen-year-old boy, who was going to his home at Decatur, was caught between two colliding cars and mangled to death. Motorman Maxwell Percival, who had charge of the outgoing car, was slightly hurt. Two or three other passengers received slight wounds. Their names could not be learned, as they left the scene of the accident for their homes at Decatur in a few minutes after it oc-

curred. The collision occurred just at 6 o'clock. east of the Richmond and Danville railroad and opposite Edgewood. One of the cars was running at about the usual speed when the two came together with a crash, The other was standing almost still. A little curve, and a clump of bushes which cut off the view, hid the motionless car from sight until the moving car was almost upon it. Then the two crashed together with terrible results.

Just who is to blame cannot yet be determined, but Coroner Paden will make strenuous efforts to discover today. The point where it occurred is a half mile from the specified meeting point. The car coming into the city, in chaman Gordon and Conductor Hubbard, had passed the turnout and was coming toward

Superintendent Tolbert stated to a reporter last night that he could not de-termine who was responsible for this move, and would not be able to do so until this morning, when he will receive the reports of the men who were in the accident. It was stated by Superintendent Tolbertand several other employes of the road that the car moved ahead on account of some repairs that were being made upon the track at the regular meeting point. The track had spread here, and the incoming car hurried toward the city expecting to pass the outgoing car at the power house, more than a half mile away.

The outgoing car left the union depot at half-past 5 o'clock. Motorman Maxwell Percival had charge of it. It is a closed car, one of the small, red cars put on the line when it was opened. It was well filled with people who live in Decatur and we've going home. Among the passengers was Willie Walls, He is a frequent passenger on the road, and is known to nearly all the motormen and conductors.

Willie Walls did not take a seat inside the car with the other passengers, but stood on the front platform beside Motorman Percival, and that accounts for his fate. The car hurried through the streets, rounding the many sharp turns at a good rate of speed. It stopped at the power house just beyond the Georgia railroad, then went spinning down the grade that lies

A half mile east of the power house th accident occurred. The point when the two cars met is on a hill, and, as stated, the view of the track, looking east, is shut of by a turn and by a clump of bushes. The cars came together almost without warning. The incoming car had slackened its speed and was almost at a standstill when the two smashed into each other. Motorman Gordon had discovered Perci-

stop. If he had not done this the force of the collision would have been far great-But Percival's car was almost upon the other before he saw it. The passengers re-ceived their first intimation of danger when

val's car coming, and had made a timely

the shock of the collision came. With a crashing noise the outgoing can way. There was the crash of timbers and screaming of frightened women. Motorman Percival stood at his post holding to his brake.

When the cars rushed together little Wilfie Walls was standing beside Percival. Just at the very instant of the collision he either jumped or was thrown between the two cars. As he fell in front of Percival's car his body was caught between the two cars and wedged there in the tight embr of death.

In a moment both cars were emptied of their passengers, all of whom were fright-ened considerably by the mexpected shock. But in a moment each of the frightened ones was ready to give assistance to injured. They crowded about the two cars and the horrible discovery that little Willie Walls was pinioned between them was soon made. Willing hands extricated him from the fatal embrace of the two cars and laid his body beside the track. He was already dead when taken out. The body of the little fellow was almost

projectiles in front of the cars. He was carcely scratched except about the abdo Motorman Percival made a narrow es cape. The front platform on which he was standing was smashed in, as was door behind him. He was in a position to

cut in two. Ugly holes had been pierced

entirely through his abdomen by th

eceive the worst of the shock. The hospital ambulance was sent for and Percival was sent to his home at West End. It was feared that he had received internal injuries, but he said as he was placed in the ambulance that he would be able to testify at the coroner's inquest today. Later reports are to the effect that he will be out today. None of the other passengers received serious injuries. All were able to continue their journey to De-

catur. Coroner Paden was at once notified of the accident and went out to the scene. He ordered the removal of the dead boy's body, and it was taken to Patterson's undertaking establishment. Coroner Paden will hold an inquest there this morning at

10 o'clock.
Willie Walls was the son of Mr. John Walls, of Decatur. His father is a carpenter and works in the city most of the time. When he is at work here little Willie stays with him and offers such assistance as he can. The father was in the yesterday, but returned ahead of Willie. He was notified of his son's death by Mr.
H. C. Jones, the attorney.

When asked about the affair last night
Superintendent Tolbert said:

"I can tell very little about the accident now, and will not be able to do so until tomorrow morning. Then I will receive the reports of my men. I can't say whether the aecident was due to cureless ness. I will make a thorough investiga-tion. All of the men who were in the ac-cident have the reputation of good men." Gordon is an experienced motorman, as

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And the Prog ant One, Today The Forsyth open this after The finishin bridge yesterd ing the drive

swept clean.

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THE EXERCIS

And at noon the bridge wi stretched acros one from cross formal openin That opening and the exerci the presence gramme has be the most intere inable. It will of a carefully history of the

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THIS IS THE DAY

When the Forsyth Street Bridge Will Be Opened to the Public.

THE EXERCISES HAVE BEEN ARRANGED.

And the Programme, Which Is a Pleas ant One, Will Be Carried Out Today-Order of Exercises.

The Forsyth street bridge will be thrown open this afternoon.

The finishing touches were put upon the bridge yesterday afternoon and this morning the driveway and sidewalks will be swept clean.

And at noon the fences which now close the bridge will be torn down and ropes stretched across both ends, preventing any one from crossing the bridge until after the formal opening has transpired.

That opening will take place at 4 o'clock and the exercises will be on the bridge in the presence of a large crowd. The programme has been completed and is one of the most interesting and entertaining imaginable. It will consist among other things of a carefully prepared and most accurate history of the construction of the bridge by Dr. Turner, who was for two years chairman of the committee on bridges.

When the bridge is thrown open a ne era will be opened in the history of Atlanta. That imaginary line of division between the two sides of the city made by the railroad tracks will be less prominent than ever before, and construction of improvements of actual solidity will have been established by the city.

It is impossible to estimate the advantage to the entire city the construction of the bridge will bring. For years past the railroads passing through the heart of the city have marked a line of division as complete and perfect as though the railroad tracks had been a wide sea of water. It has always been north Atlanta and south and these distinctions were due to the fact that the railroad tracks passed through the city on the surface. But the day work actually began on the Forsyth street bridge the feeling began to diminish and before the work was half completed that feeling of division had begun to disappear.

THE NEW FORSYTH STREET BRIDGE.

railroad tracks separated the town politi- | appropriation. Early in the year the chair-

cally, but during the last election the peo-ple appeared to have forgotten that old question as to whether the candidate lived on the north side or the south side of the

on the north side or the south side of the city.

More bridges will make the two sections of the city more united than ever and the indications are that the present administration will at once begin other work of the same kind or lay the foundation for such work upon which their successors will most successfully build.

The bridge which will be opened today is not only the finest structure of the kind in the south, but it is the cheapest bridge ever constructed.

Structed to prepare plans for a bridge of Forsyth street. The resolution was adopted and when the members of the committee to the members of the committee to the had quite a number of conferences with Mr. Wilkins, who went over the plans with them visited the street and outlined the best possible plan in his mind. The plan was a good one and appeared to the members of the committee to be the very best possible to secure. The members of the committee realized that they were building for all time to come and determined to give the people the advantage of everything.

Every piece of material used in the bridge

is of the very finest quality and nearly every piece was carved out and made for

the bridge. In the stone work every stone was cut out for the work in which it was

used, while in the steel work every joint,

bolt and section was made after measure

ments for the bridge and could not be used

in any other bridge, because of the curves and surface measurement by which they

That bridge is there forever and will never

Ten years ago any one who would have

asserted that such a magnificent bridge would have been built over the gulch now spanned would have been laughed at. At

that time there was no necessity for the bridge. The street was then used only to

reach the Western and Atlantic depot by wagons hauling away freight. The bridge

over the chasm on Broad street was thought

then to be enough to accommodate the passage of vehicles and pedestrians who want-

ed to pass from one side of the city to the other. But just at that time the city was

taking on a fresh and greater growth and a few years later Hon. John Tyler Cooper, then a member of the general council, had

the nerve to suggest a bridge over the

street. The suggestion was not made in a session of the general council but while

the gentleman was talking to some friends

were among the leading property owners of the city, some of them being largely in-

terested in the locality of the bridge. The

emarks of Mr. Cooper put the gentlemen

to thinking, and it was not long before a

meeting of citizens was held in The Consti-

tation building and the matter discussed

fully and freely. The consensus of opin-

ion was that the bridge should be built and when the matter was broached to the

parties owning real estate along the line on both sides of the railroad they were all

Pleased with the project.

But when the building of the bridge was

mentioned in the newspapers the people began an outery, declaring that there was no need for it and that it would be an ex-

travagant expenditure of money.

This was about 1887, and as the years

Parent. The traffic became so great that Broad street bridge could not accommodate and the increase in the traffic was due the rapid growth of the city. As the

the streets. Those to whom

member of the council was talking

wear out.

people the advantage of everything.

Mr. Turner introduced in the council a resolution authorizing the committee to advertise for plans and specifications for the bridge. The resolution was adopted and advertisements were inserted and replies came to the committee.

came to the committee.

The bids, however, were too high in the opinion of the committee and they were all rejected and new advertisements were inserted. From the replies that came to these the council awarded the contract for the

steel and iron work to the Phoenix Bridge Company; the contract for the masonry to Will R. Maker and the contract for the

paving to the same party.

paving to the same party.

It was then thought that the bridge would cost slightly less than \$100,000.

The first work was done during the summer of '91, and was the surveys made by the chief engineer of the Central railroad. These surveys were made for the purpose of ascertaining whether or not the tracks could be moved to suit the plans for the bridge. The plans were made harmonious and in a short time Mr. Maher began sinking the stone work.

stone work.

As the piers began going up in the very center of the Central railroad tracks the people paused on the sidewalks to watch the work. There were some who doubted that the bridge would be built even after the contract had been awarded, but when the work began to show for itself all were happing.

like \$135,000.

In the bridge there is not one piece of perishable material. Every block of stone, every particle of iron and every ounce of cement was carefully inspected before it

Broad street bridge, it sought Forsyth street crossing. This crossing rapidly became crowded, but much of the crowding was due to the fact that the grades were so steep that wagons were compelled to

move slowly.

Finally the matter became so distressing to the merchants of the city that the ques-tion of the bridge was again brought up.

This was about the latter part of 1890, and it was brought before the council by Mr. Hirsch, who was then serving a term from the first ward. Mr. Hirsch presented a resolution calling for the appointment of a committee to be composed of three citizens, and three reambers of the council. izens and three members of the council, whose duty should be the investigation of the necessity of the bridge and the means of building one over Forsyth street cover-



SUPERINTENDENT GRANT WILKINS.

ing the railroad tracks. The resolution was adopted, and Mr. Glenn, then mayor of the city, appointed Mr. Hirsch as chairman of that committee from the council, and Captain J. W. English, Colonel L. P. Grant and Mr. W. W. Moore from the citizens. These gentlemen had one meeting and discussed the matter, but

meeting and discussed the matter, but nothing was done.

Before the special committee could make its report, the municipal election came on and Mr. Hemphill was elected mayor and among the number who went out was Mr. Hirsch, who had made the first legislative attempt at securing the bridge.

When Mayor Hemphill went into office he found that a resolution had been adopted during the latter part of the previous year adding to the list of standing committees a bridge committee. Previous to the adoption of that resolution the bridge work of the city had been under the control of the street committee, but by the terms of the resolution all matters pertaining to the construction and maintenance of bridges was taken from the street committee and placed in the hands of the new committee. In announcing that committee Mayor Hemphill selected Mr. Turner as chairman, In announcing that committee Mayor
Hemphill selected Mr. Turner as chairman,
Mr. Hice and Mr. McBride.
Not long after the new council had organized under Mayor Hemphill the finance
committee set aside to bridges quite a snug

kins before it was placed in position. Every rivet was tested by weight and strength before it was used. The sand, even, was sifted under the observation of Mr. Wilkins, and every grain of it was practically up to the standard he had set before it went into the construction of the bridge. And now, that the bridge will be open this afternoon for passage of all kind, and as the building of it will have been forgotten, it is fitting to say that no one who has had a hand in the construction of the bridge is entitled to more credit than Mr. Grant Wilkins. He has been watchful throughout the construction of the

the bridge is entitled to more credit than Mr. Grant Wilkins. He has been watchful throughout the construction of the building, and his watchfulness has saved the city many dollars. No one in the south is more thoroughly posted on the work of bridge building than Mr. Wilkins, and no one has done more to make the bridge a complete success than he.

And no one could have succeeded more completely than Mr. Wilkins in the work he undertook.

Mr. Wilkins is recognized the south throughout as the best engineer of bridge construction in the country, and his work in the building of the Forsyth street bridge has demonstrated the fact that he is entitled to that rank in the work. He has followed the building of the bridge right through from the time the first pit for the masonry was suggested to the day it was completed. Not a lick of work was done without his personal supervision, and today Atlanta will open a passway between the two sides of the city which will always be a monument to the energy and ability of Mr. Wilkins. It is Mr. Wilkins who deserves the credit for the good, faithful way in which the work was done.

The bridge, when turned over to the city today, will be turned over without a cent of debt. It has been paid for fully. Every dollar of the money necessary to the construction of the bridge has come out of the city treasury, and the bills as they matured have been paid.

There was no extra tax for the work, which will last for years to come.

The exercises will begin at 4 o'clock, and will take place from the north side of the bridge.

A platform will be erected between the

will take place from the north side of the bridge.

A platform will be erected between the Western and Atlantic railroad and the old capitol from which the addresses will be made.

At 3 o'clock the gentlemen who are to take part in the exercises will gather on the platform and as soon as the hour for the exercises arrive the ropes strung in place of the fence will be taken down at either end of the passway and the people place of the rence will be taken down at either end of the passway and the people will be allowed to come upon the bridge.

But there will be a strong cordon of police on hand to prevent vehicles from going over the bridge until the exercises are

completed.

This is the programme:

Mr. Grant Wilkins, the engineer of the Mr. Grant Wilkins, the engineer of the bridge, will in person or by a chosen representative, turn over the bridge to Councilman Hirsh, chairman of the committee on bridges, who will inturn, present it to Mayor Goodwin, who will accept it in behalf of the city government and people, and in doing so, will discuss the broad, progressive policy of constructing this and other good bridges to connect and more closely unite the different sections of the city and accommodate the public need and travel.

Dr. J. D. Turner, chairman of the bridge committee during Mayor Hemphill's administration, will give the history of the building of the bridge and its importance as a public work.

building of the bridge and its importance as a public work.

Ex-Mayor Hemphill, under whose administration the bridge was commenced, and mainly built, will deliver the closing address, which will be appropriate to the occasion and will also deal with the history and importance of the work.

ory and importance of the work.

After the exercises the bridge will be open for travel and the first horse or vehicle to pass over it will always be considered a lucky one.

Colonel R. F. Maddox, the banker who

ed a lucky one.

Colonel R. F. Maddox, the banker who was always one of the most watchful during the construction of the bridge was invited to make an address at the opening of the bridge. But the colonel says he is no orator and sends the following letter:

Gentlemen: Replying to your invitation to make a speech on the reception of the new iron bridge on Forsyth street, will say that I am not an orator, and must decline to make a speech, but will offer you a letter of congratulation on the completion of this enterprise.

For at least ten years ago, and it is not egotism in me to say, I was one of the first to advocate the building of this magnificent structure. I expect I got up the first petition calling the attention of the city council to the building of this bridge, and have been untiring, in season and out of season, to see the work completed. At the very start of this enterprise I furnished a little gas, a good deal of elbow grease and some greenbacks, all of which is necessary for the carrying on of most all important enterprises. I am satisfied that the additional taxes on the advance in the value of the property on the four blocks adjoining the bridge will pay the interest on the cost of the entire structure, and at no distant day, with Atlanta's present progress, it will liquidate the entire cost.

The people of Atlanta have not yet realized what a grand enterprise this will be for their



CITY ENGINEER CLAYTON.

convenience and comfort. They will soon realize the fact that they do not see how they could have done without the bridge for so long a while.

realize the fact that they do not see how they could have done without the bridge for so long a while.

Allow me to say that such magnificent, solid structures as the Forsyth street bridge are the pride of any great city. The gentlemen who have had charge of this enterprise not only deserve congratulation, but are entitled to a vote of thanks from the entire population of the city of Atlanta.

There is an idea that only the people who are nearest the bridge are the ones to be benefited, but the benefit goes out in every direction; every man and woman in Atlanta is interested in the completion of this work. There are other important bridges that should receive the early attention of the people. The people of Atlanta move too rapidly to be blocked up at railroad crossings.

The completion of this bridge, I hope, will prevent the fealousy that was growing every year, on each side of the railroad, against each other, and will make us more united on all important questions looking to the good and interest of the city.

I expect to see a large concourse of people out tomorrow to witness the receiving of this bridge and we will guarantee that this bridge has sufficient capacity to hold every man, woman and child that can be packed upon it. Yours truly,

There is no better evidence of the great good the bridge has been to Atlanta than the advancement of the property along the line.

Since the bridge has been constructed two

been completed last July, but one delay followed another and July came bringing with it the promise that the work would be completed by Christmas, '92. The Christmas promise did not materialize, however, and then the people began to become impatient. But their patience has been rewarded and today they will see the finest structure of the kind in the country opened. An impression has been created that the bridge is one of the most expensive that has ever been built, but this is wrong.

The bridge will cost the city something like \$135,000. Since the bridge has been constructed two pieces of the property have been sold at a price 100 per cent higher than it was valued at before the bridge was built, while another piece has been sold twice since and each time a nice profit was made on it. On one of the lots one of the finest buildings in the city is soon to be erected.

writes owning real estate along the line both sides of the railroad they were all eased with the project. But when the building of the bridge was entioned in the newspapers the people gan an outery, declaring that there was need for it and that it would be an exwagant expenditure of money. This was about 1887, and as the years led around the necessity for the building the bridge became more and more appear. The traffic became so great that and street bridge could not accommodate and the increase in the traffic was due the rapid growth of the city. As the be was driven, or rather forced, from

They Were the Figures Named by Judge Bloodworth Yesterday

MR. ROUNTREE GAVE BOND READILY.

and Dr. Westmoreland Will Execute His Bond This Morning-This Will End the Disturbance,

Five thousand dollars for Dr. Willis F. Vestmoreland.

And \$3,000 for Mr. Dan W. Rountree. Those are the figures that will wipe away the blood from the moon and settle for while the disturbance that has ruffled the feelings of two of Atlanta's prominent cit-

before Judge Bloodworth yesterday. The trial of Dr. Westmoreland occurred at 11:30 o'clock in the morning and that of Mr. Rountree at 5:30 o'clock in the after

Both of the card-writers were as cool as the proverbial cucumber, and throughproceedings appeared to be as disinterested as if they were not in the least concerned about the result. Judge Bloodworth, in fixing the amount

of the two bonds, decided that as Mr. Rountree had shown a conciliatory spirit and was willing to submit the matter to arbitration, that the amount of his bond should not be as heavy as that of Dr. Westmoreland, and fixed it at \$3,000. Colonel Glenn, the attorney for Mr. Rountree, insisted that no bond should be required of Mr. Roundtree, since he was no the aggressor, and no bond, however great, could prevent him from acting in self-de fense if he happened to be assailed. The judge believed, however, that Mr.

Rountree had been wrought up to the fight ing point and that a bond was necessary in order to prevent the possibility of a dif Mr. Rountree gave bond without any

trouble and Mr. Jerry Goldsmith signed the paper.
Dr. Westmoreland will execute his bond

this morning and the matter will then be settled. But during the night the doctor was carefully guarded by his special offi-

cer.
This will terminate for the present at least a threatened difficulty which menaced the lives of two of Atlanta's young citizens, each of them prominent in their respective professions and with hundreds of friends in the community.

Dr. Westmoreland's Trial. The trial of Dr. Willis Westmoreland vas set for 11:30 o'clock yesterday morning before Judge Bloodworth. At that hour the courtroom was filled

with spectators, eager to witness the proceedings and ascertain the result of the investigation. Westmoreland, closely followed by the officer who had been his companion through the night, entered the courtroom

at the appointed hour and seemed to be as if nothing had occurred to ruffle his spirits or cast a cloud over his mind. He had passed the night before in a peaceful slumber and arose from his couch vesterday morning greatly refreshed. His demeanor was that of a man who was

stoically indifferent, and who took things just as they happened without manifesting any concern or uneasiness of spirit.

Captain Harry Jackson, the attorney for Dr. Westmoreland, followed immediately behind and took a seat by the side of his client. Judge Bloodworth, after interviewing his watch and seeing that the fulness of time had arrived, ascended the platform and announced that the court was ready to proceed with the investiga-

tion.

Both sides announced ready, and Captain Wright, the chief of the detective force, who swore out the warrant for Dr West moreland's arrest, sounded the names of the witnesses that would testify in behalf

They were Messrs. Julius L. Brown, J. Stovall Smith, Frank O'Bryan, Hooper Alexander, Dr. R. D. Spalding and Cap-

tain Wright. was Captain Wright. Captain Wright's Testimon

Captain Wright testified that he felt it his duty as an officer of the law to swear out a warrant against the two men, as he had every reason, from the nature of the cards which appeared in the morning's paper and a knowledge of the character of the two men, to apprehend a serious breach of the peace. A fight appeared to be imminent and he swore out the peace warrant to prevent it.

On being cross-examined by Captain Jackson, the detective stated that the suggestion of the warrant had come from the mayor. When he made the arrest of Dr. Westmoreland he observed no weapons and saw no hostile preparations of any kind. So far as the conduct of Dr. Westmoreland was concerned at the time he appeared to be perfectly cool and in his natural spirits.

Mr. Hooper Alexander, who was next introduced, testified that he had been in consultation with the mayor in regard to the pending difficulty and had modestly the pending diments and suggested to him that a peace warrant suggested to him that a peace warrant would prove an effectual means for stopwood prove an effectual means for stopwood prove the knew the character of ping the fight. He knew the character the two men for courage and felt sure that a clash would come unless it was prevented. He was concerned in the matter through no personal considerations, as he was only slightly acquainted with either of the belligerents, and his conduct in the matter

the object of his errand was to adjust, if possible, the difficulty between himself and Mr. Rountree. He was a warm personal friend and desired to end the bitter controversy. He told the doctor that if the gentlemen he represented were agreeable to him they would be willing to serve as a board of arbitration and adjust the matter. The doctor gave him to understand that it was too late to interfere and that maters would have to take their course.

This was strong testimony, as it indicated a disposition on the part of Dr. Westmoreland that he was not willing to stop short of a serious difficulty.

of a serious difficulty.

The cross-examination brought out but little evidence calculated to weaken the testimony for the prosecution.

Dr. Spalding on the Stand.

Dr. Spalding on the stand.

Dr. Spalding, as one of the citizens with whom Mr. O'Bryan had conversed, was then introduced and corroborated the testimony of Mr. O'Bryan.

He stated that Dr. Westmoreland was ordinarily a quiet man, but was quick to act when aroused.

Mr. Smith Introduced.

Mr. J. Stovall Smith was the next witness introduced. He testified that he had called on Dr. Westmoreland with a proposition to submit the differences between himself and Colonel Rountree to a committee of arbitration, composed of Masons, as both of the parties were members of that both of the parties were members of that fraternity. Dr. Westmoreland refused to submit the matter and was not willing to sign an agreement to that effect. Mr. Julius L. Brown.

Mr. Julius Brown had submitted the sam Mr. Julius Brown has submitted the sane proposition to Colonel Hountree, which proposition had been accepted by him. The acceptance was void, however, since it was not mutual, and just at that time, while correspondence was pending on the Masonic line, the belligerants were arrested.

This ended the testimony for the prosecution and ne evidence was introduced by the tion and no evidence was introduced by the defendant.

Captain Jackson's Argument. Captain Jackson then began his argument to the court. He stated that he had practiced under the code of Georgia, and to a certain extent, under the code of honor. The latter was based upon the principles of true chivalry and was an old and honored custom. He did not believe in restricting the liberty of the citizen by curtailing his right in this reserve.

the liberty of the citizen by curtaining instight in this respect.

He argued that under the testmony Dr. Westmoreland had contemplated no difficulty, and there were no grounds in the evidence for such an apprehension. He had known the defendant since a boy and could testify as to his amiable and gentle character. He thought the peace of the state had not been violated or even threatened, and urged that the warrant against Dr. Westmoreland be dismissed.

A Five-Thousand-Dollar Bond. After hearing the evidence in the case and the argument of counsel, Judge Bloodworth decided that Dr. Westmoreland would have to execute a bond to the gov-

worth decided that Dr. Westmore and would have to execute a bond to the governor of the state in the sum of \$5,000. This was resisted by Captain Jackson, who held that the bond was beyond all reason and that his client would find it impossible to raise it.

The judge was firm, however, and refused to alter it.
Captain Jackson will probably appeal the matter to Judge Clark and ask for a reduction of the bond. In the meantime Dr. Westmoreland was and will be shadowed by an officer until the bond is given and the bond must be executed without delay. It is not yet known how much time the judge is willing to allow the defendant.

Dr. Westmoreland has a host of friends in the city and the bond, as it stands, can

in the city and the bond, as it stands, can no doubt be raised without difficulty. He may give it, or preferring the code of honor, he may resist it to the last extremi-

Mr. Rountree's Trial.

The hearing of Mr. Rountree was set for 5:30 o'clock in the afternoon.

Promptly at that hour the courtroom was filled with the same crowd that had filled the benches during the early part of the

Mr. Rountree appeared to be perfectly cool and self-possessed, and greeted hi many friends, as he recognized them in th courtroom, with a pleasant nod of the head He was accompanied by his officer and the attorneys who were retained by him as his legal counsel. These were Colonel B. F. Abbott and Messrs. Glenn & Mad-

The examination was conducted by Colnel W. C. Glenn.
Captain Wright, who managed the case for the state, as the officer who had sworn out the warrant, introduced in evidence the cards which had appeared in The Constitution. He stated that he knew the character of the parties and from the language used had every reason to apprehend a diffi-

Culty.

On being cross-examined by Colorel
Glenn he stated that he had observed no
Mr. Rountree and had seen nothing to indicate a fight except the tone of the articles which appeared in the pa-

Mr. Brown as a Peacemaker, Mr. Julius L. Brown, who was the only Mr. Junus L. Brown, who was the only witness introduced for the state, testified that he had read the articles which appeared in the paper and felt it his duty as a Mason and as a junior-warden, to prevent the difficulty which seemed to be imminent. Both Dr. Westmoreland and Mr. Rountree were Masons though belonging to separate lodges in the city.

ing to separate lodges in the city.

He had consulted with Mr. J. Stovall
Smith, who was a member of the lodge
to which Dr. Westmoreland belonged and together they agreed to write a communica-tion to either of the two gentleman and insist on their submitting the matter to ar-bitration. The letters were written and blank agreements were enclosed, which the parties were to sign, agreeing to submit their differences to a committee of arbitration to be appointed by the Masonic brotherhood. The result of the correspondence was that Mr. Rountree signed the agreement, while Dr. Westmoreland refused to sign it. Mr. Brown was about to have Dr. Westmoreland arrested on account of his refusal, which threatened a violation of the peace, when both of the parties were arrested on the warrant of Captain Wright.

Mr. Brown stated that his conduct in the matter was simply that of a brother Mason and an officer of the lodge. He had no personal feelings in the matter, and would have had Mr. Rountree arrested without delay if he had failed to sign the agreement. His idea was to prevent the difficulty. blank agreements were enclosed, which the His idea was to prevent the difficulty.

Argument of Counsel.

slightly acquainted with either of the beligerents, and his conduct in the matter was that of an order-loving citizen who was anxious to subserve the peace of the community.

Mr. Frank O'Bryan.

Mr. Frank O'Bryan.

Mr. Frank O'Bryan, who was the next witness for the state, proved to be an important one, and his testimony was of great value to the prosecution.

He stated that he had read the two cards in The Constitution of Thursday and from the language which was used he kew there would be a fight. He discussed the matter in conversation with several leading citizens and all of them were inclined to the same opinion. Among those with whom he conversed with were Captain E. P. Howell, Dr. R. D. Spalding and Mr. Don Bain. As the representative of these gentlemen, and on his own behalf, he called at the office of Dr, Westmoreland and stated that

DRPRICE'S Geall Baking Powder. Used in Millions of Homes-40 Years the Standar Hignest of all in Leavening Power.- Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Yal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

AT WHOLESALE BY THE TRADE GENERALLY.

warrant against Mr. Rountree be dis-

bond could be raised.

The bond was executed at an early hour last night, and Mr. Jerry W. Goldsmith signed it. So Mr. Rountree went to bed last night without an officer with him, and he slept as peacefully as he ever did in his life.

NO PARDON FOR SAM HILL.

He Must Come Back and Take His Chance

or Remain a Fugitive.

Sam Hill has been working on the governor for months to get a pardon, Hill shot John Simmons in the National hotel barroom six-teen years ago. He was tried, convicted and

teen years ago. He was tried, convicted and sent to the insane asylum. He escaped from there and since has been a fuglitive.

Last December Governor Northen and a committee from the legislature were in Chicago. Hill sent a friend to talk with the governor. Hill wanted to meet the governor if assured that he would not be arrested. Governor Northen replied that if he met Hill he would arrest him himself. Just as the governor was about to take the train to come home a stranger approached him at the Monon depot and spoke to him about Hill. He said that Hill would like to speak to him for a moment. The train began to pull out and the governor jumped aboard, saying that he could not wait to see Hill. He learned atterward that it was Hill who was talking to him.

he could not wait to see Hill. He learned arterward that it was Hill who was talking to him.

Hill sent his photograph to the governor and begged for a pardon. He said that he is weary of being a fugitive and wants to get that feeling off his mind. To all these solicitations the governor has replied that Hill will have to surrender and take his chances. Recently some ladies have interested themselves in Hill.'s case and have called on the governor and urged a pardon.

To set all these petitioners for Hill at rest as to his intentions the governor issued an order yesterday and put if on the record of the office that he would refuse to hear any application for Hill's pardon so long as he is a fugitive from justice. So it will be useless for Hill's friends to importune the governor any longer. And if Hill comes back and gives himself up he will have no assurance that he will be pardoned. As a matter of fact if his friends knew the governor as well as some people they would advise him to keep out of the reach of Georgia's law. If he were to come back and give himself up he would be apt to serve some time in the penitentiary before he saw the pardon for which he longs. The governor is not much disposed to grant a pardon to a man who has escaped from the sentence once.

Hill is illving in the northwest in one of the

pardon to a man who has escaped from the sentence once.

Hill is living in the northwest in one of the large cities and could be secured if the state authorities were to make an effort. If there was any reward for his arrest in the past it has been declared off long ago for one governor invariably countermands the rewards offered by his predecessor. Sam Hill was a sport well known in Atianta. John Simmons was a druggist. Hill suspected bim of intimacy with his wife and one day walked in the bar of the National hotel and finding Simmons there shot him, killing him.

Salt rheum, with its attendant itching and burning, is cured by Hood's Sarsaparilia. Many who were formerly severe sufferers have reason to thank "the peculiar medicine" for cures effected.

MR. JONES WAS SHARP.

warrant against Mr. Rountree be dismissed.

After hearing the argument the judge stated that little doubt existed in his mind as to the disposition of Mr. Rountree to fight. He had been fully wrought up to that point, and it was necessary to put him under a bond. On account of the conciliatory spirit, however, which he had manifested, and his willingness to submit the matter to arbitration he would make the amount of the bond only \$3,000.

He was given sufficient time in which to raise the bond, and an officer of the law was allowed to accompany him until the bond could be raised.

The bond was executed at an early hour last with the sale warrant. But His Victims Will Be Protected by the Atlanta Accident Association The following telegram was received from

The following telegram was received from Charlotte last night:

"Charlotte N. C., July 21.—(Special.)—This city is flooded with letters from the Atlanta Accident Association, informing its numerous policy-holders that their policies were written by a defaulter and an absconder. The agent referred to is Mr. J. M. Jones, who came to Charlotte with his wife about two weeks ago. Jones did a splendid business and it is said that he wrote 115 policies while in this city. The Jetters created quite a talk in Charlotte, as Jones insured some of our best people. Jones's whereabouts are unknown to the Charlotte policy-holders."

Mr. Aaron Haas is president of the Atlanta Accident Association. When shown the above telegram, he said:

"Sone time ago this man Jones wanted to be appointed our agent at Charlotte. We asked

appointed our agent at Charlotte. We asked him to send us the usual indemnifying bonds. Without doing so, he began rushing in busi-ness. We noticed that different signatures were all written in the same handwriting. Mr. Winkler, our secretary, went to Chilotte, only to find that Jones had skipp

out.

"We have notified all these Charlotte policy-holders that such of them as could show
that they had received their policies in good
faith would be protected by us. There is
nothing like 115 policies outstanding there,
but we will protect all that were honestly entered into by the holders."

The Queen and Crescent's Annou The Queen and Crescent Announcement The Queen and Crescent announces that beginning tomorrow, it will sell round trip tickets from Chattanoga for Chicago at \$20.00. This is \$5 lower than the present rate. The information came yesterday in telegram from D. G. Edwards to C. A. Baird, the Queen and Crescent traveling passenger agent here.

North Carolina's Methodist Mi Raleigh, N. C., July 21.—(Special.)— Carolina Methodist local ministers cence met at Durham this evening in Twenty-fourth annual session. It has ence met at Durham this evening in Twenty-fourth annual session. It has members its officers are: Rev. Dr. Abernethy, of Rutherfrd college, pres Revs. W. P. Williams, J. P. Floyd and ander Walker, vice presidents; Rev. Dr. Brar son, financial secretary. President methy preached the annual sermon this ing. This is the oldest local ministers ference, and one of the best known as ganized. Session continues three days.



Buy None but the Genuine

Three thousand merchants now sell Hawker's spectacles, showing their great popularity over all others.

HIS OPTICAL FACTORY is one of the most complete in the United States. Have your eyes fitted with these famous classes; no charge for testing strength of vision. Headuarters for the United States, 12 White-hall street. Established twenty-three years

Is all powerful. We are after yours. We want it "bad"-we'll get some of it, too, if you are sensible, prudent and economical.

> "It isn't what you earn, that makes you rich.'

Our Special Discount Sale, inaugurated a few days ago, is proving a winner. In this stock we offer the choicest and best assortment of

Clothing and Hats

to select from, and at prices that are as low as the regular retailer himself can buy them. We being the only manufacturers of Clothing in the south dealing direct with the consumer, hence, when you buy of us you buy as low as the retailer himself.

THURSDAY. FRIDAY AND SATURDAY.

WILL POSITIVELY BE THE LAST THREE DAYS OF THE GREAT SALE.

⅓ OFF

1-3 OFF ON MEN'S CASSIMERE SUITS. 1-3 OFF ON MEN'S FANCY WORSTED SUITS. 1-3 OFF ON MEN'S CHEVIOT SUITS. 1-3 OFF ON BOYS' CASSIMERE SUITS.

1-3 OFF ON BOYS' WORSTED SUITS. 1-3 OFF ON BOYS' CHEVIOT SUITS. 1-3 OFF ON BOYS' (KNEE PANTS) CASSIMERE SUITS. 1-3 OFF ON BOYS' (KNEE PANTS) WORSTED SUITS.

1-3 OFF ON BOYS' (KNEE PANTS) CHEVIOT SUITS. 1-3 OFF ON ALL KILT SUITS.

1-3 OFF ON MEN'S PANTS. 1-3 OFF ON MEN'S AND BOYS' WASH VESTS.

1-3 OFF ON MEN'S STRAW HATS. 1-3 OFF ON BOYS' STRAW HATS. 1-3 OFF ON CHILDREN'S STRAW HATS.

EISEMAN BROS.

15 and 17 Whitehall Street

No branch house in this city.

exchange with a rush to sell Gen-ectric, transactions in which were multaneously at prices ranging all the m 49 1-2 down to 46. The bears follup this movement with a violent attack merican Sugar and Chicago Gas until stocks suffered a marked decline, the on American Sugar and Chicago Gas until these stocks suffered a marked decline, the general list held up well, but later everything to the decline, the general list held up well, but later everything to the decline. The depression in Sugar was based on the demoralization in the market for raw Sugar. The stock broke 3.48 to 31.34 and Chicago Gas 3 to 52.1-4. The final drive of the day was against Lackawanna, which was sold down from 141.1-4 to 137.1-4. The bank failures at the west, the scarcity of time money and the advance in sterling exchange all operated in favor of those working for lower figures. Burlington and Quincy fell off. 1.7-8 to 76.3-8, St. Paul 2.3-4 to 54.1-8 and Western Union 1.7-8 to 75.5-8. Late in the afternoon the market resisted the raids more successfully and a recovery of 1.2 to 3.1-2 per cent occurred with General Electric, Lackawanna, New England, Sugar, Hilnois Central, Lakeshore, Manhattan and Rock Island in the lead. Among the specialties, Pullman jumped 4.1-4 to 160.1-4 and receded to 158 and 159. There was more or less covering of short contracts during the afternoon and some purchases for the long account. Speculation closed firm in tone. Sales, 285,200 shares.

Railway bonds were heavy. The sales were 11,32,000. Richmond Terminal trust fives fell 1.2 to 18 to 21. Government bonds steady.

State bonds dull.

Money on call was easy at 3 to 6 per cent; last loan 3 closing offered at 3; prime mercantile paper 8 to 12 per cent.

Sterling exchange firm, with actual business in bankers' bills at \$4.81.3-4 to \$4.82.1-4 for demand.

Private Wire to B. W. Martin, Manager, NEW YORK, July 21.—The bullish feeling ground had exhausted itself this morning, and today the London brokers were disposed part with some of their holdings, but, as to part with some of their holdings, but, as the market gave way, selling for that account was limited. The bears, however, improved their opportunity and again pounded values wherever they found a weak spot, and they were successful in making quite an impression on some. News from the west was, as a rule, favorable, with the exception of the reported failure of a bank in Milwaukee. Denver and Kansas City reported a better feeling prevailing. The bears are doing their utmost, and, in fect, they even went into the boad market and offered Richmond Terminal 5's down 5 per cent on the saie of 50 bonds. bond market and offered Richmond Terminal 5's down 5 per cent on the saie of 50 bonds. These bonds afterwards rallied 3 per cent. The short interest was no doubt somewhat increased today, but as soon as London ceases to buy there is very little resistance to the market. Money continues easy, although some currency is being shipped to the west. Still the bank settlement tomorrow ought to show up good. We hope the loans have decreased as the amount of loans is still \$20.000,000 above deposits, which is, in itself, an unhealthy state of affairs; Clearing house certificates have not been canceled, although there is considerable talk of doing so to a number of them next week.

The Post's Comments. NEW YORK, July 21.-The Post says: The appearance of European investors during the week's market break as buyers of our stocks may fairly be called a surprise to Wall street.

Of the fact there is no doubt whatever and the stocks then purchased will be shipped to London by tomorrow's steamers. If the toreign cables are to be credited, these buyforeign cables are to be credited, these buying orders originated not alone in London, but in the great center of Dutch and German capital. This development in the situation is of peculiar interest, for had as our outlook may just now appear, the history of the past proves beyond question that, with the restoration of our currency's good name, Europe will once more be a heavy investor in our securities. But it cannot be assumed that these first bond purchases will be followed instantly by general outside buying, especially in London the situation is at present to comfused that widespread buying of our tooks is quite improbable. The continued chapness of London money market rates will hardly serve to cause it, for this phenomenon is readily understood by any one who scans the official figures of London subscriptions this year to new terms and companies. The total record of the year to date is barely 28,000,000 pounds and in 1889. This vast decrease reflects on our market the existence of a fund of ille money, but it is idle because it shuns investment. What is just now of chief concern on London's market is the progress in readjusting Indian exchange. Until this has been done and the nervousness excited by the present uncertainty has been allayed there can be hardly a permanent betterment.

THE COTTON MARKETS.

CONSTITUTION OFF!'/B.

Seal-Market quiet; middling 71% o.

Below we give the opening and closing quotestions of the fetures in New York today;

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7.50@ 7.95 RECEIPTS EXPORTS. STOCK.

1883 | 1892 | 1893 | 1892 | 1893 | 1892 .. 10263 14911 33396 16874

NEW YORK, July 21.—The following tal net receipts of cotton at all United since September 1, 1892:

Hubbard, Price & Co.'s Circular.

Hubbard. Price & Co.'s Circular.

NEW YORK, July 21—Private telegrams continue to report rain in central and eastern Texas. These reports were generally cabled last night, and this morning had the effect of depressing Liverpool 1623-64d for fatures. Spot sales are \$,000 bales. Considering the importance which has been attached to the necessity rain in Texas the decline of the market abroad on the news of the rainfall is surprisingly small, and it is this view of the case which is reflected in the stability of the New York market today. Opening prices show a decline, as compared with last night's figures, af from 4625 points, but by noon a recovery of nearly the entire loss had been effected, and the market was quite steady at within 4625 points of yesterday evening's quotations. While trading continues small speculation remains entirely dormant. There is a manifest indisposition on the part of any one to be short of much cotton at present prices in view of the situation. Outside of Texas the condition of the growing crop does not seem to be good. It is from two to three weaks backward, small and badly fruited and needing rain in many localities. This need has been supplied during the past 24 hours by a general rainfall in Georgia and South Carolina, center of precipitation, according to the weather map, being about Atlanta, but it is questionable whether it by a general rainfail in Georgia and South Carolina, center of precipitation, according to the weather map, being about Atlanta, but it is questionable whether it has come in time. A prominent Texas authority telegraphs from Galveston that the rains in that state are but light showers, and do but little good. Financial matters are somewhat improved today; no further important bank failures are announced, and money is becoming rather easier in the larger financial centers. Letters received today from Liverpool show that the impression current there with regard to the intensity of the American Financial crisis much exaggerates the difficulties existing. One letter says that "Liverpool firms are now talking about the necessity of sending out gold with which to purchase cotton when the new crop comes in, as its thought sterling exchange will be absolutely unsalable." If prices abroad are adsted to any such exaggerated view of the condi existing here in financial matters it is hardly reasonable to expect that the depression will be contiu hen the real facts of the case are known

The weekly statement of the Liverpool stock is as haustive and unfavorable report on the crop in its to-day's issue deterred sellers, and the bulls found it an easy matter to bid the market up. The rainfall in Texas now seems to have been discounted in the crea-

Riordan & Co.'s Cotton Circular.

Riordan & Co.'s Cotton Circular.

NEW YORK, July 21—[Special.]—The trading in cotton today was very timid. Liverpool was a little lower, and our opening was at a decline of about 5 points August selling at 1:22, but the demand soon caused an advance of 2:63 points, and during most of the day August fluctuated between 7:34:67.56. There were few outside orders, and the room braders were puzzled whether to buy or to sell. The official weather map gave no confirmation of the good rains reported by private telegrams to have fallen in Texas, and none knew whether to believe the wire or private advices, but the shorts were evidently rather uneasy throughout the day. Toward the close it appeared to be settled that no general rains had fallen in Texas, and that, while there had been showers in the northwestern part of the state, the central and southwestern sections part of the state, the central and south w are still suffering from incipient drought. This cause a sharp demand, and in the last few minutes the big a sharp demand, and in the last few minutes the bid-ding was very lively. August selling up to 7.89. The close was firm with 7.88 bid for August. After the close 7.89 was bid with no sellers. If the telegraphic crop reports in The Financial Chronicle tomorrow prove to be bad, as many expect, a sharp advance is pretty cer

J. S. Bache & Co.'s Cotton Letter.

J. S. Bache & Co.'s Cotton Letter.

By Private Wire to B. W. Martin, Manager.

NEW YORK, July 21—Liverpool was steady today 1622 points down; spot saies 8,000 bales. We opened weak at a decline of 566 points on further reports of rain in central Texas, but railing later on and ruled steady throughout the day, as it was rumored that The Chronicle tomorrow would publish an unfavorable crop report. Private news received here from the crop is altogether favorable, and cotton is doing generally well. Receipts continue to be very large. The financial situation, although more cheerful, is not yet extisfactory, and there are serious apprehensions as to where the money to move the new crop now alfactory, and there are serious apprenensions as to where the money to move the new crop now almost at hand will come from. Besides speculation is dead, and outside support is completely missing. If the reports of The Chronicle prove to be unfavorable we would advise our friends to take advantage of any bulge in the market to sell cotton.

By Telegraph.

LIVERPOOL, July 21—12:15 p. m.—Cotten spet quiet; middling uplands 4½; saics 5,000 bales; American 7,300; speculation and export 500; receipts 7,000; American 4,400; uplands low middling clause July and August delivery -; August and September delivery 4 20—41; September and October delivery e 37—61; October and November delivery -; November and December delivery and Exposure and December delivery and Abrusary delivery 43—64; February and March delivery 44—64; February and March delivery

6,000; import 2,000; American [15,000; stock 1.444,000; American 1,038,000; afont 35,000; American 25,000.

LIVERPOOL. July 21—4:00 p. m. — Uplands low middling clause July delivery 4 24-64, 42-56; July and August delivery 4 21-64, 42-56; September delivery 4 24-64, 42-64; September and October delivery 4 28-64, 42-64; October and November delivery 4 28-64, 42-64; November and December delivery 4 28-64, 42-64; December and January delivery 4 20-64, buyers; January and February delivery 4 23-64, buyers; January and February delivery 4 23-64; futures closed quiet and ateady.

NEW YORK, July 21—Cotton easy; sales 131 bales; gross 2,472; stock 147,23.

GALVESTON, July 21—Cotton quiet; middling 7%; net receipts 5 bales; gross 5; sales none; stock 22,22.

NORFOLK, July 21—Cotton steady; middling 7%; net receipts 5 bales; gross 5; sales 31; stock 9.787.

BALTIMORE, July 21—Cotton mominal; middling 3%; net receipts 5 bales; gross 9; sales 31; stock 9.787.

BALTIMORE, July 21—Cotton mominal; middling 3%; net receipts 50 mome bales; gross 9; sales 30; stock 9.787.

BOSTON, July 21—Cotton uniet; middling 81%; net receipts 50 mome bales; gross 9; sales none; sales none; stock 8,818.

BOSTON, July 21—Cotton quiet; middling 81%; net receipts 500 mome bales; gross 9; sales none; sales none; stock 8,818.

8½; net receipts none bales; gross none; sales none; stock 8,19.

BOSTON, July 21—Cotton quiet; middling 8½; net receipts 18 bales; gross 63; sales none; stock none.

WILMINGTON, July 21—Cotton quiet; middling 7½; net receipts 18 bales; gross 12; sales none; stock 4,107; exports coastwise 30.

PHILADBLPHIA, July 21—Cotton quiet; middling 7½; net receipts 267 bales; gross 267; none; stock 10,320, exports to Grat Britain 264.

SAVANNAH, July 21—Cotton steady; middling 7½; net receipts 1,051 bales; gross 1; not gross 1,662; sales none; stock 16,733.

NRW ORLEANS, July 21—Cotton quiet; middling 7½; net receipts 15 bales; gross 1; nales 50; stock 5,235; exports coastwise 150.

MEMPHIS, July 21—Cotton quiet; middling 7½; net receipts 15 bales; gross 1; nales 50; stock 5,235; exports coastwise 150.

MEMPHIS, July 21—Cotton fam; middling 7 11-1; net receipts 12 bales; gross 1; nales 50; stock 5,235; exports coastwise 150.

AUGUSTA, July 21—Cotton steady; middling 7 11-1; net receipts 14 bales; shipments 450; stock 14,313.

AUGUSTA, July 21—Cotton steady; middling 7 11-15; net receipts 14 bales; shipments 3; sales 157; stock 15.11.

OKARLESTON, July 21—Cotton guiet; middling 7 11-15; net receipts 14 bales; shipments 3; sales 157; stock 15.11.

CHARLESTON, July 21 - Cotton quiet: middling his receipts none bales; gross none; sales none; stock 12,122.

Foatures of the specularive Movement in Grain and Previsions.

CHICAGO, July 21.—A bad slump at the close nearly spoiled today's record for the bulls in grain. The Milwaukee bank failure was largely the cause. Compared with last night wheat is down 5-8 and cora 3-8. There was a display of manipulative fireworks in pork and lark, but actual transactions were not large. After an advance of 1.60 in September pork, it ended with a net gain of 85c. Lard, after an advance of 37 1-2c. wound up with the modest gain of 7 1-2c. in September 1.2d, at the close shows no change from yesterday. Ribs are 10c. higher.

Wheat showed considerable strength during

Provisions.

ST. LOUIS, July 21.—Provisions in better demand Pork, current make \$1.70. Lard strip, slow shoulders \$.09; long clear \$1.75; clear ribs \$2.5; short clear \$1.55. Sugar-curd hams \$1.00. \$1.50 km western steam \$1.05; city steam —; options. July 10.00; September 10.20.

ATLANTA, July 21.—Pork quiet and steady; meas new \$1.00. \$1.70 km yestern \$1.00 km yestern \$

most of the session, the result of better feeting in New York and Loudon. Cames reported steady markets abroad, while a good cash demand was reported from many points. Toledo alone reporting 325,000 bushels taken for shipment. For temperatures were noted all over the northwest and there was considerable apprehension feit that the crop might be materially injured by reason of it. Shorts were good buyers and there was a fair investment demand. While everything was predicting a strong market, news came of the failure of the Commercial bank at Milwaukee. The market got very nervous and turned

predicting a strong market, news came of the failure of the Commercial bank at Milwaukee. The market got very nervous and turned weak during the last hour in response to a drop in stocks. There was free liquidation. The snarp decline in corn also he.ped to weaken wheat. The final figures were about the lowest of the day.

Corn received more than usual attention. The principal feature was the relatively firmer tone to the near advances, cash selling up one time 38 points over S-ptember. This would indicate that there was a better shipping demand for cash articles and had a strengthening effect on the more deferred futures, but the closing out of a large long line increased the bearish sentiment and the market became weak. Prices went off rapidly during the last hour. Crop reports came in very favorable, heavy loads of corn were reported in the country, and all the early strength was soon e-dminated. Early buyers tried to sell, and longs let go with a unaumity that was remarkable. The market opened at yesterday's final figures, and soon sold up tried to sell, and longs let go with a unaumity that was remarkable. The market opened at yesterday's flaat figures, and soon soid up 3-8 to 1-2, being the strongest. Later the price worked down 7-8 for September, became steadier and at the close August was unchanged, while September was 1-4 to 3-8c, easier. In oats, July was quite heavy and the price declined 3-4 from the opening figure. September was steady to a shade, owing to a better inquiry and also fewer seiters. The feeling toward the close was steadier and July railied 1-2c., but closed with a loss of 1-4c. August and September closed at 1-8 to 1-4c. advance, but May at 1-8c. decline. There were 16,000 hogs at the yards instead of 20,000, as had been expected. That gave the manipulators a chance to scare the crowd. One or two buying orders for pork put \$1.15 on the price of that article. Then there was no further trade until the price was back to \$20. September lard advanced rapidly until it touched 10:37 1-2. It then began to mown hill and stopped only when it was back to \$10, the same price it had closed at yesterday. Ribs were quiet and governed by lard.

Lamson Bros. & Co.'s Grain Letter By private wire to B. W. Martin, Manager. CHICAGO, July 21 .- Our grain markets all started a little higher and ruled stubborn and firm for two hours, but were not very active. Wheat cables were steady in tone, but no higher, some quoting lower. Fresh news of an influencing nature was not decisive, exan influencing nature was not decisive, except the continued extreme hot weather in the northwest, which causes considerable comment and was more of a factor in maintaining values than any other news. The export buying continues on a large scale in nearly all American markets and the net clearances for Europe continue very large. These are both very bullish items and are having their effect. About the only bearish feature is the financial situation, which does not show much improvement. A bank failure in Milwaukee financial situation, which does not show much improvement. A bank failure in Milwaukee and the closing of so many industrial institutions throughout the country are leading items. We would prefer the long side on weak spots. People have to eat just the same and bread is the staff of life.

The close was weak, with another bank failure, this time at Cheyenne, Wyo. The market closed 1-2 to 5-8 cents lower than yesterday.

Corn held up a long time, helped by nearly Corn held up a long time, helped by nearly 160 cars less than expected, but finally became very weak and active from free selling of old long lines and by the bears selling what they call new crop futures—December and January—at very low prices. The corn crop news appears to be nearly perfect, while the shipping demand continues good. Oats did not so freely follow corn today for the long futures, but cash and July were weak. Tho ones who seem to own the provision market were free bidders and buyers of lard and ribs at rapidly advancing prices for a time, but at an advance brokers sold freely apparently for some interests.

GRAIN. PROVISIONS, KTC.

CONSTITUTION 027173.
ATLINTA, July 21, 1833.

Flour, Grain and Meal.

ATLINTA, July 21 - Flour - First patent \$1.9), second patent \$4.30; extra fancy \$3.50; fancy \$5.30; family \$5.10. Corn - No. 1 white 60; No. 2 white 50x mixed 58c. Oats - Texas rust proof 42; white 50x mixed 58c. Oats - Texas rust proof 42; white 50x mixed 58c. Oats - Texas rust proof 42; white 50x mixed 58c. Oats - Texas rust proof 42; white 50x mixed 58c. Oats - Texas rust proof 42; white 50x mixed 58c. Oats - Texas rust proof 42; white 50x choice timothy small bales, \$1.00; No. 1 timothy, large bales, \$1.00; choice timothy small bales, \$1.00; No. 2 timothy, small bales, \$5.00; No. Meal - Plain 58c; bolted 56c. Wheat bran - large access 58; small sacks 90. Cotton seed meal - \$1.30 \(\psi \) cwt. Steam iced - \$1.10 \(\psi \) cwt. Steam ic

Grita - Pearl \$5..5.

NEW YORK, July 21 - Floor, southern dull and weak; common to fair extra \$1.95@4.4; good to choice \$1.45@5.45.

New York, pot fairly active due asser, its me steady; No. 2 red winter 11@71.4 [in elevator; options opened firm a4 *4.65 kg advance, declihed *4.65 kg, closing steady; \$6.65 kg, ander vesterday; No. 2 red July -; August 10 k; Soptember 73; October 75 k; December 19 k. Corn, spot duil and easier; No. 2 fa; 4.64 kg, in elevator; options dull and \$4.65 kg, ow v; July -; August 4.7 kg. September 47 December 48 kg, Outs, spot dull but steady:

options less active and easier; slut; -; August; 304 September 21; October 301; spot No. 2 white 37; No. 335; mixed western 33; 693; 15.

87. LOUIS, Juje 21: Flour in light demand; patents \$1,1062.25; choice \$2.062.30; family \$1,2062.00. Wheat unsettied, closing joe 30 to love yesterasy; No. 2 red cash 57%; Juje 57; August 55; September 62%; December 894. Corn closed \$6,63.0 cif on good crop prospects; No. 2 mixed cash 36%; July 36%; August 35%; September 35%, 6353; Oats strong early but week leter, No. 2 cash 26; July 24; August 21%; September 21%. BALFIMORE, July 21. Flour dull; Howard stress and westernsuperfine \$2.002.0 cities 12, 1004, 50; family \$1,1063.50. Wheat dull but steady; No. 2 red spot and July \$1,206.50. Wheat dull but steady; No. 2 red spot and July \$1,206.50. Wheat dull but steady; No. 2 red spot and July \$1,206.50. Wheat dull but steady; No. 2 red spot and July \$1,206.50. Wheat dull but steady; No. 2 red spot and \$1,206.0 july 21. Flour easier; winter patents \$1,25; No. 2 spring wheat \$2,606.0; No. 2 red 52%, 662%. No. 2 corn 35%; No. 2 red 57% Gel2%. No. 2 corn 35%; No. 2 red 57% Gel2%. No. 2 corn 35%; No. 2 red 57% Gel2%. No. 2 corn 35%; No. 2 red 57% Gel2%. No. 2 corn 35%; No. 2 red 57% Gel2%. No. 2 corn 35%; No. 2 red 57% Gel2%. No. 2 corn 35%; No. 2 red 57% Gel2%. No. 2 corn 35%; No. 2 red 57% Gel2%. No. 2 corn 35%; No. 2 mixed 42. Oats strong; No. 2 mixed 33,263%.

ATLANTA. July 21 - Hosatel coffee - Arbuckis's 23.60c \$\bar{q}\$ 100 b cases Lion 23.50c Levering's 23.90c; Green-Extra choice 21c; caoice good 20c; air 19c; common it gibe. Sugar-Granulated eye: powdered \$4.50c cutions (**, white extra C 4.5) New Orients yellow extra C 4.50c common 23.250c common it gibe. Sugar-Granulated eye: powdered \$4.50c common 23.250c common it gibe. Sugar-Granulated eye: powdered \$4.50c common 23.250c common 23.25

NEW YORK, July 21—Rosin quiet add steady; strained to good strained \$1.05 \$1.12 is turpentine quiet and easy at 27 5 at 28.

SAVANNAH, Juy 2!—Turpentine firm at 25 bld;
roain firm at 35. CHARLESTON. July 21 - Turpentine quiet at 254;

Keasonable Cost! THE UNEQUALED

10-YEAR DISTRIBUTION PLAN

Presented By The

ASSOCIATION, OF WATERBURY, CONN.

Chartered by the State. Subscribed Capital \$500,000.

E. A. WRIGHT, Secretary. No Admission Fees or Annual Dues, Company Pays for Medical Examination, Fixed Rates of Premium.

VICTORY L. SAWYER, President.

Quarterly, half-yearly or yearly payments.
At the end of ten years, policy holder has the option of cash surrender value, "paide up" value, extension or reduction of futured. premiums as per following table. Compute for each \$1,000.

		Decenn					
Age.	Annual Prem. First Ten Years.	Continue at reduced cost	Cash turren- der Va.ucs.	Paid-up Insurance.	Fxtension of Policy. Y'rs & Days.	Average Pre from Age of Entry to Age	
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37	19 75	12 71	191 53	434 00	10-85	15 64	
38	20 14	13 01	193 07	432 00	10-81	16 11	
39	20 58	13 34	198 32	429 06	10-73	16 65	
40	21 04	13 68		421 04	10-65	17 18	
41	21 54	14 06		423 06	10-56	17 89	
42	22 07	14 45		410 00	10-61	18 45	
43	22 63	14 87		417 60	10-42	19 18	
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45	23 85	15 79	222 50	409 00	10-12	20 82	
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52	29 65	20 14	256 72	372 00	9-31	29 65	
53	30 71	20 93	262 65	367 00	9-18	30 71	
54	31 85	21 79	268 86	361 00	9-03	31 85	
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NOTE—If you contemplate insuring your life, or increasing the amount of insurance you at present carry, it will be worth your while to examine this plan before deciding to pay the excessive premiums demanded by the Old-Line companies, or to speculate in the apparently cheap uncertainties offered by assessment societies. We repeat—Examine this Plan; it will be No Waste of Time.

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SEABOARD AIR-LINE.
(GEORGIA, CAROLINA AND NORTHERN DIVISION) CENTRAL R ILRO DO OF GEORGIA. From Savannah... 7 40 am To Savannah..... 8 00 am From Macon.... 11 20 am To Savannah...... 1 39 pm From Savannah...... 5 10 pm From Savannah...... 6 50 pm From Savannah........ 6 55 pm WESTERN AND ATLANTIC RAILROAD. Prom Marietta. ** 75 9 am To Nashville. ** 8 00 am From Bome. ** 10 12 am To Louisville. ** 2 5 pm From Mashville. ** 14 5 am To Houisville. ** 2 5 pm From Mashville. ** 1 4 5 am To Marietta. ** 3 30 pm From Louisville. ** 1 00 pm To Marietta. ** 3 30 pm From Mashville. ** 2 5 pm Tro Mashville. ** 3 5 pm Tro Mashville. ** 8 5 pm Tro Mashville. ** 3 5 pm Tro Chicago. ** 10 00 am From Chicago. ** 5 00 pm To Chicago. ** 10 00 am To Chica

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RICHMOND AND PANVILLE R. R.

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SEABOARD AIR-LINE. SCHEDULE IN EFFECT JULY 2, 1893. NORTHBOUND. SOUTHBOUND. No. 3b. No. 134 Eastern Time. No. 127. No. 41. Daily. Daily. Except Atlanta. Lally. Daily 6 30 am 5 65 pm Ly... Atlanta ... Ar 7 30 am 6 45 pm 6 15 am Ar. Raicigs Lv 8 39 pm.
7 38 am Ar. Hendels n.Lv 6 35 pm.
9 10 am Ar. Weedon Lv 5 35 pm.
11 03 am Ar Petersburg Lv 3 45 pm.
11 45 am Ar Richmond Lv 2 35 pm.
3 40 pm Ar Richmond Lv 2 35 pm.
5 24 pm Ar Eatimore Lv 9 42 am
7 45 pm Ar Petivespia Lv 7 20 am.
10-35 pm Ar Petivespia Lv 7 20 am.
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5 00am Ar. Chwrotte Lv 10 00 pm. | 10 - 30 pm | Ar. Chur-otte | Lv | 10 00 pm | 0 00 pm | 10 00 pm

6 00 pm Lv Pm'th (w) Ar | 8 00 am | 6 30 am Ar Wash'gton Lv | 7 00 pm | No. 34. | Elberton Accommodation. | No. 45. | Daily.

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 Daily.

 5 55 pm
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 Ar Jag Tavern Lv
 7 24 am

 1 46 pm
 Ar Athens Lv
 6 32 am

 8 56 pm
 Ar Elberton Lv
 8 00 am

tDaily except Sunday.

(b) Via Bay Line. (n) Via New York, Philadelphi and Norfolk B. R. (w) Via Norfolk and Washington Steamboat Co. Trains Nos. 134 and 117 run soid wit Pullmra Buffet sieeping cars between Atlanta an Washington, and Pullman Buffet parior car Weldon an Portsmouth; sieeping car Hamlet and Wilmington Trains Nos. 43 and 41 earry through coaches between Atlanta and Charleston, S. C. Tickets unnon cepos of B. D. Mann's tisket office, No. 4 Kimbail House. O. V. SMITH,
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DECATUR, GA., on Georgia railroad, with electric and dummy lines to the city, 100x312 feet, neat, new 6-room cottage, beautiful lawn and grand oaks, fine water, within one block of the famous Agnes Scott school for young ladies. \$3,500, on easy terms.

Decatur property in good variety, vacant and improved.

Edgewood, new 4-room cottage, finished in

Decatur property in good variety, vacant and improved.

Edgewood, new 4-room cottage, finished in hard oil, halls and verandas, an unusually pretty cottage, lot 52x150 feet to 20-foot alley, with good neighbors, near car line. Only \$1,500; payable \$300 cash and \$20 per mouth. Must sell at once.

Edgewood Park lots on and near new electric line, with car to and from city every 20 minutes; some lots on either side of Georgia railroad. Terms liberal, price low.

53 acres two miles from Roswell. Ga., in Milton county, with 2-room dwelling, stable, barn, running water, to exchange for house and lot or vacant lot in Atlanta worth \$1,000.

Currier street home, between Courtland and Pledmont avenue, 7 rooms, water, gas, lot 58x200 feet, with an "L" and alley. \$6,250 West End, Park avenue, 6-room cottage on lot 100x200 feet with fruit and flowers and shade, convenient, two car lines, choice neighborhood, good schools. \$4,200.

Boulevard home, new, 7-room, 2 story, water, gas, street and walks paved, east front, two car lines, corner lot, 54x140 feet. \$7,000, or will exchange for vacant lot.

\$500 for new 3-room cottage on lot 25x100 feet; renting at \$60, or 12 per cent a year. Pledmont hotel, at Gainesville, Ga., near Air-Line depot, 40 furnished rooms, hot and cold water, fine, high, shaded lot, on car line, \$8,000.

Alexander street, 10 rooms, 2-stories, water, gas, paved street and walks, lot 60x140 feet. \$4.000.

East Fair street, new, 2-story, 8-room residence.

East Fair street, new, 2-story, 8-room rest-dence, water, gas, pawed street and walks, electric car line, lot 37x120 feet. \$3,250. Forest avenue homes and lots on easy terms. Jackson street lots and houses. Peachtree homes and vacant lots. Wilson avenue and Center street lots. Pidemont avenue homes and vacant lots. Boulevard homes and vacant lots. Pryor street homes and vacant lots. Cottage homes and vacant lots on install-ments to suit all classes of home seekers and investors.

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Farms, large and small, for sale and to exchange for Atlanta property.

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On ground floor, telephone, gas, janitor, etc., cheap and central.

FOR SALE—Acreage in Hapeville, close to depot, car fare same as street cars, 10 acres for \$1,000, just off of railroad: two acres for \$800. Very choice.

WASHINTON ST.—Lot 100x200 feet to alley, 92,700, a sacrifice. Come and see it. \$3,500; a sacrifice. Come and see it. Remember that I am still in the real estate 8. B. TURMAN, 8 Kimball House, Wall St.

Ansley Bros. REAL ESTATE. REAL ESTATE,

\$2,000-East Fair street, in one mile of carshed, a nice, pretty 4-room cottage and nice lot. Paved street and electric line. One of the very best bargains on the market. \$2,000—Washington Heights, a large, beautiful lot and the cheapest one that can be bought out there. tiful lot and the cheapens bought out there.
West Peachtree—A lovely lot 75x200, with beautiful shade. Will be sold at a special bargain if taken in the next two weeks.
Near North Avenue and one of the prettiest lots in Atlanta. \$2,500—Piedmont avenue, beautiful shaded

\$2,500—Piccimont avenue, beautiful shaded lot, 50x197, east front, easy terms, \$1,400—For a beautiful lot 50x150 in nice neighborhood, on first-class street, North side, and very near electric line—a snap. \$3,750—For a spiendid two-story 9-room house, with gas and water, and very pretty lot. On first-class street, near electric line and in one mile of car shed. Gilt-edged bargain.

\$10,000 in coll, spot cash is just the amount we have in waiting for a real first-class bargain in good, rent-paying property near in. Now is your chance, and if you have something of the kind that is really a bargain list it with us right away and we can sell it. We mean business.

DECATUR.

Now, while things are quiet and money is

Now, while things are quiet and money is scarce is the time to buy you a nice suburban home. We can suit you in anything you want at Decatur. Office 12 East Alabama street. Phone 363.

Isaac Liebman

REAL ESTATE SALEA

Real Estate, Renting and Loan Agent, No. 28 Peachtree St. 100 Per cent to some one who will buy solece of property on Sells avenue, in West

plece of property on Sells avenue, in West End. \$1,750 buys beautiful lot on Young street. \$700 buys 45x102 on Rice street, near Fort \$1,550 buys beautiful lot on Young street. \$700 buys 45x102 on Rice street, near Fort street.
\$1,550 buys lot 50x100 on Ira street, between Lee and Ashby streets.
\$1,550 buys lot 50x200 on Park street, between Lee and Ashby streets.
Some very cheap lots on Sells avenue, in West End.
\$1,000 buys 44x125 to alley, on Linden avenue, close in. Owner very anxious to sell; needs money.
\$2500 buys a nice piace on Woodward avenue, \$1,000 cash, balance easy.
\$1,000 cash, balance easy.
\$1,000 cash balance easy.
\$1,300 buys 40x191 on Foundry street, near Haynes street; belgian bock sidewalk and sewer down and paid for.
\$2,150 buys 4-room house lot 50x98 on Martin street near Fair street. One-third cash balance easy.
\$1,500 buys a 5-room house lot 40x103; alley on side; on Spencer street. One-third cash balance easy.
\$2,500 buys a 5-room house lot 40x103; alley on side; on Spencer street. One-third cash balance easy.
\$2,250 buys a 5-room house lot 35x110, on Rankin street, near Boulevard, \$1,000 cash; long time on balance.
\$2,250 buys new 5-room house lot 35x110, on Rankin street, near Boulevard, \$1,000 cash; long time on balance.

G. McD. NATHAN,
Real Estate, 18 Wall Street, Kimball House.
Have choice property in Nicholasville,
Ky., and Troy, Ohio, to exchange for Atlanta Ky., and Troy, Ohio, to exchange for Atlanta property.

\$3,150—Ideal country home or \$5 acres in sight of Griffin, Ga., commodious residence and good quarters and barns; pure water, rich soil, and good air; large orchard, apples, peaches, grapes, plums, figs. etc., half mile front on C. R. Easy terms.

\$3,250—Buys a gem of a house, new, in North Atlanta, 50 foot lot, high shaded, and close to car line. Easy terms.

\$5,500—Buys one of the few choice lots left on Peachtree street, paved street, gas, water, electric cars, east front.

\$3,750—Buys one of those elegant modern Baltimore block houses, Nine rooms and basement, Baltimore heaters, gas, water, sewer, paved street, electric cars, worth \$4,500.

\$4.500.
All classes of property sold and exchanged
Lists constantly added to.
G. M'D. NATHAN. GEORGE WARE, GEORGE WARE,

No. 2 South Broad Street.

\$750-3-r. house, Curran street, hear Hemphill avenue, monthly payments.

\$800-4-r. house, near River electric line or monthly payments.

\$4,200 will build you nice 4-r. house on beautiful grove lot, very easy payments.

\$750-Grant street lot 50x190, beauties.

\$1,000-Highland avenue, 50x142, beigin blocks, sidewalk and electric cars: 1-4 cash.

\$1,100-8-r. house Ira street, 52x100, renn for \$14.

\$1,100-8.r. house Ira street, 52x100, renu for \$14.

\$3,200-West Harris street, near Williams, 50x150; 5-r. house. This is a bargain. \$3,000-6.r. house, 75x200. West Ead; small cash payment, \$1,500 without interest, balance in three years.

\$1,600-4-r. house, Simpson street, near Spring street.

\$2,750-80x400; splendid 6-r. house, near Grant nark, lovely nlace. park, lovely place. \$5,000—9-r. brick house, Garnett street; \$1,000 cash. \$2,800—Will buy you a lot and build you a lovely cottage home on easy payment; close in.
\$4500-7-r. house; servants' house and stable,
50x170, on Windsor street; alce place.
\$5,250-7-r. house, Currier street, modern conveniences.
50 acres 7 1-2 miles out, to exchange for city

property.
I have a number of good farms for exchange for city property. W. M. Scott & Co., Real Estate Agents, No. 14 North Pryor Street, Kimbail House Entrance.

Entrance.

RAILROAD front opposite the East Tennessee freight depot. We are instructed to sell the Lowe Cracker Bakery property, fronting on Central railroad and running back on an alley with large L. This is one of the most valuable railroad fronts. Can be lad now at low figures. For full particulars call at our office. W. M. Scott & Co. WE are instructed to sell some of the best stock in real estate companies that is worth from \$2.25 to \$3.00 on face value for less than cost. This so owner can meet his notes in bank. This is the very best thing we know of. No risk; perfect security. No as sessments; same as though you bought \$300 lot for \$100 that you was sure would advance to \$500. Without question this is the best sure investment we have ever offered Shares of \$100 each. Come and see our Mr. Scott. W. M. Scott & Co.

Scott. W. M. Scott & Co.

SPRING STREET-Baltimore house. We are instructed to sell one of those pretty little 7-room houses on Spring street for \$3,000. Brick, electric bells, beautifully papered and everything in order. \$500 cash, balance easy. Com and see us early. W. M. Scott & Co.

WHO WANTS at the discount of the street of the stre WHO WANTS a gift edge small investme tenants who work at the car works now have to come to town because they can't get a house in that neighborhood. W. M. Scott & Co.

ASHBY STREET-West End. new 6-room cottage, lot 58x275, gas and electric bells. This is a rare bargain. Only 83,250. Only 200 feet from Gordon street. W. M. Scott & Co. G. W. ADAIR.

FORREST ADAIR

G. W. ADAIR, NO. 14 WALL ST., KIMBALL HOUSE.

FOR RENT. A portion of my rent list will be advertised daily. Parties desiring to secure residences stores, hotels, offices, etc., should consult

stores, hotels, offices, etc., should consume.

5 rooms, 261 Decatur. \$12 50
5 rooms, 412 Edgewood avenue 16 63
5 rooms, 422 Edgewood avenue 16 63
5 rooms, 422 Edgewood avenue 16 63
5 rooms, 42 Edgewood avenue 16 63
5 rooms, 7 North Butler 12 50
3 rooms, 42 Scott 75
3 rooms, 154 Simpson 80
5 rooms, 154 Simpson 80
5 rooms, 7 Ocmulgee 15 00
4 rooms, 7 Ocmulgee 15 00
4 rooms, 186 Fulton 16 00
4 rooms, 203 Crew, (from July 27th) 18 00
4 rooms, Chestnut, near North avenue 7 00
4 rooms, 151 Smith 10 00
4 rooms, 210 Peters 10 00 4 rooms, 67 Hightower,
4 rooms, 151 Smith
4 rooms, 20 Peters
7 rooms, 20 Hill
3 rooms, 436 Windsor
7 rooms, 10 Waterhouse
5 rooms, 98 Hill G. W. ADAIR, 14 Wall St

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STATE SAVINGS BANK,

Will Be Pl

AND BOTH

CLUBS.

Ladies' da That's son baseball in t But the i the grand s The mana always been stand privile This, how the ladies o Its infancy

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and the la The game Atlanta.
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Connor.. Camp ... Ely ... Duffee ... Murray Murphy That Jerry Do run hit yes But if the swung it

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Moran, 0
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Mem went to noon be second six ru Reddi the ga fourth in the inning pulled struck Um

SALES.

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nta and Madi-park. Chenp. y street, near sidewalk and

e lot 35x110, on rd, \$1,000 cash;

85 acres in residence

D. NATHAN.

trie line on

near . Williams,

state Agents, No.

e the East Tennes-instructed to sell property, fronting anning back on an s one of the most Can be had now particulars call at t Co.

some of the best

ides that is worth the value for less an meet his notes to best thing we security. No as he you bought as sure would ad estion this is the ave ever offered and see our Mr.

FORREST ADAIR.

MBALL HOUSE.

July 27th) ... orth avenue ... orth avenue .

AIR, 14 Wall St.

A. NICOLSON. Assistant Cashier

g. Co.

ng Co.

s, \$50,000.

irt, M. C. Kinet.

AYTON, Cash'r.

. . . . \$7,904.58

Atwater, C. H.

20,000.

Cashier.

e St. who will buy a enue, in West

AND BOTH MANAGERS WANT IT.

The Game Yesterday Was a Fine Exhibition of Ball Playing and Atlanta

Won It-G	ame	Else	MPGI	.6.
CLUBS. P	aved.	Won.	Lost.	Per Cen
Macon		10		.762
Memphis	.14	10	4	.714
Chattanooga	14	. 0	6	.643
Atlanta	.14	8 8 7	6	.571
Nashville	.14	8	6	.571
Mobile	13	7	6	.538
Montgomery		6	8	.429
New Orleans	13	5	8	.385
Birmingham		5	9	.357
Charleston		4	8	.333
Savannah	12	4	8	.333
Augusta	.13	4	9	.308

Ladies' day at the ball park That's something new in the history of baseball in the Gate City.

But the indications are that it will fill

the grand stand with ladies.

The management of the baseball park in Atlanta has never charged the ladies admission to the grounds, but they have always been required to pay for grand stand privileges.

This, however, was due to the fact that the ladies of Atlanta when baseball was in its infancy in the south insisted upon sending their mite into the treasury to assist in the support of the club. The directors of the club appreciate what the ladies have done for them, and have decided to have ladies once a week for the rest of the season. On that day ladies will not only be admitted to the grounds free, but they will be given the privilege of the grand

Atlanta has more ladies who are fond of the game than any other city in the south, and the chances are that the first ladies' day will show up a large crowd of them. The game this afternoon will be one of the most warmly contested of the season, and the ladies of the city should not fail to be on hand.

The game will be called at 4 o'clock, and

At anta Position August Dewald Pitcher Blackbu Moran Catcher Dix Motz First Base Doc Counor Second Base O'Bri Camp Third Base Den Ely Shortatop Ever Duffee Left Field Wh Murray Center Field Hoov Murphy Right Field Donah		An and a state of the state of	
Dewald		Atlanta. Position. Augus	u.
Moran Catcher Dix Motz First Base Doc Counor Second Base O'Bri Camp Third Base Den Ely Shortstop Ever Duffee Left Field Wh Murray Center Field Hoov Murphy Right Field Donah		DewaldPitcherBlackbu	rn
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Murray Center Field Hoov Murphy Right Field Donah		Duffee Left Field Wh	ite
MurphyRight Field Donah		Murray Center Field Hoov	er
The Game in Detail	3	Murphy Right Field Donah	ue
		The Game in Detail.	

That ancient, antiquated, glass-armed Jerry Denny found the ball for a home

run hit yesterday. But if the bat the ancient Jerry was using had been as glassy as the arm which swung it the ball would never have gone out of the diamond, but the fragments of glass might have.

It was an accidental contact of the bat

and ball which gave the old man the home run hit and not the ability of the man who did the work. In fact, no one on the grounds was half

so much surprised when the ball went over

the fence as Denny himself.

The game was one of the most interesting the Atlanta people have seen. From the start to the finish it was a game full of life and it was enjoyed by the large crowd

and it was enjoyed by the large crowd present. The Atlantas put up a magnificent game of ball, every member of the team playing for all that was in him.

The hitting of the Atlantas was a special feature of the game. Two and three hits to the man was the record. Besides hitting the ball hard the men fielded better than they have for some days. In fact, some of the field work was of the phenomenal order.

some of the field work was of the phenomemal order.

Darby, who was in the box for the Atlantas, did some of the best work that has ever been seen in Atlanta, while the catching of Moran was equally good.

Ely opened the game by going out from Denny to Dooly. Duffee came along and hit to center for one base. Motz fiew out. Connor came up, and after two strikes had been called on him, lifted the ball over the left fence for a home run, scoring Duffee. Murphy got to first on Everett's bad throw and scored on Camp-s three-base drive. Camp was left on third by Murray's out from third to first.

first. Augusta was retired without a run on a pretty double play from Connor to Ely to Motz, after Everett had gone out from Connor to Motz.

Atlanta added another run in the second n singles by Moran and Ely and a sacrifice Denny scored one run for Augusta in this naing by knocking a home run over the

inning by knocking a home run over the fence.

Neither side scored in the third, fourth and fifth innings.

Augusta made a run in the sixth on a base on balls, a fielder's choice and a hit to left.

In the seventh Ely was up first and knocked a home run. Duffee went out from Everett to Dooly. Motz hit safe and Connor went to first on four balls. They were both advanced a base on a wild pitch. Murphy hit a long fly to left field, Mots scoring. Connor then scored on a hit by Camp.

Augusta added two in this inning on an error by Connor, a three-base hit by White and a wild pitch. By trapping a fly ball in this inning Ely made a double play unassisted, there being two men on bases.

Atlanta added three in the eighth on a single by Moran and home runs by Ely and Motz. Augusta failed to score in this inning and the game was called on account of dark-

ATLANTA-	AB	. R	BH	PO	A	10
Elv ss	5	. 2	3	3	1	-
Duffee, lf Motz, 1b	5	ī	3 3	0	0	ì
Motz, 1b	5	2	3	7	0	- 1
Connor, 2b	4	2	3	1	.5	1
Murphy, rf	4	1	0	3	0	-
Camp. 3b	4	ō	0	3 3 2	2	1
Connor, 2b Murphy, rf Camp, 3b. Murray, cf	4	Ö	ō	2	ō	i
Moran, c	4	2	.3	5	0	4
Darby, p	2	0	0	0	1	(
Totals	37	10	16	24	9	2
AUGUSTA	AB	R	BH	PO	A	H
Everett, ss	5	1	1	1	4	1
White, If	3	1	1	2	0	(
O'Brien, 2b	:.4	0	0	1	2	. (
Denny, 3b	3	1	2	2	5	. (
Doolog 1h	4	0	•	10	•	- 4

Memphis 17, Birmingham 6.

Memphis, Tenn., July 21.—(Special.)—Myers went in to pitch for Birmingham this afternoon but was knocked out of the box in the second inning, when the locals batted out six runs after two men had been refired. Redding pitched the remaining portion of the game, but he, too, was hit freely in the fourth and ninth in ings. Wadsworth was in the box for Memphis, and in the third inning was batted all over the field, but he pulled himself together and in the fifth struck out three men.

Umpire Baker aroused the indignation of the people present when, in the fifth inning, he declared Wadsworth out at first on an attempted double play. Higgins was on first when Wadsworth, the next better, fit the light to the second baseman, who was slow in fledding it, but threw it to second in time to put out Higgins. The bail was then returned to first and, regardless of the fact that Wadsworth was fully six feet past the bag, Baker declared him out. A storm of theers from the grandstand greated the declared, but the game progressed without Memphis 17, Birmingham 6.

Couldn't Hit Donnelly. Chattanooga, Tenn., July 21.—(Special.)—Institute to size up Fitcher Donnelly chiefly explains why Chattanooga secured only two runs in the second game with Macon today, and the three runs which won the game for Macon were due to the pounding schulnistered to Pitcher Keenan in the third inning, and which necessitated life retiring from and which necessitated his retiring from the box. Daub then went in to pitch and the latters were unable to do anything with him, securing only four scattering hits, including a double. The rest of the game was a pitcher's battle, with the honors evenly divided. Wentz's error in the second inning cost a run, but of the eight errors, which the team divided evenly between them noe of the others were costly enough for a run.

run.

It was benefit day for the local club, and quite a snug sum was added to the exchequer of the club by the generosity of the patrons of the game, who bought tickets freely at advanced prices.

New Orleans 6, Mobile 7. New Orleans, La., July 21.—(Special.)—New Orleans and Mobile played this afternoon in a drizzling rain, the latter winning by a score of 7 to 6. Daniels and Parvin were both hit

of 7 to 6. Daniels and Parvin were both hit hard, but the Mobkes were able to bunch their hits. New Orleans also made many errors. The features were Campau's batting, he making a home run at both his first and second appearance at the bat.

Score by infinings:

New Orleans. . . . 10 2 0 0 2 1 0 0 - 6. H 13 Mobile. 0 0 0 1 0 5 0 1 0 - 7. H 10 Batteries—Parin and Baidwin; Daniels and Trost.

Earned runs—New Orleans, 5; Mobile, 4. Home runs—Campau 2. Stolen bases—Campau 2. Powedi, Lutenburg, Trost, Strauss, Daniels, Flynn. Double plays—McVey and Langsford; Trost and Taylor. Ffrst base on batks—Taylor, Campau and Langsford, Hit by pitched ball—Mills. Struck out—Campau. Passed balls—Baldwin, 1; Trost, 1. Wild pitches—Parvin. Time—2:00. Umpire—Forster.

Savannah, Ga., July 21.—(Special.)—Rain today prevented the game. Charleston refused to play two games tomorrow on account of the fact that some of her men are sick, and only one will be played. Holohan, of Kansas City, will appear on third base tomorrow for the first time.

Nashville Was Outplayed. Nashville, Tenn., July 21.—(Special.)—Nashville played a miserable game today and Keenan was hit pretty freely. Smith and Bertie made costly errors for Nashville. Boland's field play and the fine work of the visitors were the features.

ltors were the features.

Score by innings:
Nashville. . . . 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1—1 H 9 E 2
Montgomery . . 0 2 0 0 1 1 0 1 ~5 H 10 E 0
Batteries—Keenan and Summers, Cunningham and Twineham.

Summary: Earned runs—Nashville 1, Montgomery 1. Two-base hits—Burke. Bases on balls—0ff Keenan 2, off Cunningham 3.
Struck out—By Keenan 2, by Cunningham 2.
Hit by pitcher—Smith. Sacrifice hits—McClöskey 2. Stolen bases—Summers 1. Left on bases—Nashville 7, Montgomery 5. Double plays—Miller to Truby; Stewart to Hassamaer; Cunningham to Twineham to Hassamear; Cunningham to Twineham to Hassamear.

Time—1:20. Umpire—McDermott.

How Maxey's Won.

How Maxey's Won. Maxey's, Ga., July 21.—Special.)—One of the biggest games of ball of the season was played here between our home team and the Union Point boys. The Union Point team Union Point boys. The Union Point team is one of the best in this section and claimed not to have been beaten this season, but the curves of Bailey, the left-handed wonder of the home team, were too much for them, while Smith, the pitcher of the visitors, who proved such a puzzler to the Thomson boys a few days ago, was knocked out of the box by our team in the third inning and had to be replaced by McLaughlin, who did some good work for his team, but the odds were against him and the Union Point team was compelled to go home a sadder, but wiser team, beaten to the tune of 17 to 9. The batteries were: Maxey's, Bailey and Porter; Union Point, Smith, McLaughlin and W. Sanford. "That the way Union Point plays ball."

Lexington Won Both.

Lexington, Ga., July 21.—(Special.)—Two professional games of ball were played this week between Lexington and Crawford, Great interest was manifested in the games, Lexington having engaged five professionals and Crawford even. Both games were well played. Lexington, true to her past record, won both games. The first game, Cain and Gibson, battery, score, Lexington 6; Crawford, Black and Stone, battery, score 3. The second game, Lexington, Sharp and Gibson, battery, score 12; Crawford, Stallings and Stone, score 3.

Lexington is elated over her victory and Crawford downcast, having in two successive fields of fight been conquered and dismayed. Short, of Lexington, made a home run and Keenan a three-base hit.

The Third Games Tie.

Lexington, Ga., July 21.—(Special.)—The

Lexington, Ga., July 21.—(Special.)—The third series of games between Lexington vs. Crawford was a tie—4 to 4—ten innings. Cain, Crawford was a tie—t to 4—ten innings. Cain, the professional pitcher of Lexington, with Gibson to catch, and Black of the Crawford team, with Stone to catch, are all fine professional players. Their work in the box and behind the bat was of the first order. Marshall, Short, Keenan, of Lexington, and Stallings, Ford, Coppedge, and Gregory, of Crawford, are all professionals of a high order and were gentlemanly in their demeanor. Our people were enthusiastic over the games, Lexington especially, having won the two first games and tied on the third. Besides the work in the box, Marshall, of the Lexington team at shortstop, was the wonder and admiration of both sides.

BIG LEAGUE GAMES.

At Brooklyn-Brooklyn 9, bits 14, errors 7; Baltimore 8, hits 8, errors 4. Batterlee-Haddock and Kinslow, McNabb and Clarke, At Boston-Boston 5, hits 7, errors 3; New York 4, hits 11, errors 8. Batterles-Stivetts and Ganzell, German and Wilson.

At Philadelphia-Philadelphia 20, hits 20, errors 1; Washington 4, hits 7, errors 1. Batterles-Karal and Clements, Graffe and Farrell.

Batteries L. St. Louis, July 21.—Eleven innings, St. Louis 10, hits 17, errors 2; Cincinnati 10, nits 12, errors 3. Batteries—Clarkson, Gleason and Gunson, Chamberlain, Parrott and Jacobs. Harvey.

At Louisville—Louisville 6, hits 12, errors 3;
Cleveland 11, hits 13, errors 1.
Batterles—Stratton and Grim, Young and O'Connor.

At Chicago—Chicago 12, hits 13, errors 3;
Pittsburg 9, hits 10, errors 3.
Batterles—Hutchison and Kittredge, Gumbert, Colcolough and Sugden.

WEATHER FORECAST AND SYNOPSIS.

WEATHER FORECAST AND SYNUPSIS.

Cool weather continues. Not only was it cool in Atlanta yesterday, but in nearly all parts of the state it was one of the coolest days this month. In Atlanta the temperature was only up to 83 degrees yesterday. Only three cities in the whole country reported maximum temperatures of lesser height. Those cities were Knoxville, Buffalo and Chicago, in each of which the highest temperature for the day was 80 degrees, but three degrees cooler than in Atlanta. In most of the western states warm weather prevailed yesterday. In South Dakota, it continues very warm. Rapid City and Huron both reported a temperature of 94 degrees. Except in Georgia temperatures were seasonably warm as a rule in all the states east of the Mississippi river.

PAST WHEELMEN.

Next Week's Meeting Will Bring To- Sunday Excursion Rates to Resorts on gether Many Flyers.

SEVERAL HANDSOME PRIZES OFFERED.

Two Fine Bicycles on the List to Be Competed for-Cheap Rates Given by the Railroads,

The meet of the Capital Cycle Club at Piedmont park on next Wednesday, the 26th instant, promises to be the best ever held in the south.

The "events" are to be sufficiently nu

merous and sufficiently varied to afford the keenest interest from beginning to end. There are to be all sorts of races, and all of them attractive, as the following list will show:

1.—One mile novice race.
2.—Quarter mile open, first heat.
3.—One mile open,
4.—Half mile boys' race.
5.—Quarter mile open, second heat. -Quarter mile open,
-Two mile handicap.
-Half mile open.
-One mile handicap.

9.—Quarter mile open, last heat, 10.—One mile boys handleap. 11.—Ten mile handleap. Already a large number of racers have entered for each event, and there will be no lack of earnest competition for the prize in every race run. That there will be expert, swift and enduring riders from this city goes without saying, and they will go in to win. But they will meet on the track the fleetest riders that have ever yet come here to compete against Atlanta's wheelmen. Savannah will send up some of her famous flyers, and Augusta, Macon, Columbus, LaGrange, West Point and Newnan, besides other cities will be rep-resented by rapid riders in the races of the club meet. The Atlanta boys are working hard, training daily, and they will

There are quite a number of excellent riders in the city. Chalfant, Rolle, Johnson, Hook, Bolles, Foote, Nichols, Howard, Byrd, Durant and Cooney can all make very fast time, and, as the track will be put into first-class condition, some very fast speed is to be looked for.

new track records for the southern wheel-

Among the promised riders from the outside are Baird, the famous Charleston sprinter, who won the Irish championship last year; Connerat, of Savannah, who wins races wherever he rides; Lee, of Augusta, and Lee, of Covington, who are among the fastest riders of the south; Weibens, who walked off with the Fairburn road race prize last fall, and Latimer, of Marietta, who has just done the twenty rough miles between this city and Marietta in one hour and fifteen minutes-extraordi-

The prizes offered at the meet will be the The prizes offered at the meet will be the handsomest ever competed for in a race meet of this kind in the south. The Lowry Hardware Company has given an Eagle Altair, with aluminum rim, worth \$160, for a prize. The Rolle-Weigle Company has offered an Arrow roadstef, a high grade wheel, which will be the prize in the ten-mile handicap race, to be awarded to the rider making the best time. The John P. Lovell Arms Company offer a shotgun worth \$55 for a prize in one of the principal races. Besides these there will be many more equally handsome and valuable prizes which will be announced before the races come off, the whole value fore the races come off, the whole value of the prizes running up into the hundreds of dollars.

of dollars.

The list of prizes donated to date is as follows:

Eagle Altair racer, valued at \$160, donated by Eagle Bicycle Manufacturing Company, through the Lowry Hardware

Company, through the Lowry Hardware Company.

Arrow Light roadster, valued at \$150, donated by Rolle-Weigle Company.

A \$50 gold medal, donated by Mr. E. P. Chalfant:

"Champion" shotgun, valued at \$55. donated by John P. Lovell Arms Company, through the Lowry Hardware Company

pany, pany, pany, pany, pany, split-second time watch, valued at \$25, donated by E. W. Blue, the jeweler.
Handsome easy chair, donated by Chamberlin, Johnson & Co.
Silver shaving set, value \$25, donated by the Henderson Jewelry Company.
Alumaphote bicycle lantern, value \$7,

the Henderson Jeweiry Company.

Alumaphote bicycle lantern, value \$7, donated by the Nunnally Company.

Hilliard cyclometer, valued at \$8.50, donated by the Southern Bicycle Company.

Handsome white sweater, value \$10, by A. O. M. Gay, the gents' furnisher.

Stiff hat, valued at \$5, donated by Law Bros., the furnishers at 10 Whitehall street. Six months repair work free, donated by Mr. Gus Castle.

The railroads will grant one fare rates from all points to and from Atlanta for that day, and there will be a tremendous crowd to witness the races. There is no doubt that the races, if the weather is good, will be the most exciting and interesting ever run on a southern track.

The Piedmont park owners have been very kind and courteous in their treatment of the bicycle club, and the boys appreciate it very much.

it very much.

For sick, nervous and neuralgic headache use
The sure cure—Bromo-Seltzer.

The Only.

The only. The only. The only through Pullman buffet sleeping car line between Atlanta and Memphis is the Georgia Pacific via Birmingham. Leave Atlanta at 4:10 p. m. daily: arrive at Memphis at 7:25 a. m. Direct route to Kansas City. Texas and Arkansas and the west. 6t

Through Train Service Via E. T., Va. and Ga. and Q. and C. Routes.

The Cincinnati limited leaves Atlanta via the East Tennessee, Virginia and Jeorgia daily at 6:35 o'clock a. m.; arrives at Cincinnati at 10:40 o'clock p. m. and Chicago at 7:35 o'clock a. m., through train to Cincinnati, with through sleepers to Chicago.

only line running through sleeper between Georgia and Chicago via Cincin-For Rent.

Several nice rooms on second floor of Constitution building. Can be made into a suite of offices or changed to suit desirable tenant. Apply at Constitution business office.

\$5.00 TICKETS.

Atlanta to Tybee island and return every Saturday, good to return following Tuesday via Central railroad of Georgia. june 3-3m fri sat

WORLD'S FAIR EXCURSION

Wia the Gilt-Edge Vestibule Flyer.

We are organizing parties of ten or more for Chicago Mondays, Thursdays and Saturdays at reduced rates, allowing parties to go via Cincinnati and return via Louisville or the reverse. Stopovers allowed at Cincinnati, Indianapolis, Louisville and Chattanooga. Everything first-class. Sleepers through if desired.

Call at 42 Wall street and book your name for date you want to go. Hotel accommodations arranged in advance. Hates \$1 per day and upwards. Elegant rooms for 65 cents per day and upwards. Have reliable railway agents to chaperon parties en routs.

R. A. WILLIAMS,

Pass. and Ticket Agent, E. T., V. and G.,
No. 42 Wall street, opposite Union depot. Via the Gilt-Edge Vestibule Flyer.

THE CONSTITUTION: ATLANTA, GA. SATURDAY, JULY 22, 1893

the Georgia Pacific and

Every Sunday.

ame day: ROUND TRIP TO Chattahoochee \$ 30 Peachtree Goodwin Chamblee

NEW COAL YARD.

tative was down taking a look at the site of the proposed Alabama street bridge and extension, he came across a new instance of Atlanta push and enterprise in the shape of a thoroughly equipped coal yard where, a year ago, there was nothing but an unsightly ravine, from ten to twenty-five feet deep. A part of that old eyesore, known as the "Triangle," between the Central and Western and Atlantic railroads and the old Monroe tracks. Messrs. Plane & Fiell, a coal firm, composed of two of Atlanta's live young men, seeing the advantage of that location, have secured a lease from the Central railroad, and at great cost filled a space of 300x150 feet, erected the best trestle and bins for unloading and storing coal in the city, besides neat and commodious office, stables, etc. Struck by the change from a garbage dumping ground to a busy coal yard, our representative stepped over for a chat with the proprietors. In conversation Mr. W. F. Plane said: "In my judgment we have the best coal yard in this section; right in the heart of town; convenient for draying in any direction; with room enough to handle all grades of coal without mixing, as you see from the arrangement of our bins; lots of trouble to secure a lease from so many courts and receivers and managers for the Central, but we pegged away and got it, and now we are in shape to serve our friends and patrons in a manner satisfactory to them and to us, and we are very much encouraged at our success so far this season. Our trade is far ahead of what we expected."

"Yes." said Mr. Julian Field, "our business is growing rapidly. We have tried all along to serve our customers faithfully, but over on Magnolia street we were constantly getting behind and sometimes confused, but here we have no thouble, having ample room to keep the old Glen Mary separate from our other leaders—American and Jellico—and space to spare for anthracite and wood. Our lime and cement we handle from the warehouse over the tracks there, Although all lines of business are dull, our prospects for be in excellent trim by the day of the races. They will very probably make some extension, he came across a new instance

These two gentlemen have come rapidly the front and even in the short time they have been in business, have taken a leading place in the wholesale and retail coal trade, and are destined to command the success which their integrity and energy entitles them to.

At Tate Springs.

Tate Springs, Tenn., July 21.—General A. R. Lawton and Mrs. Lawton, of Savannah, arrived here Wednesday, and will remain a month.

Mrs. Cutter left for her home in Atlanta

Mrs. A. M. Hillman, the reigning belle of Montgomery, Ala., is here for a month, and is a general favorite. She is accompanied by Mrs. M. A. Hillman, of Kentocker. Judge Benjamin J. Lea, of the Tennessee supreme bench, and Mrs. Lea, are here for

Judge Benjamin J. Lea, of the Tennessee supreme bench, and Mrs. Lea, are here for the summer.

Jack Spalding, of Atlanta, has been confined to his room for three days past, but is rapidly recovering.

Among the arrivals this week are: Mrs. W. A. Broughton and family, Madison, Ga.; Mr. and Mrs. G. W. McElvin. Mrs. M. Howell, Miss Howell, H. G. Kuhrt, Sigmund Rosenfeld, Atlanta; A. C. Jenkins and wife, J. A. Johnston, Chattanooga; J Sam King, Dr. J. T. Crouch, Rome, Ga.; E. Wolff, Miss Bertha Wolff, Maçon; Mrs. M. M. Tyson, Mr. and Mrs. S. L. Tyson, Miss Norwood, Montgomery; Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Locke, Miss Leewothe, Miss Leoni Lemothe, Miss Lemothe, Miss Leoni Lemothe, Miss Lemothe, Miss Leoni Lemothe, Miss Suffy, New Orleans; Thompson McClung and family, Mrs. C. J. McKinney, Miss Stella Smith, Miss Fulcher, Miss Pearl Saunders, B. R. Strong, J. T. Johnson, William Hawn, E. Leaber, Frank M. Smith, wife and daughter, T. H. Calloway, M. B. Arnstein, Knoxville.

A Flourishing Business College.

We are informed by Professor W. R. Smith, president of the Commercial college, of Kentucky university, Lexington, Ky., that there are students in attendance from twenty states.

twenty states. cago. The Chicago limited leaves Atlanta at 2:10 o'clock p. m., arriving in Cincinnati at 6:25 s. m. and Chicago at 4:30 o'clock p. m., Solid trains from Macon to Cincinnati with Pullman's finest cars attached. The -TO OUR-**CUT PRICES**

Men & Boys' Suits

We are now on the ragged edge of the season, and are reducing our stock as low as possible. We have some broken lots which we are selling very cheap. Look at our stock before buying elsewhere. We still have a good line of Straw

LUMPKIN, GOLE & STEWART, CLOTHIERS AND FURNISHERS.

26 Whitehall Street

JEWELER.

Diamonds, Watches, Clocks, Silver-

ware, Etc., Etc. Reliable goods.

Fair dealings and bottom prices.

EXCUSE THE LIBERTY

55 Whitehall St.

ATLANTA AND CHARLOTTE DIVISION

Tickets on sale as follows, good returning

Flowery Branch. S5
Ganiesville 1 00
New Holland 1 00
Also on Saturday to Lithia Springs, 50
cents round trip, good returning same day.
Special Saturday and Sunday trains for
Lithia Springs and way stations leave
union depot at 8:40 a. m., and return at
5:25 and 8:50 p. m.
A. & C. Division train leaves Atlanta
at 8:50 a. m., returning at 8:50 p. m.
Excellent hotel accommodations. Cool,
delightful resorts.
For tickets, apply to A. Howell, Ticket
Agent, Union depot, or O. E. Sergeant,
Ticket Agent, 10 Kimball House, Atlanta,
Ga.

we take in calling your attention to our sale of Men's, Youths' and Boys' suits. Beginning with Monday, July 17th, we offer our entire stock at a reduction of 25 PER CENT. We mean business. The goods must be sold, and you get the discount on the regular price of our goods. They are all marked in plain figures. Consequently you make your own price. Just take off ONE-FOURTH. That much saved for you. Can you make a better investment? No. Then come and see us. Messrs. Plane & Field Now Located in the Bailroad Triangle. Yesterday, when a Constitution representative was down taking a look at the site of the proposed Alabama street bridge and EISEMAN & WEIL, 3 Whitehall Street.

EXTORTION. EXPERIMENT. FAILURE. WE SATISFY. Yes \ WE PLEASE. WE PLEASE.

What more can you ask than the above. We are ready at all times to give our patients every advantage we can toward curing their cases as quickly as possible, consistent with safe and scientific treatment. We spare no effort or expense in obtaining the latest and best methods of treatment for all diseases of a private nature, catarrh, blood and women's diseases. We have built with a part of the case of the private nature, catarrh, blood and women's diseases. skin and women's diseases. We have built up a reputation in this city by dealing honestly and fairly with every patient and only promising what we can fulfill. It is, therefore to your advantage if affected with any disease that needs the attention of skillful repedialist to call upon us and you can be specialists to call upon us and you can be assured of being cured quickly at a low and moderate fee. Consultations free.



PRIVATE DISEASES FEMALE DISEASES DISEASES

SEXUAL DISEASES; Certain and Rapid Cure.—Loss of Manhood, early decay, unuat-ural discharges, sexual weakness, due to youthful indulgence in evil habits; despondural discharges, sexual Weakness, due to youthful indulgence in evil habits; despondency and melancholy, nervous diseases brought on from frightful drains upon the blood and life currents; palpitation of the heart and mental weakness, so prevalent in those troubles. A new and unexcelled method of treatment in these diseases. Write for Question List No. 1. List of questions on these diseases furnished by which your case can be fully understood.

DISEANES OF WOMEN.—Dr. Hathaway & Co.'s large and varied experience in this field of practice gives them a decided advantage over others. Since locating in Atlanta they have successfully treated many bad cases. These painful and distressing troubles which make the life of a woman most miserable and lay the foundation for a premature death, are brought under a special line of treatment which affords immediate relief and most pleasant and effectual cure. Dr. Hathaway & Co. are most thoroughly furnished with instruments, library and every facility for the most careful and scientific treatment of all cases, no matter how long standing, or how bad they may have proven to be heretofore. Question List No. 2.

STRICTURE.—A new method. No cutting. The only rational method to effect a complete cure.

SKIN DISEASES of all kinds cured where cure.
SKIN DISEASES of all kinds cured where others have failed. Testimonials on file to prove this assertion.
PILES.—Great discovery. A cure guaranteed. No knife, cutting or ligature. Painless treatment.

TREATMENT BY MAIL.

TREATMENT BY MAIL.

The wonderful success of our treatment by mail has enabled us to treat cases just as successfully as if they called at our office, with the exception of surgical cases. Our Question Blanks describe the symptoms of the diseases we treat very carefully. Send for Question Blank No. 1, for men; No. 2 for women No. 3 for skin diseases.

Send 10 cents for 64-page reference book for men and women.

All correspondence answered promptly. Business strictly confidential. Entire treatment sent free from observation to all parts of the country. Address or call on

DR. HATHAWAY & CO., ATLANTA, GA.

Office 22 1.2 S. Broad st., Inman Building,
Rooms 34 and 35. Hours: 9 to 12, 2 to 6,
to 9. Sundays, 10 to 1 enly. Take elevator.

IS FROM

THE INK USED ON THIS PAPER

THE STANDARD PRINTING INK CO NO. 108 CANAL STREET,

CINCINNATI, OHIO.

NOTICE.

Office of the Amazon Fire Insurance Company, Cincionati, O., June 21, 1893.—This is to notify the public that the Amazon Fire Insurance Company, of Cincinuati, O., has withdrawn from business in the state of Georgia. Said company has canceled all policies issued by if in the state of Georgia, and has satisfied and paid all losses and all claims of its policy holders in the state of Georgia, and on the twenty-first day of August, 1893, will make application to Hon. Wm. A. Wright, comptroller general and insurance commissioner of the state of Georgia, for leave to withdraw from the state ressury the \$25,000 of bonds of the Amazon Insurance Company now on deposit with him.

GAZZAM GANO, President,

F. J. STILSON, The Alaska Refrigerator

Is No Doubtful Experiment,

It has stood the test of years and be comes more popular every season. Thousands now in daily use prove the truth of our glaims, that the "ALASKA" is the best refrigerator in the world.

They are perfect in principle and construction.

Economical in the use of Ice. Satisfactory in all Results.

The air in the provision chamber is

ALWAYS COLD. Absolutely Pure and "Dry

as a Bone." "ALASKAS" are stronger and more

durable than other makes.

They "will not fall to pieces" after the first season's use.

There are more "Alaskas" in Georgia today than all other refrigerators combined and every single one pleases the owner.

This is the record! Come and see! DOBBS, WEY & CO.

Sole Agents, - - - 61 Peachtree St. SUMMER RESORTS.

SWEETWATER PARK HOTEL Lithia Springs, Ga.

20 Miles West of Atlanta; 12 Trains Daily by Ga. Pacific and E. T., V. & G. R. R. direct to Hotel. We are better prepared to accommodate our thousands of friends and patrons than ever before. Every convenience. Elegant modern bath house, in which the famous Bromide-Lithia Waters are exclusively used. Competent Physicians. High standard of table and accommodations maintained. Mineral waters served fresh from springs. Oceans of lowers. Lovely lawns. Broad, cool verandas. Postal brings full information. Bowden Lithis Water for sale everywhere. E. W. MARSH & CO., Proprietors.

FAUQUAIR White Sulphur Springs, Va

(Late of Everett Hotel, Jacksonville, Fla.) A modern brick hotel—Gas, Electric Bells Bowling Alley, Tennis and first-class livery Hot and cold sulphur baths. For rates, etc. address as above. my27 3m sat tues

The Hotel Tybee On the famous Tybee Beach, having beer under its new management thoroughly renovated and improved, is now

OPEN FOR THE SEASON. The cuisine will be first-class, an unlimited supply of fish, shrimps and crabs being a special feature.

Excellent opportanity for fishing, boating and surf bathing.

Cobb's well-known orchestra has been engaged for the season.

Rates—Day, \$2.50 and \$3; week, \$12.50 and \$15; breakfast or supper, 50c.; dinner, 75c.

Reduced rates with round trip ticket given coupon for week's board, on application to agent. Central railroad.

BOHAN, COWAN & DERBY, july4 im

LONG BRANCH WEST END HOTEL COTTAGE AND RESTAURANT
OPEN JUNE 15TH.
HOTEL OPENS JUNE 24TH.
D. M. & W. E. HILDRETH,
New York Office, Metropolitan Hotel.
may 28 8t sat

'All Sorts of Statements."

-A Book by-Carlton Hillver. For Sale at the Book Stores. Price 50 Cents.

Commissioner's Sale.

WILL be sold, by the undersigned, as commissioners appointed by the court, on the premises at Empire, in the county of Dodge, state of Georgia, on Tuesday, the fifth 6th) day of September, eighteen hundred and ninety-three (1893), to the highest bidder, all the property, both real and personal, of the Empire Lamber Co., in the state of Georgia, consisting of parts of lots of land numbers two hundred and eighty-four (284) and two hundred and eighty-four (285), and all of lot number two hundred and fifty-seven (257), said lands siftuate, lying and being in the Nineteenth (19) district of the said county of Dodge, containing three hundred and ninety-four (394), more or less, and upon which is located the sow mill and planing mill plant hereinafter described, together with all improvements thereon, to-wit. Twenty (20) good dwelling houses, one (1) hotel and a great number of shanties and mill sheds, a storehouse and office building—about seventy (70) buildings altogether.

Two steam circular sawmills complete, under one (1) shed, fully equipped, with all pulleys, shaking, beiting, etc. necessary for operation; two (2) shingle machines, one (1) lath machine, slab conveyor, pumps, piping, tanks and hose attachment for fire protection, in good running order and with a capacity of one hundred and fifty thousand (150,000) shingles and thirty thousand (30,000) laths per day.

One (1) planing mill, consisting of five planers, two ripsaws, one (1) Allington & Curris separator, seven (7) Sturtevant dry kins, with a capacity of one hundred and fifty thousand separator, seven (7) Sturtevant dry kins, with a capacity of one hundred thousand (100,000) feet of lumber per day.

The steam and planing mills are separated by separate motive powers, but are in close and convenient proximity.

One (1) machine shop, consisting of planer, drill, press, lath and bolt and nut cutter, made by Niles Tool Co., and operated by a twelve (12) inch Erie enigne, as also, all usual and necessary hand tools.

Fire (5) log carts with harness and rig

Five (5) log carts with harness and rigging.

A lot of old plping and scrap iron.

One million (1.000,000) feet, more or less, of lumber on yard, at mills, consisting of dry sideboards, framing and dressed stuff.

Three hundred thousand (3.000,000) shingles one half each numbers one (1) and two (2).

Stock of goods, wares and merchandise in the commissary.

One (1) iron safe, two (2) desks and other office furniture.

Lots of land numbers one hundred and seventy-one (171), and one hundred and thirty-one (131) in the Nineteenth (19th) district of Dodge county.

Also, lot of land number seventy-four (74), in the Seventeenth (17th) district of Laurens county.

Terms of sale—one half cash, and balance Also, for or laim in the Seventeenth (17th) district of Laurens county.

Terms of sale—one half cash, and balance in six (6) months, the purchaser to give note for balance, and take property with title reserved, and to hold property at his risk, if it should be destroyed in any way or manner; the property to be offered in parcels and then as an entirety, the bids to be reported to and the sales confirmed by the court.

The sale is to continue from day to day until all the property is disposed of, and is had under and by virtue of a decree of the superior court of the county of Dodge, rendered at the March adjourned term, 1803, of said court, in the case of M. C. & J. F. Kleer & Co., et al., against the Empire Lumber Co., et.al.

The minimum bid to be received for the entire property is fifty-seven thousand (57, cool.00) dolars. This 6th day of July, 1803.

JOHN W. HIGHTOWER,

J. E. WOOTEN,

R. A. KMITH.

Commissioners.

NEEDN'T

We have what you need in thin Coats, Negligee Shirts and Straw Hats. A little money goes a long way. Our Special Sale of \$10 Suits has been made more attractive by the addition of other lines. If you want clothes you can't afford to pass us.

GEORGE MUSE CLOTHING CO 38 Whitehall St.

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Knows No Law.

WE MUST AND WILL Sell at Great Sacrifice.



Pocketbooks, Collar and Cuff Boxes, a full line of Toilet Cases and Touris

Lieberman & Kauf ATLANTA TRUNK FACTORY,

92-94 Whitehall St.

IT IS APPETIZING. No breakfast is complete without a cupour faillous Rijamo coffee. The Rijamo growing in popularity every day, it is a continuous coffee, so blended as to give the results, both in strength and favor. Use poor coffee, weak coffee, mixed cowhen you can always get our Rijamo? four years it has possessed the same quality, rich color and fine flavor that characterizes it. We keep it only in the fresh parched, but grind it when deal fresh parched or rolls. You want rolls pure, light and as white snow? You can always have them by u our Regal patent flour. The Regal posse all the nutritious qualities of the wheat.

Who Said Money is Tight?

Not sail If you need any money call of the New York loan office, who will lend you money for any length of time at a low rate of interest. All transactions strictly condential.

Proprietor, 146 Decatur Stress.

june 29-2m

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ATLANTA AND WEST POINT RAIL the most direct line and best route to he New Orleans. Texas and the Southwest. The soliowing schedule in effect July 2

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Of All Styles and Quality,

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b & b" marietta st. at forsyth st. bridge.

> "canadian club," "four ace whisky," "schlitz beer."

Everyone wants to be public ted, especially when by so doing y can derive a benefit them-You can further your insts in two ways by buying of First, you can get better goods less money. Second, you enince directly the manufacturing rests of the city, and indirectly r own by helping to sustain a e industry. We ask no special vors or consideration on this acint, but do ask an equal chance ith others. May Mantel Co., 115, 117, 119 W. Mitchell St.

AND TIME LOCKS.

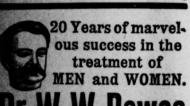
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LIEBIG COMPANY'S

EXTRACT OF BEEF

strengthen Soups and Sauces of all kinds is to add a little of this fa-



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VARICOCELE and Hydrocele permanentrecord in every case.

NERVOUS debility, seminal losses, depondency, effects of bad habits.

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Blood and Skin diseases, Syphilis and its effects,
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TANDARD VAGON CO.,

round the postoffice.

UST NOW to

DLLES e Stationer,

Hammocks, Croquet

all out-door games. of town orders mily attended to.

Stockholders of the Defunct Company Take Out Warrants.

HE IS STILL MISSING FROM THE CITY.

His Father-in-Law Talks-He Says Mur phy Was Risky-The Stockholders Are Very Angry.

After waiting six days for Manager Nick Murphy to come back and explain to them how the Atlanta Provision Company lost over \$60,000 in six months under his management, the stockholders of the company yesterday determined to have the law King the missing manager back, when they well

demand a thorough explanation from him. In addition to the warrant sworn out on Wednesday for Murphy's arrest by Broker Isaac W. Carr, there are two criminal warrants in the hands of the city detectives against him. These warrants were out yesterday morning by Mr. J. A. Farmer, one of the stockholders of the defunct company. One of the warrants is for cheating and swindling; the other for larceny after trust. The local detectives were straining their eyes yesterday after oon and last night to catch a glimpse of Murphy.

He was described to the officers as a fine looking man, large in size with blonde mustache and hair. The latter is parted in the middle. Murphy is generally regard-

in the middle. Murphy is generally regarded as handsome and is a lady killer.

It was believed at police headquarters last night that Murphy had been captured, but no definite news to that effect had been received. About 1 o'clock yesterday afternoon Acting Chief of Police Wright received a telegram from the chief of police of Annistou, Ala., asking if there was a reward for Murphy and leading the officers to believe from its general tone that the missing manager was in that city.

Acting Chief Wright immediately replied to the telegram stating that Murphy was badly wanted here, but there was no reward as yet. More credence was given to the report that Murphy was in Anniston when it became known that he is well known there. Captain Wright received no further communication from the Anniston officials. He believes Murphy is still in the city, and is simply waiting to see what turn affairs will take before coming forward. Murphy was seen on Piedmont avenue late Wednesday afternoon by Sergeant Jennings. Officer Carlisle also saw Murphy that afternoon and talked with him. It was not until that night that the police were asked to arrest him.

was not until that night that the police were asked to arrest him.

Mr. C. M. Morris, of Edgewood, Murphy's father-in-law, says he has no knowledge of Murphy's whereabouts, but does not believe that he has skipped. He saw Murphy last on Tuesday afternoon.

"Murphy would not tell me about the troubles of his company," said he. "For some reason he kept it secret from me. My brother knew nothing of the bad condition of affairs and is loser to the extent of over \$15,000. I am unable to say yet whether I will lose anything or not. I loaned Murphy the money to buy a big block of stock, and I have not yet been able to find out what the chances are of my getting it back again.

"I have always considered Murphy a good business man. He was with me for several years and did well, his greatest fault being that he was too risky. I kink he bought goods on a declining market and lost heavily."

The two warrants for Murphy were sworn out vesterday morning by Mr. Farmer

lost heavily."

The two warrants for Murphy were sworn out yesterday morning by Mr. Farmer after he had talked with Attorney Joe James. It is supposed that the developments made during the investigation Mr. James has been making since Saturday are such as to warrant him in advising a criminal prosecution of Murphy. Since Tuesday it has been openly talked by the stockholders that Murphy had disposed of the company's funds in other ways than through actual business losses, and every one of the stockholders who lot by the failure has been indignant.

the stockholders who lot by the failure has been indignant.

Some of them believe that Murphy speculated with the company's money. Very few, if any of them, believe that he has any of it. Murphy is known to be a very ambitious young business man and many believe that he speculated.

Murphy's career in Atlanta has been a creditable one. He worked himself from the position of a penniless clerk to an

the position of a penniless clerk to an enviable position in the business world. Before his firm went under he stood among the leading business men of Alabama street. He had considerable property which he has accumulated in the last few years. For years he was a member of the wholesale grocery firm of Morris & Murphy, and leaving that he became a partner in the firm of E. S. Morris & Co., merchandise brokers. He always did a fine business.

Did Not Have Nock in It.

Did Not Have Stock in It. Editor Constitution: I notice my name published in your paper of this date, as one of the stockholders in the Atlanta Provision Company, desire to say that I have no stock in said company, and if my name has been used it has been without my authority or consent. Respectfully.

W. A. M'CURRY.

The people quickly recognize merit, and this is the reason the sales of Hood's Sarsaparilla are continually increasing. Try it.

Angostura Bitters are the best remedy for removing indigestion. Ask your druggist for the genuine, prepared by Dr. J. G. Siegert & Sons.

Cheapest Rates to Chicago

For parties of ten, or more, traveling together on solid ticket, the Western and Atlantic railroad will sell them tickets Atlanta to Chicago for \$15.41, first-class, or \$15.16 second class. Thus, on second class ticket, saving each passenger \$5.24. For further information call on C. B. Walker, ticket agent, union depot, or R. D. Mann, ticket agent, No. 4 Kimball house. july20-1m

The East Teunessee's Harvest Excursion Will leave Atlanta and all southern points on August 2d and 3d. Tickets at half rates, good to return within thirty days and are good to return within thirty days and are good to stop at all points west of the Mississippi river. Double daily train service. Through coaches will be run without change via Chattanooga and Memphis.

Free maps and pamphlets of all western states and territories upon application to any ticket agent of the East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia railroad. Call on or write to E. E. Kirby, city ticket agent, corner Kimball house; R. A. Williams, passenger and ticket agent, 42 Wall street; R. H. Tate, traveling passenger agent, or A. M. Anderson, city passenger agent, corner Kimball house.

All letters of Inquiry will receive prompt replies.

july19 1 w

Berlitz School of Languages, 17 East.Cain Street.

Special classes will be formed for stu-dents desiring to study French, German or Spanish. For particulars or information call on or address Professor Edward Well-hoff, Director.

The Western and Atlantic railroad and Nashville, Chattanooga and St. Louis railway will sell round trip tickets to Arkansas and Texas for one fare for the round trip, or half regular rates.

These tickets are to be sold August 2d and 3d, good to return within thirty days. Stop-overs will be granted west of the Mississippi river.

For maps, circulars and other information write to J. W. Hiske, T. P.

sissippi river.
For maps, circulars and other information write to J. W. Hicks, T. P. A., J. L. Edmondson, T. P. A., J. H. Latimer, G. T. P., Atlanta, Ga.

Many Persons are broken on from overwork or household cares. Grown's Iron Bitters Rebuilds the

Several Have Been Received at the Library and Are Ready for Circulation. Several new books have been received at the library and are now ready to be issued to the members.
They include all of the latest publications and are bound in durable and attractive cov.

These will be followed by another lot which

These will be followed by another lot which will be purchased in a few days. The proceeds of the entertainment which was given last Tuesday will be applied to this purpose, and the sum or a hundred dollars will be invested in the popular works of the day. The following is a list of the new books received at the library:

"The Tower of Taduco," Ouida; "A Mute Confessor," will darbin: "Art out of Doors," Yan Renselaer; "Under the Evening Lamp," Stoddard; "Eritish Eloquence," Goodrich; "Essays in Miniature," Agnes Rippiler; "System of Christian Ethics," Dorner; "Sultan to Sultan," M. French Sheldon; "The Head of the Firm," Riddell; "Social Struggles," Boycsen; "Tiny Lattrell," Hornung; "In the Suntine of Her Youth," Whitby; "Katuarine North," Pool; "The Snare of the Fowler," Mrs. Alexander: "Cathedral Courtship," Kate Doughas Wiggin; "Saily Dows and Other Stories," Bret Harte; "In the Heart of the Storm," "The Reproach of Annesley," Maxwell Gray; "Donald Mercey," Phelps; "A Splendid Coush," Mrs. Dean; "The Shadow of a Dream," Howells; "Oriole's Insulater," Fothergill; "The Last Sentence," Maxwell Gray; "Tales Before Supper," Gautier; "A Primer of American Literature," Richardson; "Dr. Latimer," Clara Louise Burnham; "Recollections of Middle Life," Francisque Sarcey; "History of Greece," Timayenis; "The Simple Adventures of a Memsahib," Sara Jeannette Duncan.

DOWN THEY COME.

A Reduction of \$5 on the Trip to Chicago Commencing Sunday.

Commencing Sunday.

Colonel Charley Atmore, general passenger agent of the Louisville and Nashville, announces a cut in prices from Atlanta to-Chicago for Sunday and hereafter. He wired Captain Fred Bush, his district passenger agent here, yesterday that beginning Sunday rates would be reduced \$5. That is the reduction between the Ohlo river gateways and Chicago. So instead of \$31.40 for the round trip from Atlanta it will be on and after Sunday not more than \$25.40. These tickets will be good going and returning the same route only for fifteen days, but will be good by way of Louisville, Evansville or Cheinnati. Stop-over privileges allowed on the full rate tickets will not be granted on these reduced rate tickets. Travel to the fair was light from Atlanta yesterday. The public evidently was expecting a reduction in a few days and while the travel was brisk the early days of the week it dropped off perceptibly yesterday.

it dropped off perceptibly vesterday.

OWIFT'S SPECIFIC.

TRADE SSS: MARK.

"For eighteen months I had an eating sore on my tongue. I was treated by best local physicians, but obtaine i no relief; the sore gradually grew worse. I finally took A. S. H., and was entirely cured after using a few bottles."

C. B. McLexong, Henderson, Tex.



\$5.00 TICKETS.

Atlanta to Tybee island and return every Saturday, good to return following Tues-day via Central railroad of Georgia.

HOTELS. THE NEW

june 3-3m fri sat

Hotel Regent, Clinton Ave. near Greene

Brooklyn, N. Y. Opened July 15th.

The Regent is one of the most perfectly appointed hotels in America and contains every known improvement.

It fronts on the most beautiful avenue in Brooklyn, and affords an unsurpassed view of the two great cities, the harbor and rivers. The Brooklyn bridge can be reached in ten minutes, and the New York City hall in six more. The Long Island and Manhattan Beach railroad depots are within a few minutes' walk.

Rooms or apartments can be engaged in advance, and carriages will meet guests at any of the depots upon due application. Address,

HOTEL REGENT, Brooklyn, N. Y.

Edgewood Ave Theatre TONIGHT

MASCOTTE.

Popular prices, 15c., 25c., 35c., 50c. No.

W. D. BEATIE Can furnish you anything in the line Nursery stock grown right here at the

ATLANTA NURSERIES Fruit and Shade Trees and plants, Roses, Bulbs, etc., cheaper and better than anybody else. Call on him at No. 508 Equitable building.

ABSTRACT.

Reliable abstracts of titles to lands in Fulton, DeKalb and adjoining counties furnished at short notice by the Interstate Abstract Company, room S11 Equitable building.

J. H. JOHNSON,
Business Manager.

apr15-6m sat tues thur

NOTICE OF INTRODUCTION OF ORDI-NANCE FOR CONSTRUCTION OF SEWER— Notee is hereby given that at the meeting of the mayor and general council of the city of Atlanta, held on the 17th day of July, 1803, an ordinance was introduced and read, pro-viding for the construction of a sewer from Magnolia street through private property of E. R. Graves, John Harris, Witey Jones, Alexander Hawks, Lucy Dillard, Mrs. S. G. Ladd, Richard Nall (or J. H. Lowe) Ben Wright, George Wright, Sarah Johnson, to Foundry street. NOTICE OF INTRODUCTION OF ORDI

Wright, George Wright, Sarah Johnson, to Foundry street.

The general character, material and size of said sewer are as follows: From Magnolid street to Foundry street, four feet, four inches by six feet, eight inches, of egg-shape and to be built of brick and stone.

Said sewer is to be built at an estimated cost of thirty-seven hundred dollars.

Said sewer is to be built in accordance with the act amending the charter of said city, assessing 90 cents per lineal foot upon the property and estates respectively aburting on said sewer, on each side of said sewer. Said ordinance will come up for second reading and will be acted on at the next regular meeting to be held by the council which will be on August 7, 188%.

PARK WODWARD, City Clerk. july 20-12t. WEAK-MAN Gure Yoursen
WHAT SHEE to any man the prescription of a
new and positive remedy to enlarge annil weak
crans, and sure cure for all weakness in young or
old men. Ones cases of Lout Hannood, Emilsdions and Varioccole in 16 days; disease never



N. K. FAIRBANK & CO.,

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Derma-Royale is pure, mild and so harmless that a whole bottle may be drank without the least serious effect. LOYELY FAGES. WHITE HANDS. Nothing will CURE, CLEAR and WHITEN



DERMA-ROYALE The new discovery for curing cutaneous affections, removing discolorations from the cutiele and bleaching and brightening the complexion.

THREE NEVER WAS ANTHING LIKE IT.

It is as harmless as dew and so simple a child can use it. It is highly recommended by Physicians and its sure results warrant us in offering.

\$500 REWARD.—To assure the public of its prive Hundred Dollars cash, for any case of exems, pimples, blotches, moth-patches, brown spots, liver spots, blackheads, ugly or muddy skin, unnatural reduces, freckles, tan or any other cutaneous discolorations or blemisters (excenting high-marks.

DOLLAR BOTTLE FOR NOTHING

Ladies' **Can Oxfords**

Worth \$1.25 to Close Out at 50c.

Ladies' Red Oxfords

Regular Price \$1.50, to Close Out 50c.

Ladies' Finest Oxfords Worth \$3, \$4 and \$5, to Close Out \$2 and \$2.50

Ladies' \$2 Oxfords Now \$1.25.

Ladies' \$1 Oxfords Now 50c.

No such Fine Shoes ever offer at such price in America. H. A. SNELLING,



Cheapest Shoe House on Earth. 82 Whitehall Street.

WATCH OUR WINDOW MONDAY.

MAIER & BERKELE

JEWELERS,

31 Whitehall Street.

ATLANTA ELEVATOR CO.,
OFFICE AND WORKS,
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ATLANTA, GA.,

FOR SALE.



1 new 16"x6" Bed (F. E. Reed) Engine Lathe.
1 new 10"x4' Bed (F. E. Reed) Engine Lathe.
1 new 10"x4' Bed (F. E. Reed) Foot Power Lathe.
1 new 13"x5" Bed (Barnes) Foot Power Lathe.
1 new 13"x5" Bed (Barnes) Foot Power Lathe.
20 Power Drill Presses, assorted size s, from 20" to 34" with hand feed and back geared and power feed.
A full line of (Barnes) Foot-Power, Wood-Working Machin ry, such as Lathes, Scroll Saws, Mortising and Tennoning Machines, Formers, Circular, Rip and Cross-Cut Machines, Etc.
1 8" Hand Jointer (Herbert Baker's).
1 2 Spindle Wood-Working Shaper (Rowley and Hermance).
1 36" Re-Saw, Iron Table.
1 36" Re-Saw, second hand.
A lot of second-hand Wood Split Pulleys, Hangers, Boxes, Belting, Etc.
1 2 H. P. Vertical Engine (Willard's).

Ne have also a large stock of Wrought Iron Pipe, Fittings and Brass Goods, Belt-Packing, Hose and general supplies, which we offer at low prices.

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THE BROWN & KING SUPPLY CO.,

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SPLINT COAL Per Ton for July Delivery.

STANDARD GOODS. FULL WEIGHT. A. H. BENNING, Wholesale and Retail Dealer. Telephone 356. Cor. Simpson St. and Georgia Pacific R. R.

1,000 BEAUTIFUL CHAMBER, PARLOR AND DINING ROOM SUITS, LEATHER COUCHES, EASY CHAIRS, BOOK CASES, HATRACKS, FOLD-ING BEDS, SIDEBOARDS, TABLES, LEATHER CHAIRS, CHINA CLOSETS, OFFICE AND LIBRARY DESKS, FANCY ROCKERS, WHITE AND GOLD

THE BEST \$25, \$35. \$50 PARLOR SUITS IN AMERICA.

THE FINEST STOCK OF GRAND RAPIDS FURNITURE IN THE SOUTH. \$35 CHEVAL SUITS CUT TO \$18, \$25 OAK SUITS ONLY \$15, 300 LAWN SET-TEES ONLY \$1.25. THE BEST \$100, \$150 AND \$200 PARLOR SUITS ON

SEE THESE BARGAINS NEXT WEEK.

P. H. SNOOK & SON Through Schedules and Sleepers to Chicago

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VIA EVANSVILLE.		
建设设施设施设施设计等的企业设施设施设施 。	No. 96	No. 4
Leave Atlanta, W. & A. R. R. Leave Chattanooga, N. C. & St. L. R. R. Leave Nashville, L. & N. R. R. Leave Evansville, E. & T. H. R. R. Leave Terre Haute, C. & E. I. E. R. Arrive Chicago, C. & E. I. R. R.	10 00 a. m. 2 42 p. m. 7 45 p. m. 12 45 a. m. 4 00 a. m. 8 58 a. m.	8 20 p. m 1 07 a. m 7 00 a. m 1 05 p. m 4 25 p. m 9 40 p. m
· VIA LOUISVILLE.		
	No. 92	No. 4
Leave Aflanta, W. & A. R. R. Leave Chattanooga, N. C. & St. L. R. R. Leave Nashmile, L. & N. R. R. Leave Louisville, L. & N. R. R. Arrive Chicago, Penn. Lines.	2 15 p. m. 7 15 p. m. 12 30 a. m. 7 90 a. m. 5 45 p. m. 5 20 p. m.	8 20 p. m. 1 07 a. m. 6 50 a. m. 1 00 p. m. 9 35 p. m.

Train No. 96 is Velvet Vestibule from end to end, consisting of Pullman's finest conches, sleeping and baggage car and runs solid from Atlanta to Chicago, through without change is Evansville. sleeping and baggage car and rous solid from Atjanta to Chicago, through without change via Evansville.

Train No. 92 runs solid Atjanta to Louisville, and carries Pulman sleeping car Savannah to Chicago through without change, via Monon Route. This train connects in unloa depot, Louisville, with solid trains Louisville to Chicago without change, via both Monon Route and great Pennsylvania lines, carrying Pulman Parlor Cars Louisville to Chicago.

Train No. 4. leaving Atlanta at 8:20 p. m., carries Pulman Buffet Sleeping cars Atlanta to Chicago through without change, via Louisville and Pennsylvania lines.

Direct connection made at Atlanta and all points in the south and southwest. Quicket time by about three hours. Safest and best route.

C. E. Harman, G. P. A.

Jos. M. Brown, T. M.

20 P

VOL. X

Biggel

Buyers Stock; o from for lar is wo

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5.000 vard 5,000 yards 1,000 fine market, Monda 100 dozen cial at 15c a pa 2,000 yards Big lot fine now to go at 15

5,000 Gents as any 25c Coll One lot La Auction lot from 20c to 35c 200 Ladies now to 121/c a 500 Gents'

we sell now at o 3,000 yards 35c and 40c a y Another lo worth \$2.50, no 3,000 yards 121/2c a yard; M

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Just no traveling, a at our popu Special 50c for 19c.

Special Monday on Sale of Art Den

Sale of

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Infants' The mo mitted at v part about *****

Monday you bu One lot of just one-half pri 200 dozen trade for 50c ea Closing ou One lot La 200 dozen

A few mor 90 Serge E One lot La \$2.19 a suit. One lot La stylish; price M

ver saw for 50

Big lot La 500 pairs l t 49c each.

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Ladies' lig